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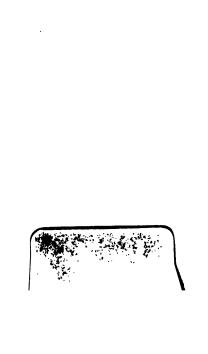
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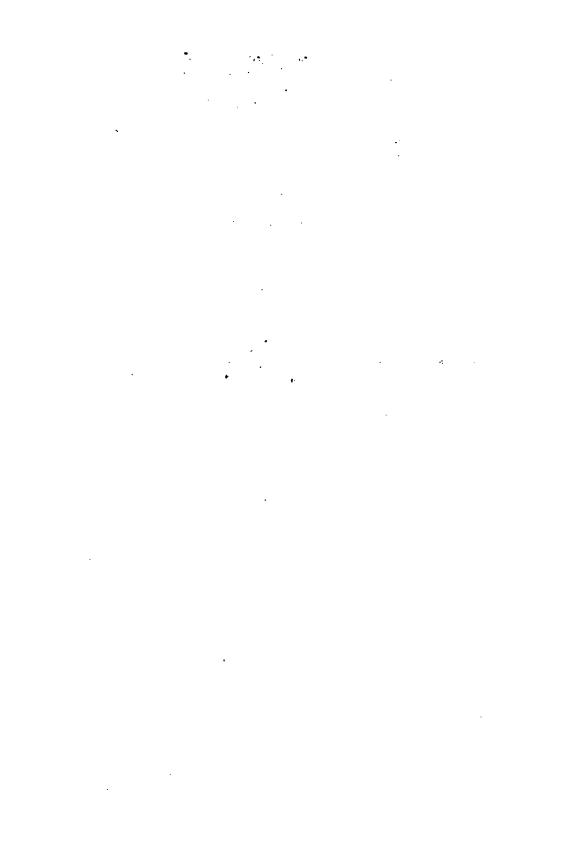


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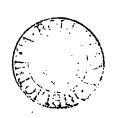
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PROCESS AND EMPIRE

OF

CHRIST;

FROM HIS BIRTH

TO THE

END OF THE MEDIATORIAL KINGDOM;

A POEM,

IN TWELVE BOOKS.

BY
ELHANAN WINCHESTER.



PRINTED FOR THE AUTHOR BY T. GILLET,

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Lombard-Street; Mr. Bruce, City Road; Acutts and Keeble, No. 25, Shoreditch; and may be had of the Author, No. 5, Winkworth's Buildings,
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1793.

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TO THE READER.

THROUGH the good hand of God upon me I have at length compleated this poem, which I beg leave to prefent to you. I first began to plan it out and write it on the 26th of February 1787, the day after I had preached a sermon from Zech. xiv. 9. I found my heart so warmed with the glorious subject, the kingdom of Christ, on which I had been preaching, that I found an inclination to write upon it; and I immediately took up my pen, and wrote the plan of this poem as it now stands. I had finished three books, and written a considerable part of the fourth, when we came to England September 21, 1787.

About the beginning of the year 1788, I read the four first books to a few friends in the Chapel, Chapel-court, Borough, and I return my fineere and hearty thanks to those who attended the reading, for the support and encouragement which they gave me on that occasion. About this time I planned out my Lectures on the Prophecies, which I began to deliver the beginning of February 1788 in the same place. Since which they have been delivered a

fecond time, and published in four volumes octavo.

When I first began this poem, I was ready to imagine it to be the labour of some years; but experience corrects our mistakes. I am now convinced that the whole of it might have been eafily written in much less than a quarter of one year; and as a proof of what I fay, I can assure the Reader, that the whole of the ninth book was written in the leifure hours of fix days, between Monday morning and Saturday evening, in one week last winter. I have however great reason to bless God, that in the midst of many labours and infirmities, and after many delays, he has enabled me to finish it; and hath preferved my life to fee it published. I return my thanks to the fubicribers who have encouraged this publication, and by whose favour it now sees the light. I trust in their friendthip and candour to excuse any defects they may see in the execucution, as I have never copied it off from the first draught, and have made but a very few alterations fince it was first written. . Neither has it had the friendly affistance of any other hand; so that I only am answerable for all its faults. The subject is indeed the grandest and most extensive that can be imagined; and the delight I have had in the labour has been great: but I must confess the execution is far beneath the defign. But such as it is, with all its defects, I venture it into the world, and commit it to the bleffing and protection of Providence, the candour of my friends, and the generofity of the Public, and subscribe myself, a well wisher to all the human race.

ELHANAN WINCHESTER.

London, January 12, 1793,



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THE PROCESS

AND

EMPIRE OF CHRIST,

AN

HEROIC POEM.

BOOK I.

Containing the Plan of the whole; and the History of his Birth, Baptism, Fasting, and Temptations; with some Account of his Doctrine and Miracles. Comprehending the Time from his Birth till the close of his Ministry.

HILE others fing the Monarchs of the globe, Their feats in war, their courage, strength, and skill,

I fing the rifing Empire of my Lord,
The Kingdom of the Babe in Bethlehem born:
Whose birth was sung by angels, and foretold
By prophets, who partook of heav'nly fire.
Tremendous theme indeed! august! immense!
But God can teach the humblest mind to foar;
Can send prosperity to one like me,
Unskill'd in epic muse, and teach my pen
To paint Messiah's triumphs o'er his soes;

10

R

The

The glories of his peaceful reign describe. Can lead my thoughts his Process to pursue, From heav'n's bright court down to this lower world, And through the various labours of his life, And the dire scene of suff'rings which he bore, The scriptures to fulfil, and men to save: Then to thy gloomy regions, tyrant death, And through the gates and bars of hell's domain, To preach the gospel to the pris'ners there, Taking the mighty's captives for his spoil: Thus spoiling principalities and pow'rs. Then crown'd with wreaths of vict'ry fairly won, Immortal garland; laurels richly earn'd! He rose triumphant over death and hell, 25 And lives for ever, holds the keys of both: And was declar'd the Son of God with pow'r. From earth he did ascend to highest heav'ns, Having descended first to worlds beneath. Enthron'd above he fits at God's right hand, 30 And makes perpetual intercession there, Till that great day, long waited for, shall come, When he with glory crown'd, and cloath'd with zeal, . Shall to the earth descend, destroy his foes. Then Jacob's tribes returned to their land, 35 Shall own him Lord, and King on David's throne. Then Satan bound, in the abysis confin'd, Shall vex the faints no more, no more deceive The nations of the earth, until fulfill'd Shall be the period of a thousand years. 40 Then

Then the fev'nth angel shall his trumpet found, And ev'ry kingdom shall become the Lord's: The nations that refuse shall be destroy'd. Jesus shall judge all people, and shall rule All nations by the laws of righteousness; 45 Shall take the curse from earth, and bless mankind With greater bleffings than their father loft. That age (surpassing far the golden age Which ancient poets feign'd in days of yore) Approaches fast, and shall ere long arrive, 50 When the Messiah, for a thousand years, Shall wield in peace the sceptre of the world; And his beloved faints with him shall reign, Upon his throne, as royal priests and kings. Throughout those halcyon days no wars shall rise, 55 No earthquakes roar, nor famine, plague, or storm Shall desolate the earth; no child shall die In the first stage of life. All deadly hate Shall cease among the globe's inhabitants: Man shall not vex his neighbour, nor the beasts Make war upon each other, less on man: All shall be love, and peace, and harmony; Man to longevity again restor'd, Shall see his seed for ages unimpair'd; And shall enjoy the labour of his hands: 65 And all shall know and worship God the LORD. But farther: God can fo direct my mind, That I shall sing, what never poet sang; The prince of darkness loos'd, once more set free

B 2

A little

THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. [Book I.

A little season to deceive mankind. 70 O dreadful change! but in the wond'rous plan Of our Creator, infinitely wife, Its use most evidently will appear. Behold, the foe of God and man comes forth, And leaves his dreary prison for a time; 75 That pit where full a thousand painful years He spent, yet unreform'd, still full of rage: More fierce than ever, he comes forth to war Against the Prince of Peace; who gives him leave To gather all his hoft, where ever found, 80 The Gog and Magog to the dreadful fight; Where, once for all, it shall determin'd be (And that by force of arms and conquest sure) To whom the kingdom doth of right belong. Then Satan with his mighty host o'erthrown, 85 And justly sentenc'd to the burning lake, The last resort of evil, woe and pain; Shall never hope to gain the vict'ry more.

From that amazing scene, I'll pass to tell
Those greater themes, unsung in epic strains,
The renovation of the heav'n and earth,
After the conflagration of the world,
And the last judgment pass'd on sinful men.
The globe how chang'd! the sea exists no more!
In earth renew'd pure righteousness shall dwell;
The King of righteousness, with all his saints.
The heav'nly city shall descend from God,
Built,

Built, and adorn'd, by his almighty hand; A cube; in length and breadth and height the same; Twelve thousand furlongs; fifteen hundred miles: 100 Sufficient to contain the human race; And yet, if possible, more rich than great. Its wall, is jaspet, and its floor is gold; Its gates, fo wide and high, are fev'ral pears; Its grand foundations are of precious stones. 105 God and the Lamb its glory, temple, light. The city shines with pure celestial rays; As jasper precious, and as crystal clear: The nations of the fav'd shall walk therein. Then will I fing, if God shall give me leave, IIO Those glorious periods, far remote from view; Those ages of the Mediator's reign, Which shall not end till all things are subdu'd, Redeem'd, reheaded, reconcil'd, restor'd; And not one enemy to God is found 115 Through all the regions of the universe: For ev'ry knee shall bow, and tongue shall swear. Sin, forrow, pain and death shall be destroy'd; And ev'ry creature through God's wide domain, Shall own the glorious Jesus, Lord and King. 120 Then Chrift, as Mediator, will refign The kingdom up; and God be ALL IN ALL. As God, his kingdom cannot have an end, But must endure to all eternity; Yet when his vast designs are all fulfill'd, 125 For which he acts the Mediator's part, 1 And Вз

THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. [Book I.

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And when rebellion shall no more exist, That character no longer he'll sustain.

These are the grandest scenes that can be sung; But O what mortal dares attempt the task? 130 Shall I, who never gain'd Parnassian heights, Nor bath'd in Helicon's harmonious spring, On whom the stars propitious never smil'd, And whom the muses never deign'd to bless With their poetic fire-fhall I attempt 135 A theme fo lofty, and a fong fo grand? But help me, God of nature, God of grace, Or here I stop; and can no farther go. The pow'r is thine, and if thou wilt employ My weak unletter'd pen, and grant fuccess 140 To my endeavours, and enable me • To write in such a manner as may please Not men alone; but thee, the judge of all; Then this production, howfoever weak, Shall stand a witness of thy love to man, 145 And of my love to thee, my Saviour dear, Be this my happiness, inspir'd by thee, Thy Process, and thy glorious Reign to sing. My trust is in thy name, thy Spirit's aid Is all I ask, these wonders to unfold. 150

First we begin with our Immanuel's birth;
'The Son of God comes down to dwell with men;
He, by whose pow'rful hands all worlds were made,
And

And all supported by his mighty word;
He laid his glory and his riches by,
And left the lofty heav'ns of his abode:
And taking slesh, became a tenant here.
This mystery so great demands our song.

Ye angels, principalities and pow'rs,
Say, how ye wonder'd when ye faw him born,
A helples' babe! fruit of the virgin's womb!
And fruit of ancient promise, long foretold!
Seed of the woman! born to bruise the head
Of him, who ruin'd all the human race.
The virgin's child, Immanuel, God with us,
Born in a stable, in a manger laid,
Our stella assuming in its meanest state
Of scorned poverty, and servitude.

But oh! the tidings to the shepherds told,
Who watch'd their flocks by night on Bethlehem's
plains,
170

Is worthy of remembrance evermore!

Fear not, O shepherds, joyful news I bring;

Glad tidings of great joy, to all mankind;

To you is born, this day, in David's town,

A Saviour, Christ, both David's Son and Lord! 175

Go to the stable, there this infant view;

Adore your God, though in a manger laid,

And meanly wrapp'd in coarsest swaddling clothes.

Scarce had the angel told the joyful news,

B 4

. . . .

' (Surrounded

(Surrounded with the glory of the Lord)

Than suddenly appeared a radiant band,
Compos'd of Heav'ns Celestial choristers,
Who praise the great JEHOVAH night and day,
And loud responsive sound his awful name.
These, all instam'd with pure seraphic fire,
Broke forth in raptures, thus expressing praise:
GLORY TO GOD, in highest strains be paid,
PEACE BE ON EARTH, GOOD WILL FROM
HEAV'N TO MEN.

The shepherds heard, and wond'ring came, to pay Their homage at the Royal Stranger's feet. They faw the Mother, with the heav'nly Babe, The Lord of Angels, in a woman's arms.... Hail, highly favour'd Virgin-mother, hail! O happy thou, to bear the promis'd feed!... Thy name, O Woman, through long ages curs'd 195 And oft derided as the fource of ill, Shall now be bless'd a thousand ages hence, Since Prince IMMANUEL was of woman made. Oh, how is human nature magnify'd By this stupendous act of boundless love! 200 This theme might long employ the noblest muse, But I must hasten; much remains to fing. When eight days were accomplish'd, Jesus felt The circumcifing knife, and shed his blood. Soon he began to fuffer in the flesh! 205 How dear it cost him to redeem mankind! His name was called JESUS; glorious name! Above

 \mathbf{W} hich

Above all names shall this distinguish'd stand: And ev'ry knee shall bow therein at last. The word a Mighty SAVIOUR fignifies: 210 And he shall save his people from their fins; So Gabriel spake; and Jesus shall fulfil, By price and pow'r; he's mighty to perform. When forty days had pass'd, a moving scene Took place within the Temple's facred walls; 215 Which, ere I farther pass, I must relate. Jesus was carry'd in his mother's arms, To be presented to the Lord of Hosts, According to the Law by Moses giv'n, That ev'ry first-born male should be devote 220 As holy to the Lord; to offer there Two turtle doves, or harmless pigeons young; For she was poor, and could not bring a lamb. Long had Old Simeon, just, devout, and good, Been waiting for this day, with longing heart: 225 For by the Holy Ghost it was reveal'd, That Death should never close his longing eyes, Until he should behold the Christ of God. Methinks I see the aged, pious man, Take in his wither'd arms, the heav'nly Babe, 230 While tears of joy run down his furrow'd cheeks. Come, hear his dying fong, and learn to feel The rapt'rous language of his heart and lips. Lord, now thy word's fulfill'd, let me depart; I go in peace; my foul is fatisfy'd: 235 Because mine eyes have thy salvation seen,

Which thou before all people haft prepar'd; To be a light to Gentiles blinded long, And glory to thy fervant Israel's race. O grant, dear Saviour, that our longing eyes 240 May see thee come to reign, before we sleep: But if our flesh must drop into the dust, Before our Jesus shall return to reign; One favour, Lord, most earnestly we beg: In this, we must not—cannot be deny'd; O never let our eyes be clos'd in death, 'Till we are made acquainted with our God, And have, by faith, beheld the bleeding Lamb, And are, by grace, deliver'd from our fins. Like Simeon, may our fouls depart in peace!— 250 Just as the good old man had clos'd his song, An aged widow came that instant in; Full fourscore years and four she had remain'd Within the facred place; had ferv'd the Lord With fastings, and with pray'rs, both night and day; And waited long the Saviour to behold, Whom now she saw, and greatly did rejoice: Gave public thanks, and spake of him to all Who look'd and waited for redemption there. Ye holy widows, who are waiting now 260 For Jesu's second coming, view him near! Behold, the figns and tokens plainly shew The great expected day is at the door. Prepare to meet your God; prepare, prepare. This generation shall not pass, perhaps, 266 Until

Until that grand event shall be fulfill'd, Of which I have propos'd, ere long, to fing, Unless the icy hand of Death prevent. Fain would I live to fee my Saviour come; But, not my will be done, but thine, O Lord. 270 The infancy of Him now let us trace, The Sinner's Friend, and Saviour of mankind! When one full year was past, from IESU's birth, Before the second had fulfill'd its round. The eastern sages, by a wond'rous star, 275 Were mov'd, and led to feek the new-born King; And coming to Jerusalem, enquir'd Where they might find the heir of David's throne? In that fam'd city, reign'd a man of blood, Crafty, severe, proud, cruel, jealous, fierce, 280 Full of refentment; swoln with envious spite. Hater of Judah's race of kings and priefts. Born of Idumean blood. He gain'd the throne (Supported by the pow'r of hostile Rome) By feats of arms, too cruel to rehearse; 285 (His cruel nature foon must be expos'd). He heard, with inward rage, and troubled mind, The strict enquiries for the new-born Prince: But his malicious purpose so disguis'd, As might deceive the wifest of mankind. 290 He, gath'ring all the scribes and priests, demands Where Christ, the great Messiah, should be born? In Bethlehem's city, all at once agreed; As Micah long before had prophefy'd. O famous

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O famous city! now we clearly fee 295 What God hath spoken—cannot, will not, fail; No, not the fmallest tittle shall be lost. When Mary first conceiv'd this holy child, She dwelt in Naz'reth's city, far remote; But as he must be born in Bethlehem's town, 300 The great Augustus must his subjects count, And put the tribes in motion to repair Each to their native place, to be enroll'd; That so, the Virgin, mother of our Lord, Attending Joseph in his journeying home, 305 Might thither come before the time arriv'd, When Christ, the King of Glory, should be born,

But, to return. When crafty Herod gain'd The knowledge of the facred prophecy,
Which inly he presum'd to overthrow;
He sent the eastern Magi on the way,
To find the object of their grand pursuit,
Desiring them, to bring him word again.
That he might follow, and obedience pay;
Though nothing less was in his cruel thoughts. 315
The Prince he wish'd to see; but, 'twas to kill.

But God, who saw the malice of his heart,
Sent home the wise men safe another way,
When they had seen, ador'd, and honour'd him,
Whom long they sought, and much rejoic'd to see. 320
While Joseph, warn'd by friendly Angel, sled,

With

With his lov'd charge, to Egypt's land, in peace. So, Heav'nly Wisdom baffled the designs Of him who sought the Saviour to destroy.

But now I fing the babes of Bethlehem,

By Herod's curs'd decree condemn'd to die;

And, lest the dreaded infant should escape,

(The facred object of his jealous rage)

The cruel-hearted tyrant spared none.

What shrieks, and dying groans, torment the ear! 330

While mothers mourn their sons untimely slain!

Ye weeping mothers, hear the voice of God;

Refrain your voice from crying, dry your eyes,

Your work shall be rewarded, saith the Lord;

Your children from the land of death shall come, 335

Shall rise to glorious immortality,

And reign with him for whom they suffer'd here!

I haste from fields of blood, and slaughter'd heaps
Of mangled infants, slain by cruel hands;
And now return to Jesus, precious babe!
340
To Egypt he descends, that God might call
His Son from thence, as Jacob's tribes, of old,
Were call'd and led by his Almighty hand.
What happen'd there, while Christ in Mizraim dwelt,
Who can pretend to say? Some tell, indeed,
That Egypt's idols at his presence fell,
And all their lying oracles were dumb.
His small expences were provided for

14 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST . [Book I.

By those enlighten'd Magi's gifts, of gold, Frankincence, myrrh, which they bestow'd on him. 350.

But when the bloody tyrant had receiv'd The awful fummons to refign his breath, The angel of the Lord convey'd the news To Joseph, and invited his return To Israel's land; to which he bent his course. 355 But, hearing of the reign of Archelaus, He feared to return to Judah's land: But being warn'd of God, he turn'd aside, And dwelt in Nazareth of Galilee. But there, how private! how remote from view 360 Dwelt God's beloved Son, in human form! No more we read of him, till he arriv'd At near twelve years of age; a lovely youth! Then he, with Joseph, and with Mary, went 365 To Zion's temple, at the paschal feast, According to the law by God ordain'd, That all the males should worship thrice a year. And pay their homage at his facred dome.

When once the feast was over, they return'd;
But Jesus stay'd behind. They knew it not. 370
But when they stopp'd at night, and miss'd the child,
Who can describe their grief and deep concern?
Let mothers guess, whose children, sent abroad,
Return not home at the appointed time;
Dark night comes on, and still no tidings heard
Of

Of their fond darlings: How a thousand fears Rush through their tender hearts! They find no rest. So far'd the bleffed Virgin, when she found That she had lost her Son! Oh, how she wept! No farther did she journey; but, with haste, Returning back with Joseph, fought him there, For whom they griev'd; and fought him not in vain. They found him in the Temple, well employ'd, Surrounded by the doctors of the law. His weighty questions puzzled all their skill; 385 And all that heard his answers were amaz'd At fuch unbounded wisdom in a youth. Children, remember, Jesus once was young; But Oh, how wife, how perfect was his heart! Remember now your Saviour, him obey; 390 And he will make you wife, and fill your minds With heav'nly treasures, everlasting good!

Joseph and Mary were surpriz'd. She said,
Why hast thou serv'd us thus: Didst thou not think
That I, thy mother, with thy father dear,
395
Would seek thee sorrowing, and never cease,
Until we found thee? Wherefore didst thou thus
Absent thyself from us, thy only friends?
To which he answer'd; Why, did you not know,
That I my Father's business must perform?
400
But they this saying could not comprehend.
Then he with them return'd to Nazareth,
And yielded strict obedience to their will.

O, what

O, what a bright example Christ did set!

How happy they who follow him in this! — 405

Honour thy father, and thy mother love,

Obey their precepts, and thy days prolong.

He saith, who can his promises perform.

But now events of greatest magnitude
Claim our attention, and exalt my theme.
And first I speak of that important day,
When Jesus on the bank of Jordan stood;
Was there beheld by his forerunner, John;
Who seem'd unwilling to baptise his Lord,
Because he held himself inserior, far,
To him who honour'd baptism's mystic rite.
When, by the hands of John, our Lord and King
Was plung'd beneath the wave; forthwith he rose!
When lo, surprizing prodigy! the heav'ns
Were open'd, and the Father's voice was heard; 430
Thou

Thou art my Son, my well-beloved Son; In thee I'm pleas'd; In thee I am well pleas'd. Descending from the heav'ns, the Holy Ghost, Dove-like, alights upon his facred head. He, doubly thus baptiz'd, is drawn away 435 Into the lonely, howling wilderness; Where forty days of fore temptation, proves Him more than conquer'r: Thus exceeding, far, The most renown'd of all the human race. He under ev'ry disadvantage stood. 440 And fairly drove the Tempter from the field. The' hungry, thirsty, weary, and alone, Temptations pressing him on ev'ry side, And tho' the mighty prince of darkness came, Arm'd with his utmost subtlety and rage, And try'd the greatest feats that hell could boast; The Saviour foil'd him, to his deep difgrace.

Oh, what a scene was here! Come, tempted sou!, Come, view thy Saviour, in this conflict dire: He is thy pattern, shield, and great reward.— 450 If thou'rt the Son of God, the Tempter said, (O, what an impious IF was there propos'd!) Command these sto change, and bread become. To which the Saviour instantly reply'd—'Tis wrote, Man shall not live by bread alone; 455 But by the pow'rful words Jehovah speaks. Then Satan, soil'd, another method tries. He brings the Saviour to Jerusalem:

C

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(The lamb was carry'd in the lion's paws! Amazing thought! was Jesus thus convey'd?) Upon the Temple's walls, their highest spire, He places him; and thus the arch-fiend spake— If thou'rt the Son of God—now try the point— Cast down thyself, and trust angelic aid: 'Tis written, They shall bear thee in their hands, 465 Lest thou should dash thy foot against a stone. Thus Satan uses Scripture—and by halves, Because the whole subserves not his designs. But now the Master of Assemblies speaks; (His words shall make thy daring courage cool:) 470 'Tis wrote, Thou shalt not tempt the Lord thy God. Why then expose ourselves to needless ills? Can we expect to be preserv'd, unhurt, Who madly rush, uncall'd to danger's brink?— The Devil, baffled, and confounded, tries 475 His last device to shake Salvation's Rock; But finds the stone of Israel fix'd too firm. To be uprooted by his flatt'ring breath. Oh, that our fouls so firm could always stand! Then fiends might tempt, and hell assault in vain. 480

He takes the Saviour to a mountain's top,
From whence he shew'd him all this lower world,
And all the glorious things below the moon;
Then, with an impudence as black as hell,
He proudly said—All this is giv'n to me:

485
'Tis mine: I can bestow it where I please.

If thou wilt own me as thy lord and king, And worship at my feet, all shall be thine.

O impious; O profoundly base, and bold: How durst thou thus attack the Son of God? What! tempt the Lord of Life, to worship thee! O rebel! traitor! foul apostate! fay— What could induce thee thus to mock the Lamb? Could'ft thou expect that he, whom angels fear'd, To whom they rev'rence and obedience ow'd; Nay, thy Creator, and Preserver too; And whom thou wast commanded to adore; Who claims thy worship as his native right; Should, all at once forget his high descent, And meanly fawn upon and worthip thee? 500 Or wast thou ignorant? Didst thou not know The Lord of Glory, in his deep disguise? Or was thy mind in doubt? and, for this cause, Wast thou resolv'd the secret to unfold? I dare engage thou had'ft no cause to boast 505 To thy companions of thy great success. Methinks, I fee a holy, just disdain, Glow in the count'nance of my dearest Lord, When thus he turn'd, and glanc'd severe rebuke To the great Adversary of mankind: 510 Get thee behind me, Satan; hence, depart: Remember, God hath giv'n his high command, To all his creatures, and declar'd his right To be ador'd; and only he alone.

C 2

Thus

Thus speaks his awful mandate, Thou shalt serve 515 The Lord thy God, and worship none but him.

This fore repulse, made Satan leave the ground; Determin'd still to muster all his hosts, And watch a fitter opportunity, To vex, if not o'ercome, the Prince of Heav'n. For 'tis his nature, if he's foil'd to day, To-morrow to return, and charge again. If timely you refift him, he will flee— But, Watch; for he intends to try afresh. Tho' Christ hath always vanquish'd him in fight, 525 Still he's unconquer'd, and maintains the war: And though some fay—He's flain, and has no pow'r; And others fay—He's bound, and quite confin'd; Christ's soldiers find him pow'rful, roving, fierce, And, like a roaring lion, feeking prey. 530 Not flesh and blood alone, must they withstand; But, thrones, high principalities, and pow'rs, And rulers of the darkness of this age; And wicked spirits, domineering, proud, And ever on the watch:—Such foes we have. 535 Satan is crafty, full of vengeance, spite: His time on earth is short: and this he knows; And therefore rages, with redoubled force. Great need have we of prov'd, victorious arms, To aid us in the more than mortal fight. 540 Arm us with all the panoply of God; That we may stand, and conquer all our foes! O, dear

| O, dear Redeemer, through thy pow'rful name, | |
|--|------|
| And through thy precious blood, fo freely shed, | |
| And by the testimony which we hold. | 545 |
| What wonders have the heav'nly arms atchiev'd! | |
| Salvation's helmet, and the shield of faith; | |
| The Spirit's fword, the pow'rful word of God; | |
| The mighty engine of prevailing pray'r; | |
| Have gain'd the greatest victories on earth. | 550 |
| Heav'n shut and open'd, rain withheld and giv'n | |
| Fierce, pow'rful armies, foon compell'd to flee, | |
| And glorious promises, divine, obtain'd; | |
| The raging element of fire fubdu'd, | |
| And hungry lions gentle made as lambs, | 555 |
| And mightiest kings and kingdoms overcome, | |
| And righteousness by feeble sinners wrought, | |
| Made out of weakness, strong, firm, valiant, bol | d; |
| And fouls departed, back to life recall'd; | |
| The moving orbs arrested in their course, | 560 |
| The pow'rful laws of nature quite revers'd; | - |
| All these, proclaim the victories of faith. | |
| Nor were they less triumphant, who endur'd | |
| The tortures of the tympanum, or rack; | |
| That would not deign deliv'rance to accept: | 565 |
| The glorious prospect of eternal life, | • |
| And better refurrection, (though remote) | |
| Made them, with fortitude, their pangs sustain. | |
| Those who can cruel mockings well endure, | |
| And all th' envenom'd shafts of slander bear, | 570 |
| Need never fear the pain of flames and death. | |
| C • | TIL. |

The

The foul that dares to fuffer, fears to fin, And bears the cross, shall win the crown of life. Scourgings, imprisonments, and bonds and chains, Hunger and thirst, and cold and nakedness, **575** Perils, and perfecutions; death, by fword, By fawing, stoning, strangling, and by fire; By crucifixion, famine, teeth of beafts, Drowning, decapitation, thousand forms Most painful, ling'ring, shameful, terrible; 580 Fearful to see; how dreadful then to bear! Temptations, tribulations, racking pains; Have all, through faith, been borne with fortitude. The foul, array'd in righteousness divine, Girded with truth, and fill'd with heav'nly love, 585 Shielded by faith, supported well by hope, With purest gospel-preparation shod, Wielding the Holy Spirit's two-edg'd fword, Praying with perseverance, cover'd o'er With meek humility, refign'd to God, 599 And firmly trusting in his promis'd aid; Shall conquer all his foes, however strong, And need not fear the rage of earth or hell. May find support in scorned poverty: And bear reproach, contempt, and foul difgrace; 595 May wander in the defart's howling wilds, And be with roughest goat-skins meanly clad: May dwell in rocks and mountains, dens and caves, Tormented, destitute, afflicted fore; May be in want of ev'ry earthly joy, 60a And

And fuffer more diffress than tongue can tell; And yet, be more than conquer'r over all! Our Lord's Temptations, trials, griefs, and woes; His fore afflictions, and his deep diffres; The forrows, pains, and mis'ries, he fustain'd, 605 Through ev'ry scene of life; and in his death; Are fruitful springs of comfort, to the souls Of the afflicted, who believe in him. He learn'd obedience by the things he bore; And, by experience taught, can fympathize 610 With us, and all our inmost troubles feel. Compassion dwells within his tender heart; He knows our frame, and pities our complaints. Draw near, ye poor, despised, tempted souls; Look up to Jesus-tell him all your woes. Ye Poor—What! have ye neither house nor home? Depriv'd by storms, or poverty, or fire, Hard-hearted landlords, or whatever means: To Jesus, thus, you may your pray'rs address-Lord, Thou wast poor, poorer than beasts or birds. For those have holes, and these have little nests; But thou hadft not a place to lay thy head: O, look on me with kind compassion, Lord; My wants thou knowest, and canst well supply: For man no pity has, nor heart to feel.— Say—Are you hungry? have you nought to eat? And disappointed, where you hop'd relief? This was your Saviour's case; he hunger'd oft: He knows the pain it brings; and how it feels

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To have the Expectation highly rais'd,
And then, by disappointment, laid quite low.
How keen the sense of Hunger's cruel gripe!
Who can describe, but such whose bowels feel?
To see, to smell, without a right to taste;
Too modest still to beg, too poor to buy!
635
Tempted perhaps to steal, by hunger press'd!
Poor widows, with their tribes of little ones,
How oft they suffer!—Hear a feeling tale.—

In Boston liv'd a widow, honest, poor; While dreary winter reign'd, she suffer'd much; 640 Nor food had she, nor fire to keep her warm: Her tender infants languishing in fight, So mov'd her fympathy, that she resolv'd Somewhere to find, and bring some fuel home. Thus, roving up and down, at last, she lights 645 Upon a pile, where plenty feem'd to tempt Her yet-unwilling hand: The owner near, O'erheard her tongue thus utter her fad plaint. I'm poor, and destitute; my fuel's gone; Yet cannot steal: O Lord, what shall I do? 65a I have no money; yet, I cannot steal. Thus went away: But foon came back again, (By hunger, cold, and pity overcome) Repeating the fame tale; and, as before, Departing home as empty as she came. At length, the third time, doubly press'd with need, She She came; and thus she spake—What shall I do? My children, perishing with want, demand Something to keep them warm; I think I must, Though fore against my will, some fuel steal. So faying, she begins to take—but sudden, down The trembling faggot darts—Lord, can I take What is another's right !—Oh guilt and shame! Yea, let us perish; for I cannot steal. No more she came; determin'd now to die, 665 If no relief appear'd.—But—mark the end— The owner, who beheld her deep diffres; Who faw her virtue at this per'lous push, And faw it triumph !-- he compassion felt, Her wants reliev'd, and foften'd all her pain! 679

God hath prepar'd his goodness for the Poor:
And, to encourage us to pity them,
Hath promis'd to repay, an hundred fold,
That which we give, ev'n in this present life,
And life eternal in the world to come.

For, not the smallest kindness is forgot:
A cup of water, meets its blest reward.
Who pities and relieves the Poor distrest,
Lends to the Lord, and shall be well repaid.

Jehovah binds himself, by promise firm,
That none by trusting him shall losers be.
Yet, O how many trust in banks and funds,
Who would esteem all lost, if lent to him!

Something

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Something I fain would fay, to comfort those Whose lot is plac'd among the humble Poor. 685 Your Lord was poor: In poverty he pass'd His virtuous life; and thus hath made that state, Which is despis'd, most hon'rable of all. And whosoever doth the Poor despise, Reproacheth God, his Maker, by that act, 690 And Christ, the Saviour, who hath chose that life, With its affociates, Want, Contempt, Difgrace: That so the Poor in him might find a friend: And that the Rich might learn to disesteem Those things in which they differ from the low; 695 And fix their thoughts above, where Jesus sits; And spend their time and wealth in doing good; And wait the fecond coming of their Lord, When their reward, in full, they shall receive.

Those who are Rich on earth, should hear this charge:

700
(Which may be thrown into these many parts)

- 1. Be not high-minded, lifted up through pride.
- 2. Trust not in riches, false, uncertain, vain.
- 3. But trust in God, the living God; who gives
 Us_richly, freely, all things to enjoy. 705
- 4. Do good to all, according to your pow'r.
- 5. Be rich in works of justice, mercy, love,
- 6. Be ready to distribute of your wealth.
- 7. Be willing to communicate to all.

8. Lay

- 8. Lay up your stores in Heav'n, and not on earth.— Two charges more, from other texts, I'll bring, And thus complete the Rich Man's Decalogue.
- 9. Love not the world; fet not your hearts on gain.
 10. And be content with what the Lord bestows,
 O, would the Rich these precepts keep with care, 715
 How happy, happy, happy, would they be!

Ye Trav'llers o'er the burning defart fands, And Ye who plough the briny, foaming main, How often do ye fuffer raying thirst? For water ye would freely part with gold: 720 But none can ye obtain. How fad your state! Yet even here, your Lord can sympathize: For he was thirsty too; full well he knows It's most intolerable, parching pain: And when he begg'd relief, he found it not. 725 Once, faint and thirsty, weary, feeble, spent, At noon, he fat himself near Jacob's well, And drink of woman ask'd; but was deny'd: Yet, ere she left him, he such blessings gave, As prov'd his mission, and his pow'r divine. 730 But who can tell the thirst which he endur'd, When on the painful, shameful, cross he hung? But gall and vinegar was giv'n for drink, To him, who calls us to Salvation's well, To drink the waters of eternal life. *735*

Poor

Poor Sailors, would they hearken to my fong, And leave their finful ways, and trust in Him Who rules the raging of the boist'rous sea; Would find in him a sympathizing friend, In more respects than one: for he has known 740 Toil, hunger, thirst, care, weariness, and storms, Watchings by night, and heavy drowfines; • The portion these of those who plough the main. Once in a ftorm, when hope was almost lost, He, through fatigue, was fallen fast asleep: 745 When his disciples call'd, and rouz'd him up; Crying—Awake, and fave us, or we die. He, rising, bids the winds and waves, Be still.— They ceas'd at once, and straight a calm succeeds. O, might the Saviour be the confidence 750 Of all that ply the lab'ring oar, or fail, With canvas wings, across the wat'ry main; What fatisfaction would their fouls enjoy! In storms and tempests, dangers, perils, deaths, Their sympathizing friend would lend his aid: 755 For now he never fleeps: his ear attends The foftest call that rises from the hearts Of those who love him; for he's always near.

The weary Lab'rer shall not be forgot; 759. Though poor, despis'd, oppress with want and care. The Son of God once labour'd hard for bread, And was a poor mechanic; teaching thus His follow'rs, not to eat the bread of sloth.

Labour

Labour should be encourag'd, idleness
Be disesteem'd, and every where suppress'd.
Children, be not asham'd to labour hard,
To keep your parents dear from want and woe;
For Christ, in this, a bright example set;
Providing for his mother while he liv'd,
And on his cross commending her to John,
Who from that season, took her to his home.

The Sick and Maimed may to him apply, Who fickness and infirmities hath borne. He knows our frame, remembers we are dust. The Mourners, and the forrowing fouls, may find 775 In Christ a friend, indeed; for he pronounc'd This bleffing: Comfort be to all that mourn. Bleffed are ye that weep; for ye shall laugh. But woe to you that laugh; for ye shall weep. He was a man of forrows, fill'd with grief: 780 Was often feen to weep, but ne'er to laugh. He wept a little stream o'er Laz'rus dead; And shed his tears for proud Jerusalem: He saw her day of sorrow coming fast. But in the garden, and upon the cross, 785 His tears, fast-flowing, ran for all mankind. Strong crying, supplications, tears, and pray'rs, He offer'd up, while dwelling here, to Him Whose pow'r was able to redeem from death, Not him alone, but all the human race! 790

Thus,

Thus, by his forrows, fuff'rings, griefs, and pains, Th' obedient Son of God was perfect made; And so became salvation to all those Who follow him, and his commands obey.

Are you despis'd, bely'd, and set at nought, 795 And counted fools for Chrift, deluded, mad, And ev'ry evil falfly spoke of you? Be glad, rejoice, exceedingly rejoice: Your Lord hath borne the same, and honours you. By giving you a share in his disgrace; That he may make you partners in his throne. For if we fuffer, we shall reign with him. Bleffed are they whom men shall persecute, And hate them for their dear Redeemer's fake: For he will glorify their fouls in Heav'n. 805 Our Master, Christ, was called Beelzebub; His Tervants, therefore, can expect no less. He hath a devil, and is mad, (fay they): Why, therefore, do you hear, or him regard? This fellow but deceives, is not of GoD; 810 He breaks the fabbath, hates the holy law: He is a glutton, and a drunkard too; A friend of finners, harlots, publicans: A liar, blasphemer, a sinner bold. Thus was his name and character aspers'd. 815 By false malicious tongues of evil men. But he, with utmost meekness, bore it all; And when he was reproach'd, reviled not;

Nor

Nor threaten'd those who sneer'd, and scoff'd, and rail'd.

Then let us take his pattern for our guide; And dwell in meekness, innocence, and love.

820

This is our consolation: Christ hath felt His tender heart by lies and flander broke; And therefore feels a sympathy for us. He can support us in affliction's night, And make reproach and malice work for good: And teach us to esteem those suff'rings more Than all the riches of this lower world: When, for his fake, we fuffer, bleed, or die. The reign of falsehood shall not long endure; There is an after-day; let fland'rers fear: God will support the souls who trust in him. And bring their righteous actions to the light: Then shall their foes behold their sad mistake. The righteous fouls are in the hand of GoD; From torment, fin, and forrow, quite fet free. In the ungodly's fight, they feem'd to die; And their departure mis'ry was esteem'd: Destruction seem'd their passage to attend But they in peace and honour now abide, 840 Waiting till their reward they shall receive. Though in the fight of men they punish'd are, Their hope is full of immortality. Having, in time, a little been chastis'd, They shall obtain rewards in life to come. Gop'

825

830

835

845

God prov'd, and found them worthy for himself; Try'd them as gold, and found they would endure; And as an off'ring pure hath them receiv'd. They rest in hope till that victorious day, When Christ shall come, with all his royal train; 850 When they shall shine like suns, and stars of light, And, with their Saviour, judge the world, and rule According to the purpose of their Lord. This is the lot of fuch who are approv'd, As called, chosen, faithful to the end. 855 But Oh, how will th' ungodly stand aghast, When they shall see the righteous man advanc'd, Whom with their falshoods oft they wounded fore, And by their persecutions did afflict; And of his righteous deeds made no account! What strange surprize shall fill their guilty souls, To see the man they so despis'd before, High-seated on a glorious throne of bliss, A partner in the kingdom, with his Lord! Their groaning spirits will, through anguish, cry 865 Alas, this was the man we fometimes fcorn'd, Derided, mock'd, reproach'd, and ridicul'd! His name a proverb of contempt we made: His life the worst of madness we esteem'd: His end was shameful, in our vain account: 870 But he was wife, and we the worst of fools. His lot is cast among the saints in light; How is he number'd with the honour'd ones! Counted among the children of the LORD! O, fools and madmen! we have liv'd in vain! 875 Let

Let those who suffer shame for doing well,
And are reproach'd for the Redeemer's sake,
Commit their faithful souls to Christ the Lord;
Who will preserve them to this awful day,
When truth shall triumph, falsehood be o'erthrown,
And innocence be clear'd from soul disgrace;
And ev'ry hidden thing shall be reveal'd:
When all aspersions shall be wip'd away,
And slanderers be put to open shame.

884

Let none avenge themselves when they're defam'd, Nor spend their precious time to 'fend and prove, Nor seek their characters to vindicate: But trust the Lord to undertake the cause; Who will not fail to make his justice known.

The tempted souls are His peculiar care, 890 Who selt temptation's pow'r in all its force: He suffer'd, being tempted; therefore knows To succour and support, in trying hours, The faithful ones, who put their trust in him, And patiently endure affliction's night. 895 To be severely tempted is no crime; Since Christ, like us, endur'd the same; yet stood, Nor ever yielded in a single point, Though he was try'd in all: and thus became Our pattern, friend, and brother, and defence. 900

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Doth

34 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. [Book 1.

Doth Satan seek to shake our hope in God, And make us doubt our heav'nly Father's love, And question whether we his children are, And put us to the proof? So tempted he The Son of God himself; and 'tis not strange 905 That we should suffer what our Lord hath done.

Are we in straits, and sore distrest with want? Are we push'd on to use unlawful means To get supplies? or, tempted to distrust The loving-kindness of our gracious Lord? 910 Is Suicide presented to our view, And we urg'd on to tempt the fov'reign King. In ways unlawful, big with dreadful fate; Certain to lose our lives, unless preserv'd By miracle; which still we have no right 915 To look for, when we stray from duty's path? Or, are we tempted to the worst of sins; To leave the service of the God of Heav'n, And turn aside to gross idolatry: And worship men or devils, for the sake 920 Of wealth, or pow'r, in prospect or possession? In all these ways the cunning Tempter try'd To foil our Saviour: but he fail'd in all.

O let us come with boldness to his throne;
That grace and mercy we may find, to help
Our souls in ev'ry time of trying need!
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O what

O what a comfort 'tis to have a friend Who fees our griefs, and pities us, and faves!

Let us pursue the paths of utmost woe; And we shall find the Saviour gone before.— 930. Should we be flander'd by the best of men, (Or those which mortals call the very best; Such as the Scribes and Pharifees of old) Our Lord hath borne his part in this difgrace. Are we forfaken by the giddy throng? 935 (Who hail to day, to-morrow crucify) Yea, by our friends despis'd, deny'd, betray'd? Deliver'd to the will and pow'r of foes? Condemn'd unjustly, to a shameful death, On flight suspicion, or the perjur'd oaths 940 Of liars, hir'd on purpose to destroy The lives and fortunes of the innocent? (A case, which, doubtless, happens frequently) Are we infulted in our agonies? 944 Laugh'd at, and ridicul'd, fcorn'd, mock'd, revil'd? Are barb'rous cruelties on us practis'd, Through hatred of the cruel multitude, To make our death more bitter and severe? These things have often been the martyr's lot. When fuff ring, nobly, for the Christian cause: And Jesus suffer'd all these things himself; And thus hath fanctify'd the thorny road, That leads to blifs and honour, peace and joy. Nay, put the case, that all these dreadful scenes.

D 2

36 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. [Book 1:

Were heighten'd by the absence of our God; 955
His loving-kindness seemingly wirhdrawn;
The lustre of his shining presence hid;
His count'nance veil'd in darkest shades of night;
And we expos'd, at once, to rage of men,
The devil's malice, and the wrath of Heav'n: 960
(God's just resentment due to each offence)
This bitter cup, with gall and wormwood fill'd,
Was drank, in forrow, by our kindest friend.
And thus his tender heart was pierc'd with grief;
Broke with reproach, and melted by the fire. 965
His strength was dry'd, his soul was rack'd with pain;

His bleffed tongue, which never spake amiss, Grew cold; and, cleaving to his trembling jaws, Declar'd his woes too great to be express'd: 969 While round him stood the murd'rous sons of men, Pouring their bitt'rest sarcasms on his head; (Already fainting underneath his load) Ah! where is now the God on whom he stay'd, And who, he boasted, was his constant friend? Why doth he leave him now in this distress? 975 He's but a grand impostor, who did boast His pow'r to save, but can't himself redeem.

Thus did they jeer the meek, the dying Lamb;
Who felt the cruel wounds their fury gave:
And suffer'd all this complicated scene
Of woe, distress, pain, misery, and death;
Al

All compass'd round by foes, by friends forfook; While none were found to pour the balm of peace, Propitious, on his foul. All this he bore; And therefore feels for all his fuff'ring friends. 985 In death the struggle may be hard, indeed; But Christ ne'er stands an idle looker on; Which all must do, but he. 'Tis he alone. That can conduct us through the gloomy vale; Which he hath trod before, and therefore knows 990 The terrors which attend the dreary passage. 'Tis he can make us triumph over all; Nor in the grave forfakes us. He was there: And rose triumphant: having thus perfum'd Our dusty bed; where bodies rest in hope, 995 And wait the glorious resurrection morn, To spring to life, and day, and endless joys.

And who can dare to fay, that fouls in pain Are never pity'd by our gracious Lord? For who can tell how great his mercy is? 1000 And though his loving face is hid from them, And they are doom'd to woe, and deepest grief; Yet, who dare fay—He loves them not at all? Did not the wrath of God o'erwhelm his head? Did he not feel the pains of death and hell? 1005 Did he not take the horrors of despair? Was not his foul forfaken of his God? Nay, did he not descend to hell itself? Did he not see the mis'ries there endur'd? D_3 Yet,

Yet, was he not the Father's dear delight?

Who then can fay, from Nature's deepest ground,
That souls once lost can never be redeem'd?
Did not Christ die for all, both quick and dead?
Is not his pow'r sufficient to restore?
And who can doubt his wisdom or his love?

Or, who can say—His will designs it not?

But I anticipate. And now return
To trace the Saviour's works of mighty love;
Which shone conspicuous, and made known to men,
His glorious character, and grand design,
As the Redeemer of the human race.
When Peter sought to give a short, but sull
Description of that Jesus whom he preach'd;
Thus he describ'd his person, and his life:—

Jesus of Nazareth, by God approv'd,
Anointed with the Holy Ghost, and pow'r;
Who ceaseless journey'd, always doing good;
And healing all by Satan's pow'r opprest:
For God was in and with him, of a truth.

To tell his wonders is a task, indeed, 1030.

Of which St. John himself despair'd; and said—

If all the things were written, every one,

Which Jesus wrought; where would the place be found

Sufficient to contain the num'rous books?

For, I suppose, the world could not receive 1035. The many volumes, with their strange contents.

O mighty Pow'r, and Will; that heal'd the fick, And made the deaf to hear, the blind to fee, The lame to walk, the dumb to speak his praise: That cast out dæmons of the siercest kind, 1040 The foulest lepers cleans'd, and rais'd the dead; Cur'd all diseases, with a word, or touch; That turn'd the water into richest wine: That calm'd, at once, the winds and raging waves: That fed fuch numbers with so little food, 1045 Brought shoals of fish to Peter's empty net, And made a fish it's Maker's tribute pay, And walk'd upon the foaming brine, with ease! These were his labours, proofs of pow'r divine, And fruits of boundless love to sinful man!

How pure, how spotless, was his holy life!

How perfect his obedience! how exact

His conformation to the law divine!

Nor thought, nor principle, nor word, nor deed, 1

Was found amiss, through all his humble course!

How strong, how ardent, was his love to God! 1056

How great was his benevolence to man!

It was his meat to do his Father's will,

And to perform salvation's noble work.

His holy doctrine, clean, from error free, 1060
Tending to glorify his Father's name,
And to reveal the God of heav'n in truth;
Spoke him the facred meffenger of peace.
God's meffengers have always borne this mark,
(And by the fame they ever shall be known) 1065
They never glorify themselves; but seek
To honour Him who sends them in his name.
Thus, Jesus glorified not himself,
Sought not that honour which he might have claim'd;
But glorify'd and honour'd Him, who said, 1070
Thou art my Son; I have begotten thee:
And I will place thee on a glorious throne.

When Jesus promis'd soon, from Heav'n, to send The Comforter, the Holy Ghost, divine; 1074. The same descriptions, constant marks, he gave, Lest, by salse spirits, they should be deceiv'd! The Comforter my name shall glorify, By taking mine, and shewing it to you: But of himself he will not speak at all; But what he hears of me, shall he declare. 1080 The bless'd apostles, by the Spirit sent, Sought not themselves to magnify; but Him Who call'd, commission'd, qualify'd, and taught Them to proclaim the gospel to the world. 1084

Christ's doctrine, manners, miracles, combin'd To prove, beyond exception, him to be

The great Messiah, Saviour of the world;
Of whom both Moses and the Prophets wrote.
Nor, in one instance, did he ever fail
T' accomplish their predictions, of the state
Of his humility, and bitter grief,
Thro' which he pass'd, on earth, to save mankind.

Here, then, we pause a while; and Him adore,
Who lest the regions of eternal bliss,
And tabernacled in our world of woe,
And bore our ills, to bring our souls relief.
Oh! could we praise him as his love demands!
And render homage, and obedience due,
To that great name, which merits all renown!

END OF THE FIRST BOOK,

BOOK II,

THE PASSION.

WHAT a theme employs my humble muse! Already have I sketch'd the virtuous life
Of my Redemer o'er; and now attempt
To paint the wounds—the forrows—he hath selt.
Be tun'd my soul to grief, while I relate
The ineritorious suff'rings of the man,
The dear God-man, who groan'd and bled for me:
Nor me alone, but all the human race!

Can heart conceive, words speak, or pen describe, This most amazing, heart affecting scene?

Be other woes forgot. This is enough
To thaw the adamant, and melt the flint.
O sin, what hast thou done?—Not only fill'd
God's world with woe, but his own Son with pain!

Where shall I now begin? where make an end? 15. The tale I tell contains such weighty things, That I'm unable to express aright.

But what I can, I will perform—the rest
Must be reserved for nobler thoughts and pens:

And

20

And I shall be content, if what I write Give no offence to any—joy to some.

Begin we, then, in fad Gethsemane: O doleful garden! where our Saviour felt That most heart-rending agony: that forc'd The fweat, like drops of blood, through ev'ry pore. This was the hour of darkness, and distress: The bitter cup was brought within his view: His tender heart, now fmitten, groaning, cry'd-My foul is forrowful; I'm prest to death: Abba, my Father; if it be thy will, 30 I pray thee fave me from this dreadful cup: But, if it may not pass; thy will be done. Thrice, on his knees, he pray'd and us'd this form. (Forms are accepted, where the heart is found.) Who ever pray'd more earnestly than he? 35 Or who more certainly was heard? and yet A form he us'd; and the same words again, And yet again, repeated, presently.

As thus furrounded with the deepest woes,
The Prince of Glory stood, (O mournful sight!) 40
The pow'rs of darkness hover'd round, to try
What might be done, to make his courage fail.
In this extremity, they hop'd to find
An opportunity; for often had they wish'd
To bring him to abandon his intent
Of saving man, by suff'ring death for him.
To

To compass this, they watch'd the very hour, When Sin, with all its horrors and deserts; And Death, with all its terrors, woes, and pains; 40 God's wrath, with all the vengeance due to crimes; Were plac'd before his eyes, in dread array: Then they appeared in hideous forms, no doubt; And work'd upon his fancy, with their arts, (As black as hell itself); and sought to fall His mind with gloomy, strange, foreboding fears. 55 Despair, with all its horrid, dismal train, Was ready at their heels. Th' ingratitude Of man they painted, with the darkest tints That hell could furnish for this black design, By this they fought to turn his love to wrath, 60 And make his foul reject the human race. They threw these hellish darts, like showers of hail, To discompose and terrify his mind,

This was an agonizing scene, indeed!

More grievous, far, than in the wilderness.

This was the time of Satan's greatest pow'r,

When most be prov'd the Stone, the tried Stone:

But Jesus stood, nor gave the tempter room

To boast, that over him he had prevail'd.

But fore the conflict was:—an angel came

To strengthen him, while fainting in the field.

O, what a fight was here! —Could mortals know.

The pain and forrow which our Saviour felt;

Methinks,

Methinks, they could not chuse but mourn for him. His heart became, through grief, like yielding wax; While ours, O strange! are hard as adamant.

Behold, the dear Redeemer comes, to meet
The armed band, with Judas at their head;
Judas, the traitor, who betray'd his Lord:
Betray'd him with a kifs. O treason foul!
For love of money! Cursed lust, indeed!
O cruel baseness! ne'er to be forgiv'n.
How could'st thou sell him? sell thy kindest friend?
Sell him to cruel monsters, tygers, wolves!
To men unworthy to behold his face!

85
The vilest miscreants in the universe!

O Judas, thou hadft kindest warning giv'n;
Didst thou not hear his blessed mouth declare—
The Son of man must go, as 'tis decreed;
But woe to him by whom he is betray'd:
Good for that man if he had ne'er been born?

Forth went the Son of God to meet his foes:

And fearless thus demanded—Whom seek ye?

Jesus of Nazareth, I AM; said he.

He spake with pow'r; they heard, and backwards went,

yent,

And stagg'ring fell, extended on the ground.

A ray of his divinity shone forth;

Which shew'd how easily he could destroy.

But

the process and empire of christ. Book II,

But still he spar'd them; yea, and gave them leave To take and bind him with their barb'rous hands. He gave them pow'r to rise, or they had fall'n 101. As victims to the justice of their God, And martyrs to the cause they undertook.

But see, they drag him, as the basest thief, And in tumultuous manner him furround; IOS Till to the palace of the priest they came. They enter there. Poor Peter follows on: But 'twas a melancholy night to him. How shamefully he fell!—A warning this, To those who trust their native pow'r to stand: IIÒ Let such take heed, lest they should also fall. How bold was he before the trial came! Though all men should deny thee, I will not: Though death should be my lot for owning thee. But when, in luckless hour, the maid beheld. The poor man quaking through excessive fear, Fixing her eyes on him with leering looks, She foon began, with tauntings, thus to speak— Thou also wast with Jesus.—Nay, (said he) I do not understand what 'tis thou say'st. 12Q

Poor man, where is thy courage now? ah! where Thy boasted zeal, to suffer with thy Lord; What, disregard an host of armed men! Yet fear one little maid! I pity thee.
'Tis very strange, but no more strange than true, 125
That

That men are more afraid of tongues than fwords. The rage of tongues, and pow'r of evil men, Are deprecated in the Scriptures, more Than all the evils of our lives beside.

The foe of man, thus finding Peter weak, 130 Desiring still to sift him to the soul; Soon prompts another maid to make remarks: This fellow was with him of Nazareth. Which Peter, with an oath, again denies; And thus declares—I do not know the man. 135 What now, deny thy Lord a fecond time? And lie, and swear, to make thy lies believ'd? If thou could'st not thyself believe without, Who will believe thee, with thine oaths? Not they To whom thou spakest: for they soon agreed, That thou wast one of his disciples: known By one who faw thee in the garden; who Declar'd the same before the gather'd throng : They knew thy Galilean dialect, And were in their opinions more confirm'd. This master'd all thy courage, love, and zeal. O Peter, now, I feel for thee, indeed! O could'st thou humbly, then, have own'd thy fault! But thou didst venture on to greater ills; And added imprecations to thine oaths, To make them think thou could'st no servant be-To fuch a master; being so unlike To him, who never spoke a froward words (Sad 48 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. [Book II.]
(Sad case, when Christians sin, lest men should think
Them servants of the great sin-hating God.)
155

But, at the second crowing of the cock,
Our Saviour look'd on Peter—now he thought
Upon those warnings giv'n to him before;
Which then he heeded not; but now had learnt
To trust himself no more, since he had fail'd.
Then out he went, and bitterly did weep.—
'Tis said, that ever after, when he heard
The crowing of the cock, his tears ran down,
(At the remembrance of so sad a crime)
Till surrows might be seen upon his cheeks.

Now to the Son of God we will return; Whose cruel suff'rings more demand our son z.

The proud high-priest interrogated him—
Who are thy followers? and thy doctrine what?
Christ answer'd—In the synagogue I spake,
And in the Temple; where the Jews resort.
In secret, nothing diff'rent have I said.
Go ask my hearers; they can testify
What I've declar'd to them: for well they know.
Why then ask me, when others may be found;
Who (being unconcern'd) may tell the truth?
Or dost thou ask me with a mean design,
To make my words alone myself condemn?
I'll answer nothing; seek your proofs essewhere.

At this enrag'd, an under officer,

Of spirit mean, struck Jesus with his hand;
And gave the Lord a most indignant blow;
(Perhaps the first of all that he receiv'd)
And thus address'd him, in a surly tone—
Ah, dost thou answer thus to the high priest?
To which insult, the lovely Lamb reply'd:
If I have spoken evil, shew me where;
But if I've answer'd well, why smite me thus?

Ah cruel man! a pris'ner thus to treat,
For speaking mildly in his own defence!

Suppose him guilty, is it not enough,
That he must be adjudg'd to suffer death?

Must brutal cruelties, and rude insults,
Be added, to compleat the sum of woe?

How eagerly the cruel brutes defir'd

To find some evidences, true or false,

By which they might condemn the Son of God:

But none could find. At last, two perjur'd liars

Bone witness, that they heard this fellow say—

God's temple I am able to destroy;

And in three days to raise it up again.

(But in their evidence they disagreed)

To which the Lord vouchsafed no reply.

Then the high priest arose, and thus he spake:

Why dost thou not some answer make to this? 205

E Now.

Now, by the living God, I thee adjure,
Declare the truth—nor longer us deceive—
Art thou the Christ, the Son of God the Blest?
Adjur'd by this great name, he quick reply'd,
I am; and ye shall all hereaster see

210
The Son of man, enthron'd at God's right hand,
And coming in the clouds of heav'n, with pow'r.

This answer, which they wish'd, enrag'd them all;
And, Blasphemy! they instantly exclaim'd;
What further need of witnesses have we?

215
He's fully guilty, and deserves to die.

Then did they spit in the Redeemer's face, And smote him with their fifts, and open hands. Some fay, their hands were cloath'd with iron gloves; And that they plucked off his hair and beard. 220 Thus to the smiters he did give his back, His cheeks to those that plucked off his hair: From shame and spitting did not hide his face. They mock'd, derided, and blindfolded him; And like ungodly children playing rudely, Strpck on his cover'd face, and mocking faid-Thou Christ, come prophely, who smote thee now? 'And many things, blasphemously, they spake Against the loveliest of the human race. That one, exceeding all the fons of men, 230 Had his sweet form and visage forely marr'd. But

But Jesus meekly bore their taunting scoffs; Nor threaten'd once through all the suff'ring scene.

Thus they abus'd him till the early dawn, When the Sanhedrim met a second time, 235 Him to condemn in form, and yield him up, For execution, to the Roman pow'r; Hoping that Pilate, cruel and unjust, Would never stand to ask the reason why; But sentence him to death without delay. 240 Thus confident, they bound his facred hands, And led him forth to Pilate's judgment-hall. But they, poor fouls, were now fo righteous grown, They durft not enter in, left they should be Defil'd, unfit to eat the passever! 245 The murder of the Just they did not fear: All night they plotted how to shed his blood; But this defiled not their consciences; Pollution of the flesh they dreaded more. Than all the stains of guilt produc'd by fin. 250 A camel fwallow'd, at a gnat they strain'd; As happens frequently to those who place More stress on forms, and rights and outward things Than on the great effentials of the law: Who tythes of cummin, mint, and annife pay; 255 But justice, mercy, faith, and love of God, They lightly pass, or wholly difregard.

When

When Judas saw that Jesus was condemn'd, Despairing, he return'd the price of blood To those who hir'd him to betray his Lord: 260 Crying, I've finned, the innocent betray'd. What's that to us? (fay they) look thou to that, Despair and horror seiz'd his soul at once; The consequences of his crime appear'd Too dreadful for his tortur'd mind to bear: 265 He cast the money down, and hang'd himself. (An awful warning this to treach'rous men.) The thirty pieces bought the potter's field; (As Zechariah long before declar'd) The field of blood, to bury strangers in. 270

Christ brought to Pilate, is by Jews accus'd; Not of blasphemy, but fedition now, And fetting up himfelf to be a king; The better to expose him to the rage And fierceness of the Roman governor. 275 Much they accus'd him: but he filent stood, And like a harmless lamb, to flaughter led, Or sheep before her sheavers brought, is dumb. For n fo was Christ; he open'd not his mouth. Which fill'd the judge with wonder and concern. etc. Then Pilate thus demanded—Say, art thou The Jewish King? Jesus reply'd-I am! But to inform thee rightly of this thing, My kingdom is not of this present world: For if it were, my servants fure would fight, 285 That

That I might be deliver'd from the Jews; But now 'tis plain, my kingdom's not from hence: My reign with Cæsar's doth not interfere; I rule in hearts, by love, and not by force. I'm come a witness for the truth of God; 290 This was the purpose of my birth and life, And this shall be accomplish'd by my death.

When Pilate heard these words he was convinc'd. That Jesus Christ did not deserve to die; And faid—In him I find no fault at all. 205

The priefts, scribes, rulers, Pharifees, chagrin'd At Pilate's flow deliberation, said-He stirreth up the people, (mighty crime!) And teacheth all from hence to Gallilee; (And need enough they had of being taught) 200 But what he taught they did not chuse to tell.

When Pilate heard that he of right belong'd To Herod's jurisdiction, him he sent To Herod, who was at Jerusalem; Hoping to shift the burden, crime, and blame, To other hands: But here, alas, he fail'd. Herod was glad to see the prisoner; For he had often heard his wond'rous fame, And hop'd to fee fome mighty miracle By Jesus wrought: But disappointed, soon 310 Instead of worshipping, he ridicules,

 E_3

And

54 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. [Book II.

And treats the Saviour as an Ideot;
And fends him back to Pilate, all array'd
With robes and enfigns of mock majesty.
But this complaisance heal'd an open breach;
Herod and Pilate from that day were friends.

When Christ return'd, the judge resum'd his seat:
But soon a message from his wise was brought—
With that just man have nothing more to do:
For much I've suffer'd in a dream this day;
And much I sear lest you should give consent
To put that righteous holy One to death:
Which thing avoid, or we shall meet a sate
Most terrible; destruction swiftly slies,

O had he hearken'd to his wife's advice!

It would have been by far the fafest course.

But peradventure he might think her weak,

Or superstitious, fearful, credulous.

But I am apt to think he fear'd the more,

And wish'd to pacify, the angry Jews,

Without condemning Jesus Christ to die;

For of his innocence he was convinc'd.

But Pilate now a proposition made,
Which he imagin'd would succeed at once;
'Twas customary, at the paschal-feast,
To set some prisoner at liberty;
And let the people have their choice in this.

Now,

Now, thought the governor, I'm fure to fave
The life of Jesus; for I will propose
Him, and the noted robber, Barabbas;
And one of them I will this day release:
And, sure the people cannot be so mad
As to prefer a murderer to him,
Who is so meek, so kind, so innocent!

But how was he surprized to see their rage! 345
They chose the murd'ring robber, clamour'd loud—
Away with Jesus—crucify him now.
He spake again—In him no fault I find;
Him will I scourge, if that will satisfy—
('Tis more than he deserves) then set him free. 350
But still they yell'd, and roar'd, and cry'd aloud—
Away with such a man, and let him die!
Why? (said the judge) What evil hath he done?
I will chastise him now, and let him go.
But with loud voices, instant they requir'd 355
That he should be deliver'd to their will.

When Pilate saw that nothing could prevail,
But that the more he urg'd, the worse they grew;
He call'd for water, wash'd his hands, and said—
Let me be clear from this just person's blood;
Innocent blood! look to it, then, yourselves.
At which the multitude profanely said—
His blood be on us, and our children too.
O impious speech! how dreadful was this guilt!

E 4

56 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. [Book 11.

Then was the bleft Redeemer forely scourg'd, 365 By Pilate's order; for he hop'd to move The cruel-hearted Jews to let him live. The Roman band on this occasion call'd, Not only whipp'd him till his bones were bare, But plac'd a crown of thorns upon his head, 370 And put a reed, for sceptre, in his hand, And cloth'd him in a royal purple robe; Then took the reed, and fmote him on the head; And bow'd the knee in fcorn, and mocking faid-All hail, O King of Jews! we worship thee! Then fpitting in his face, they breath'd contempt, And smote him with their hands, and bruis'd him fore.

In this fad plight our Saviour forth was led,
That harden'd Jews to pity might incline;
While Pilate cry'd aloud—Behold the man!
I bring him forth to you, that ye may know
That in him I can find no fault at all.
See what he hath endur'd! Sure 'tis enough.

But all the priests, and scribes, and rabble rout,
Cry'd as before—Let bim be crucify'd.

Take him and crucify him, then, yourselves;
For he is faultless in my sight: said he.

We have a law by which be ought to die;
Because he made himself the Son of God.

This Pilate heard; but was the more assaid;
And

And went again into the judgment-hall,
And saith to Jesus—Tell me, Whence art thou?
But Christ no answer to his question gave.
At which the judge amaz'd, address'd him thus:
Wilt thou not speak to me? Dost thou not know 393
My pow'r extends both to thy death and life?
Thee I can crucify, or can release.
But Jesus said—No power could'st thou have
To question or condemn, unless 'twere giv'n.
This God permits; and therefore do not boost.
But as thou hast not thirsted for my blood,
So my betruyer bath the greater sin.

These words made Pilate tremble; and resolve
To set him free in spite of Jewish rage.
Which when the Jews perceiv'd, they cry'd, at once,
If thou dost let him go, we will complain
406
To Cæsar; for he makes himself a king.
And if thou dost release him, we shall know
Thou'rt Cæsar's enemy, and not his friend.
And soon thy conduct shall be known at Rome; 410
And thou shalt lose thy post, and surely feel
The hot displeasure of the emperor.

This stagger'd Pilate's courage; for he knew
The jealous temper of the Roman lord.
Nor was he unacquainted with the Jews;
Determin'd, furious, infolent, and fierce;
Their hatred cruel, their revenge severe.

Besides,

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Besides he was obnoxious unto them;
And much he sear'd from their accusing tongues.
He knew that he had rul'd with iron hand,
And often, by oppression, had provok'd
A nation, whose known character had been
Proud, unforgiving, obstinate, and bold:
And therefore, to ingratiate himself
With that persidious people, and avoid
The sierce resentment of Tiberius,
Against his better knowledge, mov'd by sear,
(The fear of man, which always brings a snare)
He yielded that the Just One should be stain.

O Sin! what cowards dost thou make of men! 430 Had Pilate always mov'd by virtue's rules, Had he been faithful, just, impartial, good, Noble, benevolent, humane, and kind, Had worth and dignity ennobled him, He had not fear'd the threat'nings of the Jews; 435 Or gave them up the Saviour of mankind; Nor ever fentenc'd innocence to die; Nor dreaded jealous Cæfar's fiercest rage. But having by his crimes expos'd himself, He fought by other crimes, to gain applause; And so, against his light condemn'd the Lord. But this, fo far from making him fecure, Brought on destruction, swift and terrible. For notwithstanding this his wicked act, In which he gave up conscience, soul, and God, 445. Τo

To gain the favour of this wicked race, And to preserve his int'rest still at court; Yet foon the Jews accus'd him to his lord: On which Tiberius call'd him to return, And answer for himself. But when he came, His acts unjust, oppressive, fully prov'd, Procur'd his downfal, ruin, and difgrace: For being banish'd into Gaul, 'tis said, - He fuffer'd greatest shame and misery; Until, at last, by his own hands he dy'd. 455 A dreadful warning this to men in pow'r! Who trust in princes favour, trust the wind: The higher rais'd, more dreadful is their fall. Court-fav'rites stand upon a precipice; An icy steep, from whence but few escape! 460 Most fall a prey—their sunshine ends in blood— Their glory fets in clouds, no more to shine-They fall unpity'd, ne'er to rife again.

When Pilate thus by threats was terrify'd,

He chang'd his mind, and brought the Saviour forth,
And down upon his judgment-feat he fits,

Almost persuaded Jesus to condemn.

His hopes of gaining on the Jews were gone;
But with contempt he spake—Bebold your king!

Away, away, (they cry'd) him crucify

Pilate, determin'd to confirm at once,

Th' authority of Cæsar over them,

Which they so long had dared to dispute,

Rejoin'd

Rejoin'd—What, shall I crucify your king?
They answer'd—We've no king but Cæsar now. 475
By this he gain'd the point at which he aim'd;
And which he might have sought, and sought in vain,

Had not the Jews been fill'd with cruel hate To Jesus Christ, their rightful Lord and King: Which made them now acknowledge Czesar's right. And therefore justify'd the Roman war; Which quell'd their bold rebellion, and destroy'd Their temple as the Saviour had foretold; And scatter'd all their nation through the earth. He compass'd thus his ends; they compass'd theirs: Cæfar, as fov'reign lord, was recogniz'd 486 Murd'rous, feditious Barabbas releas'd, And Jesus to the cross was now condemn'd. The purple robes exchanged for his own, To crucifixion instant he was led. 490 The transverse beam he carry'd on his back, Till, weak and finking underneath his load, A stranger was compell'd the same to bear,

The holy Jesus still had female friends.

Blest women had attended him through life—495,
Had seen his miracles, his doctrine heard—
Had sed him with their substance, and supply'd,
From out their little sulness, all his wants—
Had pour'd that ointment on his seet and head,
Which was most costly: Though by some esteem'd
A vain

A vain expence, 'twas by the Lord approv'd. COL Nor did they leave him in his hours of pain; But wept, bemoan'd, and wail'd him to the last. While men blasphem'd, more tender women cry'd. They shew'd their love and sympathizing hearts, 505 By standing near the cross till he expir'd; Then waiting to attend him to the grave. When they had feen his body fafely lodg'd. Thence they departed, ointments to prepare, And costly spices, to embalm his flesh; 510 Prompted by love, were early at the tomb. To woman first the risen Lord appear'd; And woman first proclaim'd the joyful news, By the authority of CHRIST our King.

O Woman, thy memorial shall be sweet? The bleft remembrance of the kindness shewn By female fouls to Jesus while on earth, Shall draw a veil of charity to hide Those faults and weaknesses to which they lean. CHRIST was of woman born, by woman nurs'd, 520 By woman fuckled, dandled, and ador'd; By woman blest, lov'd, prais'd, and entertain'd; Believ'd, own'd, follow'd, hearken'd to, obey'd, Fed, cloth'd, reliev'd, anointed, comforted, Supply'd in life, bemoaned in his death; 525 Constant they stood, while men like cowards fled. (Such hardiness in females we admire) They lov'd their Saviour to the end, with warmth; Dead

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Dead or alive they still attended him,
Waiting, and minist'ring to all his wants.

First seen by woman-kind was Jesus ris'n,
First touch'd, first worshipp'd, and proclaim'd by
them.

We never read of any females found

Among the perfecutors of our Lord.

Did any woman ever mock or rail,

Sassante Sassa

Another thing I mention to their praise,
Is their attention and known readiness
To hear, learn, and obey the word of God.
And through all ages it hath been observed,
That women more than men have sought the Lord,
Remain'd more true and faithful in his cause.
They follow'd him when he the cross did bear.

As they bewail'd him, Jesus turn'd and said, 545

Daughters of Salem, weep no more for me;

But for yourselves, and children, wail and mourn.

Behold, the dreadful days are at the door

When blessed shall the barren womb be call'd,

And breasts that never gave their children suck.

5

Then shall they say to mountains, Fall on us,

And call on rocks and hills to cover them.

For if the sire consumes the growing tree,

How will it prey upon and burn the dry! If I, who ne'er offended, juffer thus, What fearful woes Jerusalem must know!

O how exactly were these words fulfill'd, When the destruction of that city came! When by the famine, pestilence, and sword, In one short siege, more than a million fell. Where mothers, starv'd for food, their infants slew, And fed upon their mangled carcases. When thousands crucify'd around the walls, Might put the Jews in mind of what, this day, Was done to Jesus, by their own defire.

But now to ghaftly Golgotha we come; A place without the gates, and deem'd accurft. 'Twas call'd The place of sculls, for reasons plain; For criminals were executed there, And also bury'd. Our Redeemer's grave 570 Was there appointed by his murderers; But was by God ordain'd with the rich man.

and the

But O, what words can speak the doleful grief That Jesus felt in that tremendous hour! Assist me, Saviour, to describe the pain. 575 Thou bearest still in mind thy bloody sweat; Thy shameful cross; the suff'rings thou didst feel. O break my heart, while I relate thy woes! When he arriv'd at the appointed place, **:**:...

They

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They stript him naked, bor'd his hands and feet, 580 With cruel irons nail'd him to the cross:
Then rear'd him up betwen the earth and heav'ns,
As tho' of neither worthy; when of both
He was the maker, and the rightful heir.
Between two thieves they hung him, to disgrace, 585
As much as possible, his memory.

Now we behold him on the cursed tree.

Ah, who can bear the fight! his soul is fill'd

With deepest forrow, and his stesh with pain.

589

See how it quakes and trembles! View this scene,

O sinner, till thy heart dissolves in tears.

'Tis faid, our dreams are pictures of our thoughts When we're awake, continu'd in our fleep. But such a vision once in sleep I had Of Jesus crucify'd, as far outwent 595 All the conceptions I had ever form'd, In all my meditations on this theme.— Methought I saw the Saviour crucify'd: Naked upon the fatal wood he hung; The crown of thorns remain'd upon his head, And drops of blood ran trickling down his flesh, Which trembled with the agony he felt. His skin appear'd to me like hily fair, Save that it was disfigur'd o'er with wounds, And blush'd, as if the blood would iffue forth. Silent he hung; grief, pity, innocence, Were

Were pictur'd on his Face. Around there stood The greatest multitude I e'er beheld. Most seem'd to mock, reproach, and ridicule The Suff'rer; who with patience bore it all. 610 Such courage, love, and zeal, inspir'd my breast, As in degree I never felt till then. (O might I always feel the same through life!) Upon my knees I bow'd, and thus I pray'd— Lord, thee I own my Saviour, in thee trust; 615 Though now I fee thee hang in deep difgrace: I cast my foul into thy arms of pow'r. So confident am I that thou canst fave, That I depend on thee, and thee alone: Nay, I risk all on this foundation firm; 620 And never wish to be redeem'd at all, If thou art not the Saviour of mankind, And art not able to redeem my foul.

Thus thrice I pray'd upon my bended knees,
And at the third time thus my Lord addres'd: 625
Be comforted, dear Lord, for thou shalt see
The travail of thy soul, and be content.
Thy pains, though grievous, shall not long endure.
For soon shalt thou be honour'd with a crown;
And thou shalt rule according to thy wish.
Ont long shalt thou continue in the grave,
But soon to glorious immortality
Shalt rise—no more to suffer, but to reign—
And shalt be satisfy'd for all thy woe.

F

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The Saviour heard me, but no answer gave; 63. But cast a look of love, that satisfy'd And sill'd my heart with blis unspeakable.

Then I awoke, and lo, it was A DREAM;

Yet still it lives, and speaks, and warms my soul!

How oft did Jesus speak upon the cross? 640
What were his dying words? Come, let us hear.—
When first they pierc'd his hands and seet, and nail'd
Him to the cursed tree, and rear'd him up,
And made him hang in agonizing tortures,
By those extremities, so full of nerves,
So sensible of pain the most acute;
His blessed mouth first open'd in a pray'r:—
Forgive them; for they know not what they do;
O Father: said the dying Son of God.

Among the many wonders of that day, 650 The thief's conversion cannot be the least. While one revil'd, the other him reprov'd, Confess'd his crimes, and justify'd the law By which he fuffer'd, and proclaim'd aloud The innocence of Christ-then turn'd to him, 655 By living faith, divine, unparallel'd, And faid—O Lord, I pray remember me, When thou shalt to thy heav'nly kingdom come. What lively faith was this! to trust a man Expiring on a cross, hated, accurs'd! 660 To cast his soul into the arms of one That feem'd unable to redeem himfelf!

To call him Lord, and pray to him as such!

How faith had open'd and improv'd his sight!

He seem'd to view that age as yet to come

When Christ in glory shall to earth descend,

Here to be honour'd, where he suffer'd shame.

Our dear Redeemer cast the kindest look

On him; and thus, in sweetest accents, spake—

Thou shalt not wait so long for happines:

For verily, before this day shall end,

Thy soul shall enter to the blest abodes

Of paradise; where thou shall see my face,

And be admitted as a tenant there.

So spake our Lord; then looking down he saw 675 His mother, and the lov'd disciple, stand.

To her he said—Woman, behold thy son.
(Meaning that John should be a son to her.)

To him—Behold thy mother; take her home:
What thou shalt do for her is done to me.

680
The well-beloved heard, and soon obey'd.

But now, what folemn darkness veils the skies! The sun withdrew his rays, as though it shunn'd That sight so terrible, and would not shine
On men who dar'd to crucify their Lord.— 685
But Oh! the darkness that o'erwhelm'd his soul,
When God the Father hid his smiling face!
And the Divinity quiescent was!
Oh! hear his cry—his mournful accents hear!—

 F_2

690 ELOI ELOI, LAMA SABACHTHANI? My strong God, why hast thou for saken me? . Why art thou gone from me fo far away; And dost not hear my long, my fad complaint? O God, my God, I cry in the day time, And in the filent night behold I speak. 695 But thou art holy, righteous, just, and good, Surrounded with the praises of thy faints. Our fathers trusted in thy name of old; They trusted, and thou didst deliver them: 699 To thee they cry'd, and thou preserv'd their souls: They hop'd in thee and were not put to shame. But what am I? a weak, a feeble worm; Seem scarce deserving of the name of man! People despise me; men reproach my name; 704 Shame and reproach have broke my tender heart: And lies have oft defam'd my character. No wonder that I'm full of heaviness; For when I look'd for pity, there was none. For comforters I fought, but none could find. I am become the drunkard's jest and song; 710. The meanest people speak against my life. All that behold me laugh my foul to fcorn, Shoot out their lips, and wag their heads, and fay— In God be trufted, let bim now redeem His life, since he delighted in him so. 715-But thou art he that took me from the womb; Thou mad'st me hope upon my mother's breasts; Thou art my God, my portion from my birth...

Be not far from me; trou bles are at hand; My forrows come; and there is none to help. 720 Strong bulls of Bashan have beset me round, They gape upon me with their open mouths, As roaring lions, ravening and fierce. Like water I am pour'd upon the earth; And all the bones in me are out of joint. 725 My heart is melted in my breast, like wax; My marrow's dry; my strengh is wholly gone; And to my jaws my parched tongue doth cleave: Into the dreary dust of death I'm brought. The congregation of the wicked ones, 730 Like dogs, have compass'd and enclosed me: My hands and feet they pierced through and through: My bones are diflocated, and my flesh Is so consum'd, that I may count them all. They look and stare upon me in the face. 735 My garments they do part among themselves; And on my vesture they do cast their lots. But O, Jehovan, be not far away; O thou, my strength, haste thee to help me now! Lord, save my soul from the destroying sword, My darling from the power of the dog. Deliver me from the fierce lion's mouth. The unicorns have forely worry'd me; But thou hast heard me from their dreadful horns.

Thus did the fuff'ring Saviour weep and mourn!

As David had in spirit long foretold,

F3

The

The first part of this pray'r was utter'd loud;
Those that stood by (not understanding well
The Hebrew language, which was almost lost
Among the common people) thought he call'd 750
Elias to deliver him; or else,
They meant to mock him in his greatest pangs.
Let's see if he will come to take him down,
Or let him now descend, and save himsels;
And we will then believe, and in him trust.
Thus spake they tauntingly. But Jesus still
Continu'd sighing out his humble pray'r:
But spake the rest in secret. And was heard
By God the Father for his piety.

Now he perceiv'd his fuff'rings near their close; And that the Scriptures might be all fulfill'd, He cry'd aloud upon the cross—I thirst.— For what did Jesus thirst? for water? Yes; But more he thirsted for the souls of men And, to compleat the work he undertook; 765 To finish all his forrows, and obtain The great reward of all his pain and woe. When thus he cry'd—in vinegar they dipp'd . A spunge, and put it on a reed, and held It to his bleffed mouth, that he might drink. 770 Then might he fay—They gave me gall for meat; And with four vinegar my thirst they mock'd.— When Jesus had receiv'd this loathsome draught, Aloud he cry'd—'Tis finished. Then said—

Father,

Father, into thy bands I now commend 775
My spirit; for thou bast redeemed it.
Then bow'd his head, and yielded up the ghost.

All Nature felt the vast tremendous shock;
The temple's facred vail was rent in twain—
The secrets of the holy place reveal'd, 780
Shew'd him the great fulfiller of the law;
A new and living way was then made known,
And consecrated through the vail, his sless.
Earth quak'd, men trembled, mountains shook,
rocks rent,
Graves open'd; and the Roman Captain cry'd, 785

Graves open'd; and the Roman Captain cry'd, 785
This just man truly was the Son of God.

The people smote their breasts, and, fill'd with awe,
Returned home, amaz'd at what was done!
There sled the greatest soul that ever warm'd
A human breast! the greatest pris'ner bound
790
Was then, that ever slept in death's cold arms!

Before we quit this most affecting fight,
Let us survey once more the solemn scene,
Of infinite importance to mankind.—
The Saviour's dead!—What? that dear Jesus dead!
That lovely man, of form divinely fair!
796
Lament, my soul, the death of thy best friend;
That dy'd for thee, and all the fallen race.
Why did he die?—Because he lov'd us all.
Who kill'd the Prince of Life?—Sin, cursed sin! soo
F 4
O wretched

O wretched me, that I should ever love So vile a murd'rer! Lord, I hate myself. How can I ever love so base a stend? Vile name! the only thing JEHOVAH hates. I wonder not, fince thou hast slain his Son, 805 That he should hate thee! May I hate thee too, O that my head were waters, and mine eyes Fountains of tears, whence streams incessantly Might flow, at the remembrance of my guilt. God may forgive me; for his mercy's great; 819 He is a great forgiver, well I know; But never can I once myself forgive! Affist me, all ye pow'rs above, to weep! To weep the Friend of guilty finners flain! The death of Jesus is a glass, wherein .815 🕳 Sin shews its ugly face. Come, view it here! How dreadful fin appears, in pestilence, In war and famine, earthquakes, tempests, storms, Whirlwinds, volcanoes, hurricanes, and plagues, And thousand ills that desolate the globe! 820 And could we view the difmal dark abodes Of Death and Hell, the mansions of the pit, The portrait might be drawn more direful still! But in the suff'rings of the Son of God, The darling of his heart, the heir of heav'n, 825 · Transgression's evil nature more appears, Than in the ruin of a thousand worlds.— But, Oh! how wond'rous was the Father's love To mortal men, that he fo freely gave

| His well-beloved Son for them to die!- | 830 |
|--|-------------|
| How shall I vent my grief? my Lord is dead! | • |
| The white and ruddy Innocent is murder'd! | |
| That Chief among ten thousand chosen ones. | |
| That head more precious than the finest gold, | |
| Was crown'd with thorns, was bruis'd and wour | ided |
| fore! | 835 |
| Those beauteous locks of black, or chesnut brown | n, |
| Behold them clotted, fill'd with duft and blood! | |
| Those dove like eyes, so innocent and grave, | |
| Behold them cold, and pale, and clos'd in death | ! . |
| His cheeks, like spicy beds of sweetest flow'rs, | 840 |
| Are wither'd, cover'd o'er with mortal pale! | |
| His lips, like lilies, dropping sweet persumes, | |
| (Those words more sweet than honey, milk, or w | ine) |
| Behold their purple colour! see, they're dead! | |
| Those hands, more beauteous far than diamonds | 845 |
| Behold them bloody, wounded, pierc'd, and nail' | d! |
| His body, like the beauteous ivory, | |
| Behold it mangled o'er with stripes and wounds | ! |
| His bleffed feet that travell'd for our good, | |
| Behold them torn, by cruel irons bor'd! | 85 a |
| His legs, like marble pillars set in gold, | |
| Behold them cold as marble, dy'd in blood! | |
| His count'nance, lovely, beautiful, and fair, | |
| Like Lebanon itself, majestic, grand, | |
| And as its lofty cedars excellent; | 855 |
| Behold it pale, disfigur'd, bruis'd, and marr'd! | |
| That mouth so charming, so divinely sweet, | |
| · T | hat |

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That oft was open'd comfort to impart,

Is dumb! See how his bleffed jaws are fall'n!

Behold, his head is bow'd upon his breaft

860

But yet methinks I fee a sweetness there,

Amidst the wounds and blood that mar his face,

Behold those locks so placid and serene,

Expressive of the temper of his mind!

Ye daughters of Jerusalem, that view'd 865 Your dying Lord through ev'ry scene of grief, Tell me, how did my dearest friend depart? What were his dying words? How did he feem? Pray, did his pain abate before he went? Did he forgive his foes? Pray, did he get 870 A drop of water for his parched tongue? And did his foes relent, and drop a tear? I ask: but O, your grief forbids your speech: I fee you drown'd in woes; I'll ask no more.-My grief increases! Can I view this fight, 875 The Saviour dead, and not diffolve in tears? What heart of flint or steel, but must relent At this fad tragedy? this depth of woe!— Let ev'ry lesser sorrow be forgot; This claims our whole attention: no excess 88a Can be committed here. The death of Christ Is fuch a theme, that wakes both grief and love, And gives occasion for the softest passions To rife, and flow in never ceasing streams! What can be worthy of a thought, compar'd 885 With

With this amazing love of him who shed His blood, his life, to save our guilty souls?

'Tis faid, when Cyrus was engag'd in war, Armenia's land he conquer'd, captive took The Prince and Princes; (kind and lovely pair)! The Prince, whose heart was set upon his Queen, 891 Propos'd to Cyrus, if he would restore The Princess to her liberty, and grant To make provision for her needs, as might Befit her royal dignity, that he 895 Would, as a ranfom, freely give his life.-Cyrus was charm'd, and being gen'rous, gave To both their freedom, and restor'd to them Their first possessions, and became their friend, The conqu'ror was applauded, shouts resound, O Cyrus! gen'rous! brave! magnanimous! The Prince, transported, to his consort turn'd, In raptures cry'd, What do you think of Cyrus? She answer'd, Truly, I did not observe him. Her coldness much surprized the Prince, who said, On what then, pray, was your attention fix'd? Upon the man, the lovely man, (said she) Who offer'd his dear life me to redeem.

If she was lost in thought, and swallow'd up
In admiration at her husband's love,
Who only offer'd to resign his life
For one who lov'd him with the purest slame:

What

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What shall we think or say of God's dear Son,
The Prince of Heav'n, Beauty's perfection bright:
Who did not only offer, but who gave
915
His precious life for us while enemies?

Break, O my rocky heart, at thought of this!
Thy bleffed Saviour gave his life away
For me before I knew or lov'd his name:
I was a stranger and an enemy:
920
But O, he lov'd me! I can ne'er repay
So vast a debt as to my Lord I owe.

He dies! weep mortals, weep! your friend is

Fain would I weep! but Oh, the fountain's dry! My forrow still forbids my tears! O help! 925 Ye pow'rs above !—Can holy angels weep? If so, here is enough to move their grief, To see the Saviour die! Yet men remain Hard-hearted, void of true regard to him, ...\ \text{And hear the melancholy tale unmov'd.} 930 They weep to hear the puppets of the stage Describe, in tragic tone, the wounds and deaths Of lovers, heroes, patriots, and kings; Who ne'er perhaps existed, but in fiction; Or, if they did exist, their lives and fortunes 935 Might be far diff'rent from the tales we hear; Which frequently are but poetic flights, And owe their grandeur to the writer's pen.

But grant them true, they cannot us concern:

We have no int'rest in the various scenes

940

Through which they pass'd; to us 'twould be the same'

If they had never been. While here, alas!

Where truth furpasses fable, and needs not
Invention, or imagination, to supply

The want of facts to decorate the song;

Cold, and unmov'd as statues, we remain!

Here is a character contains the whole
That e'er was pictur'd lovely, in the tales
Of all that ever liv'd or dy'd on earth.
Are you for scenes of love? Such scenes are here 950
As ne'er were equall'd, and much less excell'd.
The Son of God in love with human kind,
Took slesh and blood, and, cloth'd in that disguisc,
Went through such hardships, and such deep distress,
As ne'er were fabled of the fondest lovers!

955
That he might gain our love, and shew his own.

Or are you charm'd with patriots, who espouse Their country's cause, and perish in th' attempt To free their nation from some tyrant's pow'r?

Behold in Christ the truest patriotism! 960

He brav'd all dangers, undertook the cause

Not of one country, but of all mankind:

Nor yet of those who lov'd him, who would shout His praises loud, and trumpet forth his same;

But

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But of those very wretches who despis'd

His person, set at nought his works of love,

Nor ever felt the smallest gratitude

To him who lov'd them, labour'd for their good,

Sought to deliver them from slavery,

And struggling hard with hosts of cruel foes:

970

Although he gain'd his point, it cost his life.

The greatest heroes never equall'd this!

In Christ the lover, hero, patriot meet,

Their virtues all in him conspicuous shine;

He merits our applause far more than all

That ever have those characters sustain'd:

Yet we forget him; O ingratitude!

But he remember'd us upon the cross,

And hath not yet forgot us, though we treat

His dying love with such unkindness cold!

Here, melt my heart at thought of what I've been,
And what the Saviour hath perform'd for me.
I've been a rebel, he my dying friend!
Me he remember'd, him I've oft forgot,
Though he was worthy the regard of all,
And I unworthy of the smallest notice
E'en of mankind, and how much more of his!
But this my friend is dead! Shall I not mourn?
How can my heart be ever pacify'd?
Methinks my forrows now begin to flow:

990
O might they ever bleed, since Jesus dy'd!
Yea,

Yea, dy'd for such a treacherous soul as mine.
Why did he suffer death for such a worm?
O never, never, can I mourn enough!
The lovely One is gone, hath lest our world;
The Prince of persect beauty now hath fall'n;
And the most valuable of all lives
Is taken, (rather say is giv'n) for men.

O could my fingers touch the mournful keys, How fad, how folemn, should the tones be play'd! Or could my tongue, like Jeremy's, lament, The plaintive strain should swell! My Saviour's dead! But pity me ye soft and tender hearts, Whose tears, fast trickling, can assuage your grief; Mine struggles hard for vent; no common woe 1005 Works in my breast, which heaves the pensive sigh, Almost too big for birth. The theme I fing Should ne'er be mention'd by a careless tongue. And can a heart of stone forbear to melt When such a tale as this presents to view? 1010 No fiction's here, but all is naked fact, In which our dearest interests are involved. (O that we felt and realiz'd it more!) Christ dy'd for you, upon the cross expir'd; Believe and fympathize, adore and love. 1015 My foul, no more forget thy Saviour's love, His life and death remember: O the fweat In the fad garden! and the agony Upon the fatal tree! the melting words!

The

The piercing groans! the deep heart-breaking fighs!
The stripes! the thorny crown! the wounds! the
blood!

The mockings! infults! thirst! and dying pangs! Let these be all remember'd; nor forget The part thy fins have had in wounding him. But Oh how feeble are my best efforts! 1025 I want an angel's talents to display This awful theme, the dying of the Lord. I need the learned's tongue to speak of this; I find myself unequal to the task. But I'm no feigned mourner, hir'd to cry; 1030 My grief is real; I fincerely weep, Though my tongue fails my forrows to express. The deepest woe is sad and silent oft, . Not finding language fuited to its grief. Here then I'll stand in silence, and survey 1035 The corple of Jesus-most affecting fight!

But see, the friends of the deceased come
To take the body from the bloody cross;
For they have begg'd it as their dearest boon.
Pray, who is there?—Good Joseph, rich and just,
A member of the great Sanhedrim; who
Had waited for the kingdom of his God:
Had not consented to the bloody deed,
The murder of the Saviour; but withdrew,
When all his int'rest could not save that life
1045
Which was to him so dear. For, you must know,
That

That he was Christ's disciple in his heart, But had not overcome the fear of man, And therefore secretly to him adher'd. But in the time of need he shews himself: - 1050 In greatest danger he is bolder grown. When boldest soldiers flee, the tim'rous stand. Now he could boldly go to Pilate's face, And ask him for the body of the Lord; The wrath of Jews and Gentiles fears no more. 1055 But who is that with him? Know you that man?— 'Tis Nicodemus; 'tis the very same Who came to Jesus at the first by night. How is he alter'd for the better much! How ignorant was he! wife is he now! 1060 How fearful then was he! but now how bold! And yet this change came on by flow degrees. How many speak against these secret friends! These night-disciples, ignorant and weak; These timid ones, asraid to own their thoughts; 1066 Asham'd to own their sentiments, or love, Through fear of losing friends, and gaining foes; Who feem to want stability of mind; Appear to act an inconfishent part. Such I may pity, but shall ne'er despise; Too well their fears and feelings I have known, Let those who, through an overheated zeal, Despise such characters (for such there are) Remember Nicodemus, and bis like to a bound their Encourage; for they may be bold at last, with xogg And

2 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. [Book II.

And fecret friends may sometimes service do,
When open ones may have no chance at all.
Thus David sent his faithful Hushai back
To follow with the faithless Absalom:
To serve his turn the better, and defeat
The dang'rous counsels of Ahitophel.
Joseph and Nicodemus, hid so long,
Through weakness, ignorance, or doubt, or fear,
Came forth the boldest soldiers at the last,
And follow'd Jesus openly when dead,
And honourably they did bury him,
(Though he was slain most ignominiously)
Whom, while alive, they never dar'd to own.

The Roman guards attend. They break the legs Of both the thieves who suffer'd with the Lord, 1090 To make them die the sooner, through the pain And loss of blood: (O punishment severe!)

But Jesu's legs they brake not; for they sound Him dead already; and the Scripture said,

Not one of all his bones shall broken be.

1095

This was foreshewed by the paschal lamb,

A bone of which they were forbid to break.

But Oh! there follows here a moving scene!

A soldier with a spear did pierce his side,

Pierc'd through the pericardium and the heart, 1100

Both blood and water slowing out at once!

O barb'rous action! ne'er to be forgot:

Pray

Pray was it not enough that he was dead?

As the Centurion had affur'd the judge.

If they were fatisfy'd, and order'd thee

To help to take his facred body down;

Who gave thee leave his bleffed fide to pierce?

What could poffes thee thus to use his corpse,

Now, fince the governor had giv'n him up

To the disposal of his dearest friends?

How must they feel to see thee stab him thus!

But was this accident, or chance, that so
Directed him the Saviour thus to stab?
'Twas the fulfilment of a prophecy,
Foretold in ancient times, and must be done.

III5
On me, whom they have pierced, they shall look,'
And mourn for him, as tend'rest sire bereav'd,
Lamenteth for his son, his darling child,
And is in bitterness for his first born;
So shall they be in bitterness for me.

My Saviour's fide a double flood pour'd out.
That stream which prov'd him dead, makes us to live.
Both blood and water ran to save our souls:
The blood aton'd, the water purisses.
Thus Jesus came by both, not one alone;
The Spirit, Water, Blood, in one agree:
And thus bear witness to God's truth on earth.

But

4 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. Book IL

But now his body, taken from the cross,
With myrrh, and aloes, spices, linen clean,
Was dres'd; and being thus prepar'd, was laid 1130
In Joseph's tomb, hewn from the solid rock;
Where never man was laid before, nor since,
One stone so large as clos'd the sepulchre
Was brought and laid, that all might be secure.

Here lay the Prince of Peace; and thus hath bleft.

And made the grave a quiet refting-place.

1136

Death and the grave have lost their horrid gloom.

Since Jesus pass'd their empire in his way.

To bliss unfading, and a glorious crown.

Here then we leave him in the tomb awhile, 1140
And take a little time to meditate
Upon the great defigns he had in view,
When on the cross he suffer'd pain and death,
And thus sulfill'd the purposes divine.
So while we mourn our Lord, untimely slain
By cruel hands, we'll praise him for his love,
That made him willingly to death submit,
To raise our souls to everlasting life!

END OF THE SECOND ROOK.

BOOK III.

THE INTERMEDIATE STATE.

OME mortals, view your Saviour here entomb'd;
O fight enough to break an heart of stone!
JESUS, the Lord of glory, sleeps in dust!

But wherefore must it be, that he should taste
The cup of death? Was there no other way
In which he could perform the Father's will,
Fulfil the law, and save a guilty race;
Accomplish all the written prophecies,
And overcome the pow'rs of death and hell;
Destroy the devil's works, and purge our stains,

And reconcile the ruin'd world to God?

No other means were found, and none could be Sufficient to atchieve these mighty things,

Except his death, or Jesus had escap'd;

For thus he pray'd:—Father, if possible,

Let this cup pass from me, this bitter draught a saw But if it is thy will that I must drink,

(Ev'n to the very dregs) my soul submits.

G 3

Twas

'Twas long foretold that Jesus should be slain;
Not for himself, but for the people's crimes.

Thus in his suff'ring scene, 'tis often said,
All this was done the Scriptures to sulfil,
The prophecies by ancient prophets wrote.

The following things of him were prophefy'd,
Which to the nicest point have been fulfill'd,
And therefore well deserve our serious thoughts:

That the Messiah, who should reconcile
Both God and man together, should be nam'd
IMMANUEL, GOD WITH US, The FATHER'S SON.
Only-begotten Son of God most high,
Wonderful, Counsellor, The mighty God,
The everlasting Father, Prince of Peace.

That, in the time appointed, he should take Our slesh, and be the woman's promis'd Seed; Yet she a virgin pure should still remain.

*Twas faid that he from Abr'ham's loins should fpring;

From Isaac's, Jacob's, Judah's, David's stock,

That he in Bethl'em's city should be born, Was plainly by the prophet Micah told.

The

The sceptre was departing at his birth From Judah's tribe, as Jacob had declar'd.

'Twas faid Messiah should be born and slain Within the term of seventy weeks of years, From the decree by Artaxerxes giv'n Jerusalem's fam'd city to rebuild.

45

And while the second temple still should stand, Whose greatest glory should in this consist, That in it the Messiah should appear, And with his real presence bless the place.

49

That Rachel's land should for its children mourn, While he for safety, should to Egypt fly.

His name was called Netzer, or The Branch; He dwelt at Nazareth, A Nazarene Was call'd, and thus fulfill'd the prophet's words.

'Twas farther prophefy'd, that he should have 55 A great Forerunner to prepare his way; Who in the wilderness should cry aloud, And, like Elias, pow'rful be, and bold,

That he in Galilee should first begin To preach the Gospel, and enlighten those Who sat in darkness, and death's gloomy vale.

60

That he should many wond'rous works perform; (The blind eyes open, and deaf ears unstop; Make lame ones leap as harts, the dumb to sing;)

By which his doctrine pure should be confirm'd.

He shall not strive nor cry, (the prophet said)
His voice shall not disturb the crowded streets;
The bruised reed he shall not break, nor quench
The smoking slax, till vict'ry he obtains.
Mildness, humanity, and gentleness,
Are traces of his character renown'd:
But persevering, he shall gain his ends,
And judgment shall establish in the land,
And make the islands for his law to wait.

Another prophecy f oretold, thathe

Should ride into Jerusalem upon

An ass's colt: meek, lowly, just, and good;

Having salvation, bringing peace to men;

Should be proclaim'd as king, as David's son,

And loud hosannas chaunted to his praise,

By babes and sucklings, as the Lord ordain'd.

He was the stone by builders set at nought, Yet by Jehovah made the corner's head; The stone in Zion laid, the tried stone, The precious corner-stone, foundation sure. And whoso trusteth in his name, shall find He hath no cause of him to be asham'd.

90

Yet

As this great work is by JEHOVAH done!
'Tis in our eyes both marvellous and grand.

The prophet testify'd, that he should be Despised and rejected by mankind;
A man of woe, acquainted well with grief;
As one that hides his face because he weeps.
Despis'd, unpity'd, disesteem'd by most.

'Twas plainly told that he should be cut off 95 For other men's transgressions, not his own; He for our crimes was wounded, for our fins Was bruis'd, and our chastisements on him laid; His righteous foul for us was put to pain. 'Tis by his stripes our fin-fick fouls are heal'd. All we like wand'ring sheep, have gone astray; To our own ways we have perverfely turn'd. TEHOVAH laid on him the fins of all; Of him they were exacted; them he bare. He was oppressed and afflicted fore; 105 Yet never utter'd murm'ring, or complaint. By wicked men unjustly was condemn'd. Who would declare the manner of his life? No friend appear'd to plead his righteous cause. For our transgressions smitten unto death. 116 His grave appointed with the wicked was; But with the rich man was his sepulchre. Though he no violence had ever done, Nor in his mouth deceit or guile were found;

Yet 'twas Jehovah's pleasure him to bruise, 115 And put his soul to grief because of sin.

The prophet farther saith, If he shall make
His soul an off'ring for the sins of men,
That he shall see his seed, prolong his days;
Jehovah's pleasure prosp'ring in his hand,
Shall satisfy his soul for all its toil.
The many he shall justify, because
He bare the punishment of all their sins.

'Twas hinted by the Pfalmist, that he should By one of his disciples be betray'd.— 125. Mine own familiar friend, who walk'd with me, Who ate my bread, in whom I did confide. Did lift the heel, and prov'd a traitor vile. 'Twas not an open foe that fought my harm; That I could well endure: but Oh, the wounds 130 Of falsehood and deceit, where malice lurks Under the guise of friendship, who can bear? How often had we walk'd, and mutually Held conversation sweet! Thou wast a man, Mine equal, guide, and mine acquaintance dear! 135 But Oh, he hath rebell'd against his Lord! His words feem'd smoother than the softest oil; Yet were they sharpest swords for war prepar'd.

This David of Ahitophel declar'd,
And might, with truth, be spoke of Judas too.

Alike

Alike their treason, and alike their end; Themselves they hang'd! Dire fruits of perfidy!

Of Judas thus the Holy Spirit spake,

By David's mouth—His dwelling shall be void,

His office to another shall be giv'n,

And he himself shall die abhor'd, accurst.

That Christ for thirty pieces should be sold—
The money to the potter should be cast—
Were circumstances by the Lord reveal'd,
And written long before the things were done.

150

Awake, O sword, (Jehovah saith) and smite The man, my shepherd, fellow, and my friend; The shepherd smite, the sheep shall be dispers'd. This was accomplish'd when he was betray'd, And his disciples sav'd themselves by slight; Leaving their master in his great distress.

That he should be mock'd, scourg'd, and spit upon,

And fuffer agonies of soul extreme;
And as a malefactor die the death,
The most accursed death that man could taste; 160
Should hang upon a tree, be listed up,
As Moses rais'd the brazen serpent high;
In hands, and seet, and side, should pierced be;
Be number'd with transgressors; bear the sins

THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. Book HL

Of many, or the multitude of men,

And intercession make for creatures vile;

That lots upon his vesture should be cast,
And men among themselves his cloaths divide;

His thirst be mock'd with vinegar and gall;

That all his bones should be preserv'd unbroke,
And that with honour he should be entomb'd,

Maugre the rage and malice of his foes—

These things were all foretold, and came to pass,

With great exactness, as the prophets wrote.

Thus then, one reason's plain why. Justes dy'd; Because the Scriptures cannot be annull'd. The law of Moses, in its num rous rites, To Jesus pointed, was in him fulfill'd; He was both altar, facrifice, and priest; In him the legal fervice had it's end; He was the great fin-offering, typify'd By all the facrifices of the law-His death hath answer'd all the purposes, And more than all, for which they were design'd. Far greater is our priest than Aaron was; For he had fins and failings; Christ, had none. The facrifices offer'd by the priests Were offer'd frequently; Christ, once for all. They offer'd blood of others; he, his own. They made atonement for themselves, as well As for the congregation; he, for us, Not for himself at all, he needed not;

For he was holy, harmless, undefil'd,
And separate from sinners, free from sin,
Made higher than the heav'ns, and hath his throne
Above all principalities and pow'rs,
And ev'ry name that can be nam'd, in this
Or in the age to come; to him all things
Shall be subjected in their proper time.

Those priests were many, and successors had; 200
For death prevented their continuance long.
But Christ abides for ever; therefore hath
A glorious priesthood, sure, unchangeable.
And having once a full atonement made,
And purg'd our sins by his own precious blood, 205
And reconciliation made for all,
Is able, to the uttermost to save,
The souls that come to God through him; because,
Though once he dy'd to sin, he lives to God,
And ever lives to intercede for them.

The law made nothing perfect; all alike
Were still in weakness found, people and priests,
And facrifices, covenant, and rites.
The load of sin could never be remov'd
By all the blood of lambs, or bullocks slain,
Nor conscience of the worshippers be purg'd:
For in those oft-repeated offerings,
Each year there was a fresh remembrance made:
Of sin; thus shewing that it still remain'd.

219
CHRIST

94 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. [[Book III.

CHRIST was the Lamb of God, who takes away, By his great facrifice, the fin of men.

Those off rings were appointed for a time,
(Though everlasting was to them apply'd)

As shadows of the substance then to come.

CHRIST is the tabernacle, altar, priest, 225 Ark, mercy-seat, bread, light, and sacrifice. His spirit is the oil, his grace the spice, The incense is his mediation sweet, The candlestick his church, the sacred cloaths Point out the robe of righteousness divine; 230 Salvation's holy garments white and clean! The place most holy, figure of the true, The palace of JEHOVAH represents; The cherubim, or feraphim, intend His ministers redeem'd from earth by blood; 235 The leaders of the Church of the first-born, First-fruits of men to God, and to the Lamb. The cleanfing blood and water, shadows were Of that mysterious double-slood, which ran From our dear Saviour's wounded, pierced fide, 240 By which our stains are cleans'd, our fins forgiv'n.

Thus is our Lord the substance of the law:
And as blood-shedding was by that requir'd,
Without which no remission is obtain'd,
By blood almost all things are purg'd and cleans'd;
And as the patterns of the heav'nly things

Were purify'd with blood, the blood of beasts,
'Twas needful that the heav'nly things themselves,
Should all be purg'd, restor'd, and reconcil'd,
By facrifices better far than these:

And hence 'twas necessary Christ should die.
For blood of sinful men could ne'er atone,
Where purest blood of harmless lambs had fail'd.
No blood so pure was ever found on earth
As that of beasts, except the blood of Christ.

Man's blood desiles; the blood of beasts did serve
To cleanse the slesh; the blood of Jesus makes
The conscience pure, and takes all guilt away.

'Thus'twas appointed that he should appear, Finish transgression, make an end of sin, 260 And for iniquities of ev'ry kind A perfect reconciliation make, And bring in everlasting righteousness: And thus fulfil both prophecies and types. 265 Another grand design our Saviour had In fuff'ring death, was to confirm, and feal, To dedicate his glorious testament, To ratify the covenant of grace, And give his will validity and force: For though a will and testament be made. 275 It hath no strength while the testator lives: And consequently he must surely die, Or else his written testament is void.

96 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. [Book III.

The former testament was ratify'd,
Was dedicated, and confirm'd by blood.
When faithful Moses ev'ry thing had wrote,
And ev'ry precept to the people spake,
Which God had giv'n him to communicate,
He took the blood of calves and goats, which he
With water mix'd; then dipp'd into the same
With water mix'd; then dipp'd into the same
Some hyssop, and a lock of scarlet wool.
The people, tabernacle, book, and all
The holy vessels, sprinkled he therewith,
Declaring that the testamental blood,
Or covenant, which God had them enjoin'd.

Thus when the Saviour broke the bread, he faid,
Take eat; this is my body broke for you:
And when he took the wine, he faid, Drink this;
For 'tis my blood of the new Testament,
Shed for your sins, and for the multitude.
Thus, with propriety, his blood is call'd
Blood of the everlasting covenant;
By which, with many, it was then confirm'd,
When Jesus tasted death for ev'ry man.

Christ dy'd to reconcile us all to God;
And this he did while we were enemies:
Much more, when reconcil'd, we shall be sav'd,
Since Jesus lives to intercede for us.
For if his death hath done such mighty things,
Not less may be expected from his life.

If objects of eternal love we were Before Christ dy'd, we cannot now be less; Since he hath bought us with his precious blood.

Gentiles and Jews to reconcile together,
And break the wall of separation down;
Making of twain one new man by himself,
And thus proclaiming peace to all as one;
Bringing both nigh to God; taking away
The enmity which the distinction made:

To compass this, Christ suffer'd on the cross. 315
Hence distrence now there's none, before the Lord,
Between the Gentile nations and the Jews:
No nation now is common or unclean,
Since Jesus shed his blood to cleanse them all.
All are his children, over all he's Lord,
And rich to all that call upon his name.

As all partakers were of flesh and blood,
He stoop'd to be our partner; took the same,
That he might suffer death, and thus destroy
The devil's kingdom, and the pow'r of death:
And ransom those who are enslav'd by fear;
Through fear of death in cruel bondage held.

O bleft deliv'rance! this we may obtain, Since Jesus gave his life for that intent. And sure 'twas kind the tyrant to disarm, Since to escape him, who can dare to hope?

330

H

What

What comfort hence results to dying men!
And what a glorious reason may be giv'n
Why Jesus tasted death for ev'y one!
Let praise and gratitude for ever flow
335
From all our hearts, to Him who death destroy'd,
And robb'd the mortal tyrant of his sting.

'Twas needful Christ should pass thro' ev'ry state Thro' which the wand'ring fons of men had gone. And overcome the evil in them all. 340 Thus he was born, liv'd, dy'd, reviv'd, and rofe; That over all he might dominion gain. Be stil'd Lord of the living and the dead. He gave his flesh for meat, his blood for drink? And dy'd to give to us eternal life. 345 His precious blood is now an open font, Wherein our foulest stains may all be cleans'd: Our fins, like scarlet, may be white as fnow; Though red, like crimfon, may become as wool: And we from all iniquity be purg'd. 350 And from this present evil world redeem'd, May glorify our God by works of love.

Many and glorious were our Lord's defigns.
In suff'ring death: one more I'll mention here:—
He dy'd for us, as our example bright,
That we his steps should follow to the last.
Thus, when we're call'd to suffer in his cause,
We may commit our souls to God the Just;

And

And bear, with meekness, what our Lord permits.

And forasmuch as Christ for us endur'd

360

Most painful suff'rings in his mortal sless,

May we with the same mind be always arm'd:

For he that suffers in the sless freed

From sin, and is conform'd to Christ, his head.

Thus having meditated on this scene, And profitably look'd the Scriptures o'er, And fought and found why Jesus gave his life; Now we attend him to the land of fouls. And first to paradise he shapes his course, That blifful region, where the righteous dwelt, 370 Who dy'd in faith, but had not yet receiv'd Those promises for which they waited long; Had feen from far, and heartily embrac'd, Confessing they were strangers here on earth; And thus declar'd they fought sublimer things, A better country far; which there they found. Each gather'd to his people, dwelt in peace, Waiting 'till the great promise should appear, 'Till the Messiah should in person come, And pass those realms, and give them brighter views Than they had feen before, and bring them forth 381 To greater glory, higher scenes of bliss!

For this they waited long in faith and hope,
And were not disappointed; for at last
The vision spake, although it tarry'd long.

H 2

The

100 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. Book III.]

The God that cannot lie perform'd his word, To their great joy who trusted in his name; For none shall be asham'd who wait for him.

There Abel dwelt, by his fierce brother flain; The first of men that pass'd the iron gate, 390 And felt that strangest thing, what 'tis to die: By God accepted, honour'd, and approv'd; Witness'd as righteous by the Lord Most high; His character must shine for ever fair. His life unspotted, precious was his death; 395 His fervent faith produc'd obedience pure; And though his fun went down in early morn, Yea, set in blood, his virtue met reward: And his example speaks aloud to all, To follow him, though it should cost our lives; Since God is able to repay us well, Whate'er in serving him we chance to lose.

Noah was there, who stood a laughing-stock
To all the earth an hundred years, or more,
Because he did believe his God, and built
The ark at his direction, to preserve
His houshold from destruction by the flood.
The world of infidels long mock'd his zeal,
But saw their folly when it was too late.

Abra'm, the Father of the faithful seed, With Isaac, Jacob, Joseph, dwelt in hope,

410

Waiting

Waiting with expectation long, yet firm, To fee the glories of this wond'rous day. The Prophets, and the righteous men of old, Who greatly wish'd to see the Saviour come, 415 But ne'er beheld him in the flesh; now faw The Lord, whom long they had defir'd to fee. Some fay the Scriptures contradict themselves, Because 'tis said The righteous man's desire Shall be fulfill'd; yet Christ his followers told 420 That many prophets, kings, and righteous men, Defir'd to see and hear the things they did, But yet had never seen nor heard the same: . But mark, he did not fay they never should; For their defires were all fulfill'd at length. 425

How had the company in paradife Increas'd fince righteous Abel thither went! Long did he wait ere by another join'd; Think how he welcom'd in the foul of Eve, They, that of Adam; all that after came 430 Were welcom'd by the spirits gone before. But when the foul of Jesus left the world, And came to vifit those who waited long To see their Lord, who can describe the scene? O the furprize and joy that fill'd the place! 435 Who can express their raptures, or declare The kind expressions slowing from his tongue? Methinks when first he enter'd, one proclaim'd Here comes your Saviour's foul to visit you!

H 3

Ler

102 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. [Book III.

Let all adore their Lord, who dy'd for them.

Then down in filence proftrate all they fell,
With joy and wonder fill'd, to fee him there,
For whom they waited, wish'd, and look'd so long.

Soon, as REDEEMER, he address'd the throng, With, Peace be unto you, behold your king! This day I dy'd upon the cross, and made A full propitiation for mankind; For all your fins my blood hath now aton'd. And I am come to comfort all your hearts; Good will, peace, pardon, wisdom, love, and pow'r, Redemption and falvation I proclaim, Since to my Father all I've reconcil'd. Soon from the dead my body shall be rais'd: Some of your graves I've open'd, you shall rife As trophies of my vict'ry o'er the grave; 455 The rest, when I descend, on earth to reign, Shall the same bleffings share, shall be redeem'd From foul corruption's pow'r-in glory rais'd; Shall shine like suns and stars, dominion have O'er all the people; and like me appear, 460 In brightness like the firmament of heav'n. A crown of righteoufness, and glorious throne Shall be your portion; for with me you're heirs.

This faid, the blifsful place did loud refound,
And Worthy, worthy, worthy is the Lamb

Glory and pow'r and honour to receive,

For he was flain, and ranfom'd us to God:
And we shall live and reign with him on earth!

But now the thief expir'd, his foul convey'd
By guardian angels, foon arriv'd in peace,
As Jefus promis'd. O what triumph then
Was heard in paradife, when this first-born
Of Jefu's labour, was receiv'd to dwell
In Abrah'm's bosom, with his faithful fons!
Our Saviour's fuff'rings were both cause and means
Of his repentance and conversion true.

476
This triumph, gain'd by grace in such an hour,
The dear Redeemer greatly magnify'd.

But now excuse my bold attempt to shew The Saviour's process through Gebenna's shades: 480 For as he shed his blood for all the dead. 'Twas necessary he should visit them. For if he dy'd for all, as we believe, And shed his blood for the transgressions done, From Adam's first offence through every age; 485 For those who held the former testament. And for past fins, as well as those to come; He had a pow'r to set his pris'ners free, And claim the captives as his lawful right: And therefore he must pass through ev'ry state, 490 And visit ev'ry place where men were found, Whether alive or dead, that he might be Acknowledg'd as the rightful Lord of all;

H 4

And

And gain a full dominion ev'ry where And make opposing pow'rs submit to him. 495

Far in the deep, the centre of the earth, The gloomy mansions of despair are plac'd; (Unless the Scripture's written to deceive) To this sad place the Saviour must descend, As he himself did frequently declare; 500 That as the prophet Jonah, swallow'd up, Three days and nights entomb'd in darkness lay, Contain'd within the belly of the whale; Thus must the Son of man as long remain, Not in earth's furface only, but its heart. 505 For he that was defign'd all things to fill, To re-ascend into the highest heav'ns, Must first descend into earth's lower parts, The depth of *Hades*, but not there remain. Why should we gloss the sacred pages so 510 As to explain their meaning quite away? For foul put body, surface for the centre? By this same rule, we might destroy all sense, And make the facred books mean what we pleafe. But as they have declar'd, that wicked men 515 Into the lower parts of earth shall go, And that our Saviour also thither went, T' accomplish most important purposes, Of hell's locality we need not doubt; But may believe 'tis in earth's centre found. 520 This is no pious fraud of gloomy priefts, Howe'er

Howe'er it may be ridicul'd by men:

Jehovah hath thought fit to represent

The matter thus, and who can him gainsay?

Rather would I believe him than dispute,

525

Or once suppose that his description's false.

But who can paint the place where darkness dwells? Or who can count the many millions there. Shut up, on whom the light had never shone Since first they enter'd, 'till that blessed day 530 When Jesus went, deliv'rance to proclaim To captives bound in adamantine chains, Which he alone could break, and fet those free Who were in prison, in the pit confin'd, Where not a drop of water could be found, 535 Or comfort to assuage their bitter grief. Th' amazing gulf impassable, which parts Gebenna from the land of Paradise, Which none had cross'd 'till then, nor hop'd to pass, Thè breaker up attempted, not in vain, 540 For he succeeded, maugre all the pow'r Of hell's grim monarch, who oppos'd his march With most infernal fury; for he fear'd The consequences of his entrance there. But Jesus broke the gates of brass, and cut 545 The iron bars in funder, and obtain'd The keys of hell and death, which now he holds. He shuts, and none can open, but himself; He opens, none can shut; all pow'r is giv'n,

106 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. [Book III.

All judgment is committed to the Son.

All hell was mov'd, on that occasion strange,

To see the King of Glory enter in.

When Babylon's proud Monarch came to dwell
In those dark regions, hell was mov'd to meet
So great a tyrant, and stirr'd up the dead,
The mighty ones, the princes of the earth,
Who, rising from their thrones, address'd him thus:

Art thou become like us? As weak as we? Thy pomp and noise is to the grave brought down: The worms are spread beneath, and cover thee. 560 How art thou fallen from the height of heav'n, O Lucifer, fon of the morning bright! How to the ground like other worms thou'rt cast, Who weaken'd nations, and destroy'd mankind! Thou faid'st, I will ascend to heav'n above, 565 And fix my throne above the stars of God; I'll fit upon the congregation's mount, Where God hath plac'd his name, I'll make my feat, Above the highest clouds myself I'll raise; Like the Most High in glory I will be. These were thy boasts, but now, brought down to hell, Within the prison of the pit confin'd,

Thy pow'r is gone, thy flaves no longer fear,
But look to fee thy vifage alter'd fo,
And thus contemn thee with their taunting words;

Is this the man that made the earth to shake? 576 Made kingdoms totter on their bases deep!

That turn'd the world into a wilderness!

Destroy'd towns, cities, countries, nations, lands;

That never open'd prison doors, nor set 580.

His captives free, once taken by his hand?

Thus hell's inhabitants infulted him. And O what num'rous nations there were found! When Egypt was destroy'd by Chaldea's king, And Pharaoh proud descended to the pit, All nature seem'd to mourn his dreadful fall. The deeps were cover'd, and the floods restrain'd, Great waters flay'd, and high Libanus mourn'd, The fruitful trees seem'd fainting at his fall. How shook the nations when God hurl'd him down To hell! the nether parts of earth, the pit, With many nations join'd with him in death. The heav'ns were mantled, and the stars were dark. The fun was cover'd with a fable cloud. And God forbade the filver moon to thine. 595 All the bright lights of heav'n were darken'd then; Darkness and clouds were set upon the land. Such numbers then descended all at once, Slain by the fword; if that would comfort them, 600 None furely confolation need to want. But O, the lamentable wailing hear, Which God commanded for the multitude Of Egypt flain, and all their company.

Wail

108 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. [Book III.

Wail Son of man, for proud Egyptians slain, And cast them down, nor them alone, but all 605 The daughters of the nations greatly fam'd To earth's most nether parts, its centre deep, With them that to the gloomy pit go down. Whom dost thou pass in beauty, Egypt fair? Go down, with the uncircumcis'd be laid. 610 They by the fword shall fall among the dead. She is deliver'd to the dreadful stroke: Draw her, and all her multitudes together. The strong among the mighty out of hell, Shall speak to him, and to his helpers slain; 615 They are gone down, they lie uncircumcis'd, Slain by the fword, and many nations more. Ashur is there, and all her company: His graves are round about him, all destroy'd By cruel war; dire fruits of mortal fin! 620 See there her graves around her, in the fides Of the deep dreary pit; O awful thought! Her company is round about her grave; All flain, and by the fword cut off from earth, Who caus'd their terror far to spread abroad. 625 Elam, with all her multitude around, Slain, fallen by the fword uncircumcis'd, Gone down into the nether parts of earth; Who caus'd their fear upon mankind to fall; Yet have they borne their shame, as others have, 640 Who have gone down together to the pit. A bed is fet among the flain for her,

And

And for her multitude, whose graves surround him, Uncircumcis'd, unclean, slain by the sword.

What profit can it be to them, that once 635

They to the living were so terrible?

For they must bear their shame, and dwell among The melancholy dead, whom swords destroy'd.

There's Meshech, Tubal, and her num'rous hosts, Plac'd in the manner as before describ'd: Their character the same, the same their end. But for some reason separated there From other mighty ones uncircumcis'd, Who with their warlike weapons went to hell; (How little of that hidden state we know!) Their cruel swords under their heads are laid, But their iniquities are on their bones; Their fins lie down with them and give them pain, And make their fouls in bitt'rest accents mourn. They, once the terror of the mighty, now 650 Are feeble, and a terror to themselves. Yea, pow'rful as thou wast, thou shalt be broke, And take thy portion with the vulgar tribe. And with th' uncircumcifed flain shall lie. Edom, with all her princes, dukes and kings, Lie there in ruin, brought exceeding low. Their might is perish'd, and their grandeur gone; And in the pit their habitation lies.

There

110 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. Book HI.]

There be the princes of the north, with them The pow'rful fons of fam'd Zidonian race. Now they're asham'd of all their mighty deeds, And bear their shame, the punishment of crimes. With all the nations who inhabit hell, Slain by the fword, uncircumcis'd, unclean. Pharaoh shall see the num'rous peoples there; 665 And that the mighty have no cause to boast, And have this comfort that he's not alone, (If this is comfort to the mis'rable) This is the lamentation over him. A dreadful warning to proud mighty men: 679 Though great their glory, great must be their shame: For just in that proportion as they have In foftness liv'd, and glorify'd themselves, Just so much pain and sorrow they must feel. O what amazing numbers were confin'd In these dark regions! most who liv'd and dy'd During the period of four thousand years. But far the greatest number swept at once From earth, was by the flood in Noah's time. Millions have been destroy'd in one campaign By war, as was the case with Xerxes host; Earthquakes, volcanoes, famines, plagues and storms, Wide-wasting pestilences, raging slames, And dreadful inundations, whirlwinds flerce, Have often flain their millions; but the flood 685 Swept off a world at once; which then contain'd Near twenty thousand millions of mankind; Suppose

Suppose they doubled twice each century; Which cannot be improbable, because No children dy'd in infancy; they liv'd Nearly a thousand years in gen'ral then. Seldom a son before his father dy'd, And but nine generations left the flage Before the dreadful flood of water came. So, if my calculation's rightly made, 695 All but one thousand and thirty were drown'd, That ever had been born of woman kind. Hades was peopled then at once with ghosts, Who had been disobedient sinners bold, Insulted God's long suff'ring, ridicul'd His fervant, who through faith and fear preparid An ark for the falvation of his house. These were shut up in prison, and remain'd In hopeless darkness; not one chearful ray Had pierc'd the dismal gloom in that long night, (Almost two thousand and four hundred years.) 706

No wonder that our Saviour first began
To preach the gospel to those wretched souls,
Who were a large proportion of mankind
That ever yet have liv'd since time began.
Long, long they sinn'd on earth; no others had,
Nor ever shall have, half their years to sin.
By parity of reas'ning, plain it seems
They were the greatest sinners of mankind;
As being first and longest in the ways
715

112 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. Book III.]

That lead to dire destruction, harden'd most By long forbearing patience of the Lord. Longest had they continu'd in despair. Yet Jesus dy'd for them, as well as us; And that the gospel might to them be known, He went, his foul descended into hell; The prison doors he enter'd, and he preach'd Unto the spirits there confined long. Who fometime disobedient were, when once God waited long in ancient Noah's days. 725 Christ preach'd to dead, distinguish'd from the quick, (As he is judge both of the quick and dead) That by the gospel they might judged be, Like those who heard it while they dwelt in flesh, And that they might in spirit live to God, 730 And be compleatly free from fin and death. Thus Jesus gave himself a sacrifice, A ranfom for the world, and ev'ry man, From Adam, to the last that shall be born: To be in due time testify'd to all. .735

What great success attended Jesus then,
Who can conceive? What mortal can declare?
He spoiled principalities and pow'rs,
And of them openly he made a shew;
Triumphing over those infernal hosts,
Who held their captives fast in hellish chains.
He from the mighty took the prey, and set
The lawful captives at their liberty.

Thus

Thus he captivity did captive lead; And by his blood the pris'ners were fent forth, 745 Out of the pit of drouth, and deepest woe. This work fulfill'd the prophecies which faid. Thus faith JEHOVAH, who created heav'ns And stretch'd them out, and form'd the earth and seas. Made man, and gives him being, life, and breath, And doth provide him ev'ry needful thing: 751 Thee have I call'd in righteousness divine, Will hold thine hand, and thee in fafety keep. And give thee for the people's covenant; To all the Gentiles thou shalt be a light. 755 Blind eyes to open, pris'ners to bring forth. Who sit in darkness, from the prison house, Shall be the glorious work thou shalt perform. For in a time acceptable I've heard Thy voice, and help'd thee in falvation's day. 760 At thy command the pris'ners shall be free, The fons of darkness see the light again, And shew themselves, and feed in the high-ways, And in high places find a pasture green; And being brought from tribulation great, 765 Shall be at ease; hunger and thirst no more Their spirits shall oppress, nor sun, nor heat. For God who gives them mercy, shall them lead. Feed them, and guide them by the water springs. Sing, O ye heav'ns; O earth, break forth with joy; Ye mountains fing, and all the hills rejoice; JEHOVAH hath his people comforted,

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And

114 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. [Book III.

And will have mercy upon his distress'd.

Such as in darkness sit, in death's sad shade,

In chains of iron and affliction bound;

Because against Jestovah they rebell'd,

The words and counsel of the Lord contemn'd;

Therefore their heart with labour he brought down;

They fell, and there was none to help them up.

They to Jehovah in their trouble cry'd,

He saved them from their distresses great.

He brought them out of darkness, where they sat,

And from death's gloomy shadow set them free.

In sunder brake their bands infrangible.

O praise Jehovah for his mercy's sake! 7°5
His wond'rous works demand your noblest song.
Not brazen gates, nor massy iron bars,
Nor gulf impassable, nor hosts of soes,
Nor all the pow'rs of hell, could him prevent
From visiting with light and love unknown
The spirits, who so long had dwelt in night.
He to the captives liberty proclaim'd,
The opening of the prison to the bound;
And those consol'd who mourn'd in darkness long.

Thus plain it seems, that ancient sinners heard 795. The glorious gossel by the Saviour preach'd; They disobedient once, his word obey'd, For ought we know, and were by him restor'd. Though Sodom still remain'd, as Jude declares,

Set forth for an example to the world, 800
Suff'ring the vengeance of eternal fire;
Yet glorious promifes await her still:
That her captivity shall be return'd;
She, with her daughters, by Jehovah giv'n,
To proud Jerusalem, but humbled then, 805
Shall be receiv'd with kindest arms of love,
(Though once despis'd, forgot, contemn'd and scorn'd And counted vile by her, more vile herself.)
When all her sins shall be forgiv'n, and she
Shall find in God a father just, yet good; 810
Who though he will correct, will ne'er forsake,
But bring his straying children home at last.

Sing, O ye heav'ns! Jehovan did the deed! Shout, shout, shout, ye lower parts of earth! Ye mountains, O break forth in fongs of praise! 815 O forest wide, and ev'ry tree therein; JEHOVAH hath redeemed Jacob's race, And glorify'd himself in Israel's sons. And this salvation great, is light compared: With those designs so marvellous, so grand, So worthy of a God; for thus he faith To his eternal Son, the Lord from heav'n: 'Tis but a light thing that theu should'st become ! " My fervant to raise up old Jacob's tribes, And the preserv'd of Israel to restore: 825 I'll give thee to the Gentile world a light; To earth's remotest ends salvation be.

116 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. Book III.]

Perform thy pleasure, bring all knees to bow,
Bring ev'ry tongue to swear, and thee confess
The universal Lord. But ask of me,
The heathen, thine inheritance, I'll give;
Possess the utmost limits of the earth.

The Father to the Son all things hath giv'n,
In heav'n, on earth, and in the worlds below;
Therefore to fave the lost he freely came;
Was born, liv'd, dy'd, descended into hell,
Proclaim'd the gospel, triumph'd over him
Who led poor sinners captive at his will.

These mighty acts I've sung; but Oh, how far,
My highest strains must fall below his deeds!
My theme is losty, though my song is weak;
Fain would I praise him, but my words are faint!
My spirit sinks beneath the pond'rous load.
Much still remains to sing, and much I sear
That I shall ne'er be able to compleat
The mighty task I've ventur'd to begin.
But since thus far I'm come, in Him I'll trust
Who can inspire my heart, and guide my pen;
And from the mouth of such a helpless babe,
Perfect his praise, and still the enemy.

856

END OF THE THIRD BOOK.

BOOK IV.

THE RESURRECTION.

HILDREN of Adam, listen to my song;

A most important subject is proposed.

In which your intrest and concern lie deep;
Christ's glorious resurrection is the theme;
That grand event on which salvation hangs;
The sure foundation of our christian faith.
This might employ an angel's noblest pow're;
But God will not disdain a child's attempt.

The Saviour crucify'd by wicked hands,
Had yielded up his life a facrifice;
His foes had triumph'd, and his friends despair'd:
His mangled body, wounded to the heart,
Was in the filent tomb securely laid,
Its entrance by a pond'rous stone was clos'd:
What room, to seeble sense, remain'd for hope?
His followers had abandon'd now his cause,
Chiefly consulting how they might be safe.
Upon the following day, his cruel foes
The Scribes, Chief Priests, and Pharisees, combin'd,
And came to Pilate, thus addressing him:

18 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST: [Book IV.

Sir we remember that Deceiver said,
In three days time I shall arise again.
We therefore pray that thou wouldst place a guard,
Till the third day, to keep the tomb secure;
Lest his disciples steal his corpse by night,
And then proclaim him risen from the dead:
Thus the last error shall exceed the first.
Go then, said Pilate, you shall have a watch,
Be ev'ry thing according to your will;
Make it as sure as possibly you can.
Thus authoriz'd, they seal'd the stone, and plac'd of A guard of soldiers round the sepulchres.

Now when the early dawn began to show and all?
Its beauties, and declar'd the first stapproach and it.
The third, the appointed day, its eye-lids op declar as A train of women, faithful to their Lord,
Were walking early to survey the place
Where lay deposited their dearest friend,
And bringing spices to embalm his sless.

But lo! a glorious form from heav'n came down,
An angel of the Lord, in light array'd;
At his approach the mountains feem'd to nod
Instinctive, and the solid orb did quake:
The stone was in a moment roll'd aside,
Which, for a while, became a slaming throne,
On which he sat in terrible array;
His countenance as light'ning siercely blaz'd:

The

The keepers shook with fear, and fell as dead.

Just in that moment rose the royal Prince;

The Lord of glory lest the darksome tomb.

The brightest sun that ever shone in heav'n,

From whom all light is borrow'd, was eclips'd;

Obscur'd in darkest shades, he set in blood;

He dwelt in darkness, made the dust his bed,

Though suns and stars are only shades of him.

But soon he rose triumphant, and appear'd

More beauteous than the radiant source of day,

Which chears all nature, makes creation smile,

And gladdens ev'ry heart at its approach.

Or, as when darkest clouds had long o'ercast 60. The horizon, and dreadful storms of rain, Hailstones, and furious whirlwinds, tempests drear, Have roar'd around the frighted mariners; When neither sun, nor moon, nor stars are seen For many days, 'till all their hopes are lost.

But when, at length, the sun appears in sight,
The clouds disperse, the dreadful blasts are gone,
The day shines clear, a fair and pleasant breeze
Brings them in safety to their destin'd port;
How joyful is the change! So chang'd the scene
When Jesus rose, and morn appear'd more fair
After so sad a night; the storm was hush'd,
And balmy zephyrs whisper'd, He is ris'n.

120 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. Book IV.]

Or, as when Sol is totally eclips'd,
The gloomy shade appears more dismal far
Than darkest midnight in its proper time.
What sudden consternation seizes all
The animals! The birds affrighted fly
To covert, or, as though depriv'd of life,
They drop their wings, and fall upon the ground; 80
The beasts retire, as though 'twere darkest night;
Nations astonish'd gaze with terror fill'd!
Such the tremendous scene when Jesus dy'd.
But O what pen can paint the gen'ral joy,
When the bright sun emerges from the gloom; 85
Birds sing for gladness, beasts and men rejoice.
Such was the joy in heav'n when Jesus rose.

All figures here must fail, but fancy still Would wish indulgence in the glowing theme. When man was first created, up he cast His wond'ring and delighted eyes, to view The radiant source of day, an emblem bright Of the Creator, who in glory dwells, In light inestable, from darkness free.

But can we tell bis thoughts, when first he saw 95. The shining orb descend to western skies,
And leave the world to night, not knowing then.
Whether or not he should behold it more,
To bless his longing sight with new-born day?
And if his sentiments and feelings were

100
But

But in the least congenial with our own, He might express himself in words like these:

Fair fource of day! so pleasing to my eyes, On which I gaz'd with raptures known no more: Whither, ah whither hast thou fled from me? And must I never see the light again? O, I had hop'd to have enjoy'd thy rays, While my existence should endure, but now Alas that thou art gone! I'm in fuspense How long I may continue, fince I fee That thou art vanish'd, whom I thought so late To be of heav'nly origin,—bright, pure, The image of the glorious Architect: In worth so far superior to myself. Or all that I behold; for thou didft give Beauty and life to ev'ry thing I saw: But thou art gone! perhaps for ever gone! Ah, wast thou shown me for a little time, And then recall'd, no more to bless my fight, To let me feel the want of thee, which else 120 I ne'er had known, if I had not beheld Such glorious beauty in thy shining face That beggars all description! but now lost, What have I left, if I must be depriv'd Of thy effulgence, and in darkness grope, 125 Banish'd from light, and the blest beams of day?

But words are poor, too poor, to represent

122 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. Book III His joy and glad furprize, when he beheld

The rifing fun on the ensuing morn, 129

And heav'n-born light appear'd to bless his eyes!

But how much greater woes and pains they felt Who had enjoy'd the Saviour's chearing rays; When they beheld the Sun of righteousness, That rose with heav'nly healing in his wings, Go down at noon, thus early fet in blood, 135 Cut off by an untimely, curfed death; How did their brightest hopes expire with him!

Great was their mourning for their murder'd Lord! As when a prince of greatest clemency, In whom benevolence displays itself, 140 Whose government is equal, just, and mild; Whose laws are rectitude and harmony; And all his acts promote the public weal; Should he by guile and treach'ry be betray'd To murd'rous hands, and suffer shameful death; 145 How would his faithful subjects mourn and wail! So wept our Lord's disciples when he dy'd; And might in mournful plaints express their grief In fome fuch melancholy words as these.

And is our Lord and Master slain indeed? Is Christ the Lord's anointed put to shame? We trusted that it had been he that should Judah redeem, and Israel's tribes restore; Under his shadow we had hop'd to dwell,

Among

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Among the heathen who compass us round, 154 But ah! our fondest expéctation fails! We thought we could not be deceived in him; His doctrine, miracles, and spotless life, His patience, 'and unfeign'd humility, Meekness and resignation, love and zeal, 160 All join'd to prove him more than mortal man. O what amazing forrows fill our fouls. While we remember all his words of peace. (Now hearding more); and all his works of love. Our pleasures gone! and all our joys are fled! 165 All, all is lost? What comfort can we find, Since he is gone from us,—for ever loft? And all we priz'd, or lov'd, is wholly gone. While he was present heav'n could grant no more; To see, to hear him speak, was all we wish'd; 170 In him our wants and wishes were supply'd. So happily we liv'd, fo free from care, That grief and fasting were to us unknown: At which the Scribes and Pharifees did rage. But now we find our Master spake aright, 175 When thus their censure mildly he reprov'd, Can you suppose the Bridegroom's friends will fast While at the feast his presence they enjoy? But when the day of separation comes, Then shall they weep and fast, and grieve and mourn. This to our cost is truly verify'd; 181 The Comforter that oft reliev'd our fouls,

124 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. Book IV.]

Is far from us: how great our forrows are! So vast our grief, it cannot be increas'd; And too consirm'd for time to mitigate.

184

When Jesus dy'd, all nature sympathiz'd,
Earth from its centre groan'd; the open'd graves
Proclaim'd some great transaction near to come.
And when he rose, dead men came forth to see
The wonders wrought by God's amazing pow'r, 196
These shew'd themselves alive in open light,
Into the holy city enter'd, and appear'd
To many: thus proclaiming, Jesus lives.

When the first company of women came
Near to the place where Jesus was interr'd,
Consulting how to roll the stone away,
They listed up their eyes, and saw 'twas mov'd.
Then Mary Magdalen, immediately
(Before she farther went) ran back to tell
Th' apostles, John and Peter, what was done,
(For she suppos'd her Lord was stol'n away
And otherwise had not been then inform'd,)
While she went back with this perplexing news,
The company went onwards to the tomb;
The blessed angel had posses'd the place:

205
The guards, recover'd from their swoon, were gone.

The women ent'ring in, beheld a fight, That overpow'r'd their spirits; for there sat

An

in heav'nly meffenger, who then appear'd ike a young man in long white garments cloth'd; (At fight of whom they were affrighted fore.) Who thus address'd them, O be not afraid; know that ye feek Jesus who was slain; He is not here, for he is truly ris'n: Come see the place where they his body laid: 215 And quickly go and tell his followers, Peter especially, that He's alive; Behold he goeth foon to Galilee, There we shall see him, as he said to you: What I have told you, ye shall find the truth. 220 Then quickly they departed with great fear, And ran to carry his disciples word: But being fore affrighted, nothing faid' To fome they faw while going on their way, Who probably were Mary, Peter, John, 225 Who ran with speed to see the sepulchre.

John outran Peter, and came thither first,
And stooping down beheld the linen cloaths,
Yet enter'd not 'till Peter did arrive;
Who boldly vent'ring down, beheld the same! 230
But neither saw an angel nor the Lord.

Peter comes out, and John himself descends, and by the order which he there beheld, as then convinc'd that Christ had lest the dead:

For

For they, as yet, had never understood 235
The prophecies, that he must rise again.

Then they departed, leaving Mary there;
Who, fill'd with love to Jesus, stay'd behind,
Determined to seek him constantly,
'Till she could find his body; for she still
Believ'd 'twas stolen from the sepulchre.

When they were gone, she looking in espy'd Two angels sitting, cloath'd in white array!

Que at the head, the other at the feet,

Where Jesu's blessed body had been laid.

Woman, why weepest thou? demanded they. Because (said she) my Lord they have remov'd, And where they've laid him I am ignorant,

When thus she spake, she backward turn'd herself, And saw the Saviour stand; but knew him not. 250

Then he accosted her in words like these; Woman, why weepest thou? whom seekest thou?

She (thinking him to be the gardener)
Thus answer'd—Sir, if thou hast borne him hence,
Tell me where thou hast laid him, I entreat,
255
And I will take him thence immediately.

Jesus faid, MARY. She well knew the voice, And turn'd herself, and answer'd, RABBONI.

Then Jesus said—Embrace me not as yet;
(That is, At this time take not leave of me)
You shall behold my face ere I depart.
Go to my brethren, tell the joyful news,
That I am risen, and shall soon ascend
Unto my Father, and my God and yours.
Bid them prepare to see me ere I go.

265

She was the first to whom the Lord appear'd After his resurrection from the dead;
And she first carried the disciples word,
And told them she had seen the Lord himself;
And that he had declar'd these things to her.

2.78

As foon as Jesus thus to Mary spake,

He quickly went to meet those fearful ones

Who lately had departed from the tomb:

To whom he thus addres'd himself—All hail!

Thus kindly dissipating all their fears:

275

And as they needed greater evidence

Than Mary did (having been terrify'd)

He suffer'd them to hold him by the feet,

And pay their humble worship to him there.

Then farther spake to them in mildest terms—

280

Be not afraid: Go tell my brethren dear

To meet in Galilee, to see their Lord;

As I appointed them before my death;
And now command you to declare the fame.

Then, with great joy, they ran to tell the news To the apostles: But in th' interim, 286 Another company of women went Unto the sepulchre, and enter'd in; But could not find the body of their Lord: And as they were perplexed thereabout, 290 . Behold two angels, like two men, appear'd In thining garments, standing near to them: (Whereas the other women faw but one; He on the right side sat, but these stood up) They were afraid, and bow'd their faces down. But filence then the beauteous angels broke; No music ever was so ravishing As their fweet voices, and the news they told. Thus kindly they address'd the tim'rous train-Why feek ye now the living 'mongst the dead? 300 He dwells no longer in his late abode; Remember how he spake to you He's ris'n. While he was yet alive in Galilee; The Son of man must be deliver'd up Into the hands of bloody finful men: 305 He must be mock'd, and scourg'd, and crucify'd; But he shall rife again on the third day.

At this they well remember'd JESU's words, And soon returned from the sepulchre.

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And

| while the other women were detain'd | 310 |
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| ng their adoration to their Lord, | |
| e first arriv'd where the disciples met, | , |
| told those things to all assembled there | • |
| hough they knew their characters fo w | ell, |
| iends to the Redeemer and his cause, | 31 5 |
| r news, so strange, appear'd like idle tal | es; |
| they believ'd their tidings not at all. | |
| 'eter, hearing of the angels there, | |
| tly went a fecond time to fee; | |
| vent alone; and stooping down beheld, | 320 |
| inen cloaths laid by themselves; and t | |
| rted, greatly wond'ring in himself | |
| those things so strangely come to pass. | · |
| s return, two of their company | |
| hem, to go to Emmaus that day, | 325 |
| the other women had come in, | 3-3 |
| had beheld the Saviour on the road, | |
| ary Magdalen herself return'd: | |
| ter their departure soon arriv'd. | |
| vidence increasing by degrees, | 330 |
| 'd th' apostles minds for farther light. | . 33- |
| homas, probably offended much | • |
| iny credit should be giv'n to those | |
| propagated a report fo strange: | |
| ning their brains were much difturb'd, | 225 |
| nat their fancies were impos'd upon; | 335 |
| reakness, terror, or credulity, | |
| nade them to imagine that they faw | |
| • | Strange |
| | ange |

Strange apparitions, and as strange things heard.
All which he did not credit in the least:

340
And therefore seems to have withdrawn himself.

Here we must leave them for a little time, While we attend another circumstance.

Now while the women were returning, fraught With the glad news that they had feen the Lord, 344 Convers'd with him, and worshipp'd at his feet; Th'affrighted guards in terror ran, and told That they had feen furprizing dreadful things; An angel, of appearance terrible, With raiment white as snow, face like the sun, 350 Had drove them from their stand, possession took. So our first parents were from Eden driv'n, By cherubim, arm'd with a flaming fword. Nor with less tremor did the soldiers flee Than Lot from guilty Sodom, when in flames; 355 Or Israelites from Korah and his troop. When earth first open'd, swallowing them alive. They were in no condition to dispute The pass with such a warrior sent from heav'n, Arm'd with more terrors than the fabled Jove, 360 On fam'd Olympus, hurling thunder-bolts, By Vulcan form'd, to wound his enemies. Though hardy foldiers, they did faint through fear; (So terrible is holiness to sin): Glad to escape with life, they hardly turn'd • 465 Till

'Till in Jerusalem they found themselves;
Where soon they propagated the report,
To the amazement of the citizens.
Some of the watch to the chief-priests repair'd,
And told the horrors of the wond'rous tale,
And added, likely, col'rings of their own;
With a design to exculpate themselves.
So cowardly commanders never fail
To represent the dangers great indeed
From which they see; for fear creates its ills,
As well as magnifies those which exist.

No doubt, the priests might partly be convinc'd
That JESUS CHRIST was risen from the dead;
But such amazing malice dwelt in them,
379
They would not own the least conviction wrought.

Thus faith alone is worse than unbelief;
And therefore wisely hath the Scripture join'd
Confession with the mouth, free, open, sull,
And corresponding holiness of life,
With faith, to make it saving, sound, sincere. 385
For if thou with thy mouth confess Christ Lord,
And in thy heart believe God rais'd him up;
Abiding thus in faith, thou shalt be sav'd.
Man with the heart believes to righteousness,
And with the mouth a good confession makes
Unto salvation; saith the word of Truth.

But many of the rulers did believe
On Jesus, but his name durft not confess,
Lest they should be expell'd the synagogue:

394
They lov'd men's praise more than the praise of God.

Those who deny the Saviour in the world,
And will not own his name before mankind,
Although they may believe, he will deny
Before his Father, and his holy ones,
When he shall come in glory: and the more
He will deny them for their barren faith,
Or stubbornness of will against their light.

These wicked priests with pride and envy fill'd, Instead of turning from their evil ways, Pursu'd their course, and added sin to sin. 405 Together they took counsel, and agreed, To give large money to the foldiers hands, (O love of money! what an evil root!) And hir'd them to report a wilful lie; And promis'd to secure them from all fear 410 Of the displeasure of the Governor. But would these Priests have taken equal pains To spread the truth, or further good designs? The guard by money brib'd, were bid to fay, This man's disciples stole him while we slept. 415 Oh! foolish lie! too gross to be believ'd; Not only void of probability, But quite impossible to be perform'd.

Methinks

| Methinks the devil muit have been alham'd | |
|--|--------|
| Of fuch a flender flory, so absurd; | 420 |
| Tho' by his children rais'd to serve his cause. | • • |
| For who could think a few dishearten'd men, | |
| Who fled away the moment Christ was bound | • |
| Should on a fudden so courageous grow, | |
| As to proceed together, in the night, | 425 |
| To take their master's body from the grave; | |
| Though there a guard of armed men kept wat | ch, |
| On purpose plac'd, the action to prevent? | |
| The sepulchre in solid rock was hewn, | |
| So could not easily be undermin'd; | 439 |
| All entrance was deny'd but by the door, | • |
| And that was closed with a pond'rous stone; | |
| That stone was seal'd, the soldiers plac'd aroun | ıd, |
| Were order'd diligently there to watch, | |
| For one night only, no necessity | 435 |
| For sleeping, fince their watching time was shor | t. |
| Besides they knew 'twas death to sleep on guar | d; |
| And Roman discipline was most severe. | |
| Parents their children would condemn to deat | 3, |
| For disobedience in the smallest point, | 440 |
| Against their military orders giv'n; | |
| Though ev'ry circumstance should plainly pro- | ve |
| The deviation was defign'd for good, | |
| And the event should correspond thereto; | |
| So jealous were they of authority. | 445 |
| And is it likely that these soldiers charg'd | |
| With such a matter of importance, slept? | |
| К 3 | Slept! |
| | |

Slept! though expecting such a bold attempt?
When e'en the novelty of such a scene
Could hardly fail to keep them all awake:
And was it likely all would sleep at once?
And sleep so sound as never to awake
While the disciples roll'd away the stone,
And took the body out, and bare it off?

Thieves choose the darkest nights for their designs;

But now the moon was full, and brightly shone: Which made th' attempt to rob more dangerous. Can it be thought that those who came to steal, Suppose them safely got within the tomb, Should be so void of fear when enter'd there, And act with fuch deliberation calm, As to divest the body of its clothes, (Although glu'd fast with myrrh and other gums,) And fold them up in order, laying down Each by itself; then marching off in peace, 465 Carry their prize in triumph, unpursu'd? But grant these things all happen'd; how could they Who own'd themselves asleep, pretend to tell With such exactness, how they came to pass? Are men asleep allow'd as witnesses? How could they know who took the corpse away? Or how pretend to fay, It did not rife? Or if 'twas stolen, and the robbers known,

Why

| Why did they not pursue them when they wak | c'd, |
|---|------|
| And bring the body back, the thieves expose, | 475 |
| And crush Christianity in embrio? | |
| But these absurdities were overlook'd; | |
| And that notorious falfehood, scandalous, | |
| Was commonly reported through the land: | |
| And was perhaps believ'd; for things as gross | 480 |
| Are fully credited by many now. | |
| For such as give no credit to God's truth, | , |
| (Though fully prov'd by demonstration plain) | |
| • Are easily persuaded to believe | |
| The most improbable, palpable lies. | 485 |
| Those who the Christian revelation hate, | |
| Pretending that they can't believe it true, | |
| Because of difficulties they espy; | , |
| Most commonly because their lives are bad; | |
| (For stubborn infidelity begins | 490 |
| In love of vice, and endeth in despair;) | |
| Believe a thousand falsehoods most absurd, | |
| And greatest inconsistencies maintain, | |
| The groffest contradictions swallow down, | |
| And are more credulous than other men, | 495 |
| As might be fully prov'd if need requir'd. | |
| But if no greater proof can be produc'd, | |
| To prove that Jesus did not rise again, | |
| Than this vain lie, by heathen foldiers spread, | |
| Invented by the Priests, and Pharisees, | 500 |
| Who hir'd them to support so vile a cause; | |
| I shall believe more firmly that he rose, | |
| K | Than |

Than if this falsehood never had been fram'd.

For if the smallest reason had appear'd

To doubt the resurrection of our King,

This would have been insisted on, and we

Had never heard of such a vague report,

So false, unlikely, vain, ridiculous.

But to return: the day our Saviour rose

He shew'd himself to Simon. Oh! what grace!

That he who thrice deny'd him at his death,

Should be the first of all the chosen band

To whom he shew'd himself alive again.

Christ saw he needed comfort; and he gave

The greatest consolation he could wish:

Appear'd, and spake to him of things divine,

And gave him tokens of his pard'ning love.

The two disciples walking on their way.

Towards Emmaus, sorrowful, convers'd

Of all things which had happen'd in those days. 520

As they together reason'd, and commun'd,

Jesus himself drew near, and went with them:

(Oh! happy souls to have such company.)

But him they knew not; for 'twas his intent

Their understandings to enlighten first;

That they might in the sacred pages trace,

Those plain predictions, of his life, and death,

His resurrection, and ascent to Heav'n;

In glory there to sit, which frequent are

Throughout

Throughout the pfalms and holy prophets found;
Nor is the law of Moses destitute

Of proofs, by types, and shadows of the same;
All which the Saviour open'd to their view.

O what a wond'rous fermon Jesus preach'd! Which made their hearts in glowing raptures burn. When just as he had finish'd, they drew nigh Unto their journey's end, but he affay'd Farther to go, but they constrained him To enter in with them; for being fed With heav'nly food, the doctrine of his lips, They wish'd to entertain their unknown friend, And profit more from his discourses sweet. (The love of God receiv'd expands the heart.) He knew their earnestness, and with them went: Sat down with them at meat; but when he took 545 The bread, and bless'd, and brake, and gave to them, Their eyes were open'd, and they knew their Lord: But instantly he vanish'd from their fight. Then to Jerusalem they bent their course, To carry tidings to their brethren there; 550 Whom they affembled found, in fecret met, Saying with joy, The Lord is ris'n indeed, And hath appear'd to Simon verily. The two disciples then in turn declar'd, How they had feen, and heard him in the way: And how he was made known in breaking bread, 556 As thus they spake, behold the Saviour stood

Among

Among them visibly at once confess'd; And thus address'd them, Peace be unto you.

Nothing could equal their amaze and fear; Joy was with wonder, love with trembling mix'd, At this event so sudden, new, and strange. For 'twas the first appearance he had made To them collectively; the manner such As most was calculated to surprize. 565 A fpirit they supposed him to be, Because he enter'd when the door was shut; And unperceived by their fenses came: But foon he spake again and calm'd their minds; Why are ye troubled? Why do thoughts arise Within your trembling hearts? 'Tis I myself. Behold my hands and feet, the marks they bear! Be fatisfy'd; come handle me, and fee; A spirit hath not slesh and bones; I have; As to your fenfes must be evident. 575 When thus he spoke, he shew'd his hands and feet: And while they yet believed not for joy, But were through fear and wonder quite amaz'd; He spake yet more familiarly, and said, My children, have ye any meat at hand? 580

Some broiled fish and honeycomb they gave; Which he receiving, ate it in their sight:
Not that he needed food; they needed faith.
While he was eating he reminded them

Of what he had convers'd with them before. 585 These are the words (said he) I spake to you, That all the prophecies must be fufill'd, Which Moses and the facred Prophets wrote, And which the pfalms declare concerning me. Then he their understanding open'd so. 590 That they might understand the Scriptures plain. Thus it is written, thus it Christ behov'd To fuffer, and to rife on the third day; And that repentance and forgiveness both Should in his name be preach'd through all the world. At first beginning at Jerusalem: 506 And ye are witnesses of all these things. My Father hath fent me, and I fend you: With my authority you shall be cloth'd.

Then did he gently breathe on them, and said,
Receive the Holy Ghost, that gift divine.

Whose sins soever ye remit, they are
Remitted unto them, they are releas'd;
And whose soever ye retain, shall be
Retained unto them, they shall be bound.

Behold, my Father's promife I will fend!

The Holy Ghoft, my messenger divine,

Shall rest on you, with you for ever dwell;

Shall fill your souls with wisdom, love, and pow'r;

Wait for his coming in Jerusalem;

610

And then to ev'ry nation preach my word.

This:

This faid, he left them to that evening week,
That they at leifure might confider well,
What things had past, what they had seen and heard;
That they might recollect his words, and read 615
The Scriptures, and the prophecies compare
With their accomplishments; and be confirm'd
In these essentials of the Christian scheme;
That Jesus Christ the true Messiah is,
That once he dy'd for all, and rose again,
And that salvation comes through him alone.

Thus have I briefly trac'd the history
Of that good day on which our Saviour rose,
A day renown'd above all other days;
For then the sun of righteousness came forth,
To bless the world, and give the nations light.

Hail, Prince of Peace! in spite of all thy soes
Thou art alive, and livest evermore.
And by thy rising from the grave sulfill'd
The sacred oracles, which thus express'd
Thy glorious resurrection from the dead;
Before my face Jehovah have I set,
From him I never did nor can depart;
I never shall be moved; he's my strength;
He always is my aid, at my right hand;
Therefore my heart is glad, my glory shouts
With joyfulness, my flesh shall rest in hope;
Because thou wilt not leave my soul in hell,

Nor

Nor let thine Holy One corruption see.

The path of life, which leads to thine abode,
My ravish'd eyes with great delight shall view:

Fulness of joy is in thy presence known,
At thy right hand are pleasures evermore.

The refurrection of our Lord declar'd He was the Son of God with pow'r divine; 645 And shew'd that he was no imposter vile, But was the One of whom the Prophets wrote. It shew'd his labours, toils, and suff'rings o'er, And his humiliation at an end; And that he had obtain'd a full discharge 650. From all the mighty load that on him lay; That he had gain'd the vict'ry over death; Conquer'd the grave, and triumph'd over hell; Open'd the road to everlasting life. For though through weakness he was crucify'd, 655 He liveth now by God's almighty pow'r; Though once he dy'd to fin, he lives to God. And death shall never more dominion boast O'er fuch a captive, now for ever free.

These grand events sulfill'd our Saviour's words,

(As well as many ancient prophecies)

And as a prophet thus his character

Establish'd firmly; for he often said,

The Son of Man must be deliver'd up

To wicked hands; him they shall crucify;

665

But on the third day he shall rise again.
These sayings were not understood at first,
But fully justify'd by the event,
Were afterwards remember'd, and declar'd
By lawful witnesses, who heard them spoke,
But were afraid to ask their meaning then.

The prophet Jonah, swallow'd by the whale,
And by the same cast up on the third day,
A figure of Christ's resurrection stands;
And was the only sign he would vouchsafe
Unto that generation most perverse;
Who did his noblest miracles reject,
Imputing them to Satan's influence;
Nor would the plainest prophecies believe;
Yet clamour'd frequently for signs from Heav'n; 680
And were as constantly by him deny'd,
And to the prophet Jonah still referr'd.

Doubtless these things employ'd theserious thoughts. Of the disciples all the following week, And were the constant theme of their discourse, 685 Until they saw their blessed Lord again.

But Thomas, being absent at the time
When Jesus first appear'd, could not believe
That he was truly risen from the dead,
Though all his brethren testify'd the same.
He judg'd the thing impossible, and thought

They

They by a spectre were impos'd upon:
So pow'rfully his unbelief prevail'd,
He would not credit them, and rashly said,
Till in his hands the nail prints I shall see,
Nor will I trust my sight alone, but must
Have farther proof, and put my singers in,
And thrust my hand into his open'd side,
I never will believe what you affert.

But when the fecond visit Jesus made 700 To his apostles, Thomas was with them: Thus he salutes them, Peace be unto you. Then faith to Thomas, Reach thy finger forth, Behold my hands, fee where the nails went through; Reach here thy hand, and thrust it in my side; 70% And be not faithless, but believing now. Great was the condescension of our Lord, In off'ring this disciple what he ask'd, To cure his unbelief; he thus convinc'd, Immediately exclaim'd, My Lord, my God! 710 His stubborn unbelief confirms our faith; For he believ'd not till he saw and felt, And therefore could no longer hefitate. Now hear the Saviour's mild reproof to him, For not believing on good evidence; 715 Thomas, thou hast believ'd, for thou hast view'd; Bleffed are they who have a faith so strong, That though they have not feen have yet believ'd. This bleffing may be ours, if we believe;

For

For though we see him not, we may adore,
And love our Jesus now invisible.

Christ shew'd himself a little after this, Upon the shore of the Tiberian sea, Where fev'n of his apostles had agreed To go a fishing, but had no success During the night, although they labour'd hard: (How little we can gain when Christ helps not!) But in the morning Jesus stood on shore, (Though choosing to remain awhile unknown) And hail'd them, Children, have ye any meat? 730 They answer'd, No. Cast ye the net once more Upon the ship's right side, and ye shall find. At his command they cast the net again, And a large draught of fishes caught at once. An emblem of the multitudes of fouls, 735 That foon were taken in the gospel net. This wonder wrought, no longer left them room To doubt who gave command. It is the Lord. Said John to Peter; which when Peter heard, He did not wait to bring the ship to land; 740 But cast himself into the sea to swim.

On shore another miracle appear'd,

A fire of coals, and fish thereon, and bread,

Created there at once, awaited them.

Bring of the fish which ye have caught, said he: 745

This done, a plenteous meal was soon prepar'd.

Christ

t gave the invitation, Come and dine. hat a bleffed dinner! Christ was there!) : durst through doubt to ask him, Who art thou? refent knowing that it was the Lord. 750 ame, and took the bread, and gave to them. likewise fish. O happy guests indeed! ainties crown'd their board, no costly wines pos'd their bill of fare; but plainest food Ih and bread, and water from the fpring, doubtless all they had to eat or drink: ne utenfils, no, nor table cloth, they; nor servants waiting their commands: out which many cannot take a meal. hey enjoy'd a portion better far, loving presence of their risen Lord: vaited on them, and with them partook. was the third time that he shew'd himself is apostles after he arose.

hen they had din'd, our Lord to Peter said, thou, O Simon, love me more than these? 766 was cur'd of all his rashness now, therefore spake with decent modesty, Lord; thou knowest that I love thee well. which the Saviour answer'd, Feed my lambs. question was repeated o'er again; 771 the same answer was again return'd. which the Lord reply'd, Feed well my sheep. 'eter had deny'd his master thrice,

Th'

Th' important question was the third time put. Peter was griev'd at this, and thus appeal'd To him, from whom no secrets can be hid: Lord, thou that knowest all things, knowest well, That still I love thee, whom my lips deny'd. Then feed my sheep: said Jesus, love them too. This bleft command he never did forget; But fed them with the words of knowledge found: And warn'd the elders, saying, Feed God's flock: Taking the overfight not by constraint, But willingly, and of a ready mind; For love, and not for filthy lucre's fake. Neither be lords over God's heritage; But always be ensamples to the flock. And when the heav'nly Shepherd shall appear, Ye shall receive from him a glorious crown, 790 Of blis unfading; giv'n with high applause; And thus be honour'd by the Judge of All. Who would not strive to gain so great a boon?

Thus as St. Peter from his station fell,

By thrice denying that he knew the man;

So was he reinstated in the same,

By thrice to him professing ardent love.

Jesus then warn'd him that he must expect

Upon the cross to suffer martyrdom:

And him commanded, saying, Follow me.

Peter obey'd, but turning round saw John;

And feeling eager curiosity

To know the lot of him whom Jesus lov'd,
Cry'd, Lord, what shall he do? or what of him?
But Christ reply'd, 'Tis no concern of thine; 805
And if my pleasure be that he remain
Until my coming, What is that to thee?
Follow thou me, and my commands attend;
This only is thy business and concern.
From this a saying went abroad among 810
The brethren, that John should not die at all.
But Jesus said not this, but, If I will
That he should tarry till I come again,
Pray what is that to thee? Follow thou me.

But now the time approach'd which Christ had set, To meet his followers in Galilee. 816 Of his appointment there was notice giv'n, And all who chose affembled at the time. This meeting was upon a mountain held; Thither our bleffed Lord in person came. **8**20 This was no doubt the time that Jesus was Of more than half a thousand brethren seen; Who long remain'd as living witnesses, Of what with greatest joy at once they saw, The Saviour (who was crucify'd) alive. 825 They worshipp'd him as Lord with rev'rence there: Receiv'd his public bleffing and commands. And O the sweetness of his gracious words! All pow'r in Heav'n and earth is giv'n to me; Go therefore teach all nations, and baptize **\$**30 Such . L 2

Such as receive my gospel, in the name Of God the Father, Son, and Holy Ghost. Teach them the observation of all things, Which I at any time commanded you. My presence shall be with you evermore. 835 He that believes, and is baptiz'd, shall be From condemnation freed, and shall partake My great falvation: fuch as me reject Must still remain condemn'd, and forely feel The consequences of their unbelief. 840 These figns shall follow such as do believe, Demons shall be ejected in my name, By those who follow me, and do my will; With tongues of other nations shall they speak: They need not fear the serpent's fatal bite; If deadly poisons they should chance to drink, No harm shall happen to their health thereby: Their laying on of hands shall cure the sick. Thus shall they be preserv'd from hurt themselves; And furnish'd with the means of doing good. And more than this what human heart can wish? Thus spake the Saviour; and his words convey'd Instruction, strength, and comfort to their hearts. At first some doubted, all at last believ'd.

Soon after this our Lord appear'd to James, 855 Who was first Bishop of Jerusalem; And for his virtuous life surnam'd, The Just: He was the Saviour's mother's sister's son;

Brother

Brother to Jude, Matthew the publican, And Simon Zelotes the Canaanite.

86a

'Tis probable our Lord appear'd to him, Not only that he might have special proof That he was risen from the dead, which he Much needed as the Bishop of the Jews; But to communicate some sage advice, **8**65 Respecting his behaviour in that state. Perhaps some singular directions gave, Not needful for the rest to know; or else Encourag'd him to bear his fuff'rings well.

As Jesu's refurrection is the ground, 870 On which the Christian faith must ever stand; 'Twas needful that it should be so confirm'd, As not to leave the shadow of a doubt In the disciples minds; and this was done. He gave them all the evidence they wish'd; More than ten times he shew'd himself alive By many proofs infallible, that fo Their faith might on a fure foundation rest; Not built on fables, but on well known facts. The Scriptures he explain'd, himself made known By breaking bread; he are and drank with them: 88: Them he reminded of his former words: Freely convers'd with them at different times: Their understandings open'd, on them breath'd Bless'd them, and gave them surest proofs of love;

L 3

Shew'd

Shew'd them his hands and feet; invited them \$86 To handle him, and feel his flesh and bones:
That by the testimony of each sense,

Revend all possibility of fraud

Beyond all possibility of fraud,
Deception or mistake, it might be plain
That it was he himself, rais'd from the dead.

890

Thus it is evident beyond dispute That Jesus rose, and triumph'd o'er the grave. Th' apostles had the means most certainly, They had the fairest opportunities 895 Of knowing whether he was rais'd or not: They could not be in this deceiv'd themselves, And from their character and chief defign, And their amazing progress and success In propagating true Christianity, Without the force of arms, or human help, By preaching, and by miracles alone; Their fleady perseverance to the end, Amidst reproach and suff'rings manifold; The wond'rous spread of Christ's religion then, gog So opposite to Gentiles, and to Jews, And all the prejudices of mankind, And its existence to the present day: These circumstances altogether join To prove they never did the world deceive; And that Christ's resurrection is a fact. That never was disprov'd, nor e'er can be; But on the other hand is fully prov'd,

| Book IV.] | THE RESURRECTION. | 151 |
|---------------------------------------|---|---------|
| If human testi | mony or divine | |
| Can ever be est | teem'd fufficient proof; | 915 |
| And if 'tis pof | fible for us to know | |
| That any thing | g was done which we saw not; | } |
| Then may we l | know with greatest certainty, | ! |
| That JEsus fut | ffer'd death, and lives again: | |
| And consequen | ntly, that Christianity | 920 |
| Bears all the m | arks of truth we could defire. | |
| Glory to God, | we have full evidence | |
| • | th and refurrection too; | |
| By the apostles | witness, so confirm'd | |
| • | neable, and mighty figns; | 925 |
| * | east exception can be made | |
| • | ; nor any cause be shewn | |
| • | disbelieve a fact so plain. | |
| | their int'rest to deceive; | |
| • | ght to gain the world's applau | le; 930 |
| • • | spects ever led them on. | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | persisted to the end; | - |
| _ | ft their lives, they testify'd | |
| | refurrection of their Lord. | |
| | ervants never did forget | 935 |
| _ | rious news where'er they went | • |
| | at foundation stone they laid, | |
| | ld their hopes of Heav'n upor ny miracles confirm'd; | 4 • |
| • | testimony with their blood, | 040 |
| | the greatest certainty | 940 |
| • | publish'd was the real truth; | |
| - 476-5 11 -5775 | L ₄ | With |

•

With boldness they proclaim'd it to mankind.

They saw, they heard, they handled, and could say. That which we've heard, and seen, and handled too,

That we to you declare, that ye might have

946

That fellowship with us we have with God,

The Father, and his Son, our Saviour Christ.

Christianity exists; and that is proof Sufficient that our Lord and Saviour rofe: Since had he not been rais'd, it must have fall'n; And been entirely blasted in the bud: No witnesses had propagated it; Nor fuch amazing numbers of its foes Been so convinc'd, as to befriend its cause. 955 Its conquests never had extended wide. And conquer'd Rome, the mistress of the world: Neither by words of wisdom, force, or pow'r: But by the Spirit of the Lord of Hosts; And by its truth and heav'nly innocence. 96a Nor had it spread in these remoter realms. And in these latter times maintain'd its ground; And the exactest scruting endur'd, Nor had produc'd fuch glorious effects. Had it been founded in deceit and lies. Far less prevail'd so in that very place Wherein its falsehood might so easily Have been detected, if indeed 'twas false: Its adversaries wanted neither will, Nor means to have expos'd its fallacy; 979 \mathbf{And}

And 'twas their int'rest to destroy it thus: And sure they would had it been possible.

The refurrection of our glorious Lord, And gen'ral refurrection of the dead, Are things of such amazing consequence, Of such importance in the Christian scheme, That all is lost, if they should be o'erthrown.

975

Thus bleffed Paul the matter doth express;
For I declar'd the Gospel unto you,
Which also ye receiv'd, in which ye stand;
By which ye shall be sav'd, if ye retain
And keep in mem'ry what I preach'd to you;
Unless ye have believ'd to none effect.

First, I deliver'd what I did receive,
That Christ our Saviour for our sins did die,
According as the Scriptures had foretold;
Was buty'd, and the third day rose again,
As types and prophecies had long declar'd.
He was of Cephas seen, then of the twelve;
Then of above sive hundred men at once:

Of whom the greater part till now remain,
Though some are fall'n asseep in Jesu's arms;
Enough are still alive to prove him rais'd.

And after that he shew'd himself to James;

And then once more to all his chosen train,

Wh

Whom he ordain'd his special witnesses. And last of all he was by me beheld; Though I appear as out of season born; For I of the apostles am the least, And am not worthy even of the name, 1000 Because I was a persecutor bold: The church of God I hated, wasted it, Often compell'd its members to blaspheme; Yet I obtained mercy by his grace, Because in ignorance and unbelief 1005 I did whate'er I did against the Lord. But by his grace I am what now I am: His grace was not in vain on me bestow'd; I labour'd more abundantly than all, Yet all the work was wrought by grace alone. 1010 But whether I or they, so did we preach, That Jesus dy'd, and rose, so ye believ'd.

Now if a risen Christ be preach'd to you,

How say some that the dead shall never rise?

If there's no resurrection of the dead,

Then 'tis self evident Christ is not ris'n;

If he's not ris'n, then is our preaching vain,

Your saith is also vain, of consequence:

Yea we are sound salse witnesses of God,

Because we testify'd he rais'd up Christ,

Whom he rais'd not except the dead are rais'd.

For I repeat, That if the dead rise not,

Then is not Jesus risen from the dead;

Since

Since Christ was truly dead, and if so still,
Your faith is vain, yet are ye in your sins:

1025
And they are perish'd who in Christ have slept;
For they have trusted falsehood, sables, fraud.
For if our hopes in Christ prove salse at death,
Of all men we most miserable are;
Because we've hop'd for the most glorious things,
And have the greatest sufferings endur'd,
1031
In expectation of a better life.

But now is Jesus risen from the dead, And hath become the first born from the grave: For fince by man came death, by man also The refurrection of the dead is come: For as in ADAM all his children die. E'en so in Christ shall all be made alive. But ev'ry man must in his order rise; CHRIST must in all things have pre-eminence: 1040 Is therefore call'd, the First Fruits; he rose first To die no more; he first ascended up. And enter'd Heav'n's eternal gates; which then Were first unfolded to the human race: He as our great fore-runner enter'd in, 1045 And took possession of his royal seat. But at his coming, all his faints shall share His refurrection, kingdom, crown, and throne, Then shall he rule till ev'ry foe submits, And death of ev'ry kind shall be destroy'd, 1050 But

But if the refurrection be not true,
Why do we stand in jeopardy each hour?
We must be sools, or madmen, to expose
Ourselves to constant suff'rings, and to death;
Without the prospect of a sure reward:
For I protest to you I daily die.
Why should I fight with beasts at Ephesus,
Pray what advantage will accrue therefrom,
Except the dead arise? Let's eat and drink,
To-morrow we shall die, and be no more.

But O, my brethren, be not ye deceiv'd,

Evil communications will corrupt

Good manners; but awake, awake

To righteousness of life, and sin no more.

For some concerning truth have greatly err'd, 1063

Of faith and of good conscience shipwreck made.

The resurrection they deny, or say

That it is past already, and o'erthrow

The faith of some unstable wav'ring souls.

But God's foundation standeth firm and sure; 1270

He knoweth who are his, and them he seals.

And let all those who love the name of Christ,

Depart from all iniquity and sin;

In faith and practice both, and thus approve

Themselves, indeed, as children of the light. 1075

Remember Jesus Christ, of David's feed, Was raifed from the dead, as I have preach'd. Thus

Thus Paul declares; and all th' apostles join To testify the same; nor should it be Omitted now, fince many Antichrists 1080 Now rise, and contradict th' important fact; And feek to overturn the Gospel plan; Wresting the Scriptures, and destruction bring Upon themselves, whose judgment ling'reth not. But let CHRIST's ministers unite to preach 1084 A Saviour born, who liv'd, and dy'd, and rose, Ascended, intercedes, shall come again, For purpoles most awful, glorious, grand. (Of which hereafter I propose to write If God permit, if not, his will be done.) 1090

As he arose, so shall he raise the dead,
The just, and unjust, all that sleep in death,
Shall hear his voice, and from their graves come forth;
The just shall wake to life, th' unjust to shame;
'Each in their season; some shall come with him,
Be rais'd in glory, reign with him on earth:

1696
The other dead shall not be rais'd again,
Until the thousand years are sinished.

O that we may the pow'r of Jesus know,
In raising up our souls from sin and death,
To the bleft life of holiness complete;
That when he comes to earth a second time,
Our bodies may be rais'd, and we have part
In the first resurrection; then we shall
From

From the dread second death be ever free;
And life eternal with our Lord posses.
His resurrection is a proof of ours;
Laid a foundation for our trembling souls,
Where we may trust, and never be assaid;
Our souls and bodies we to him commit,
Who can preserve them to his glorious day,
And then restore them to each other, purg'd
From sin and all corruption, pure and free.
We need not fear that we shall be forgot;
Our bodies shall be rais'd as Jesu's was.

Why is it thought a thing incredible
That God should raise the dead? Did he not make
All things at first? And can he not restore?

Does he not raise the seed which dies, to life?
And from a germ, almost invisible,
The plant produces, and a body gives
As pleases him, to ev'ry seed his own?
Do we not see the lovely flow'rs of spring
Revive from winter's death, and slourish fair?
A sigure of the resurrection this.

How many little creatures change their forms?

From loathsome worms, that on foul ordure fed,
And crawl'd on earth, become most beauteous flies;
Rise in the air, expand their shining wings,
And feed on balmy dew? Oh, how unlike

1130—
To what they were a little time before!

They

They flowly drew their tiresome load along;
But now they swiftly fly, with greatest ease,
Almost forgetful of their former life:
Which if at all remember'd, must be loath'd. 1135
Their food, desires, air, form, life, exercise,
Are all so diff'rent from their former state,
That scarce the least resemblance now remains
Of what they were, and yet we know full well
The substance of their bodies is the same,
1140
Though greatly chang'd: they seem'd to pass through death;

And for a time appear'd as wholly lost; They struggled hard to cast their cloathing off. That so they might be cloath'd in better forms: Then for a while they lay as dead, but foon 1145 Came forth from prison, rushing into life. But oh, how chang'd! how easily they move! How free they feel! how they enjoy themselves! Thus shall our resurrection bodies be As diff'rent from these mortal clogs we wear, As the gay fly is diff'rent from the worm. These in dishonour and corruption sown, In glory shall be rais'd, and incorrupt: Though fown in weakness, shall be rais'd in pow'r: A nat'ral body fown, like feed in earth, I 1 55 Shall spiritual be rais'd, renew'd, and chang'd: All fashion'd like the body of our King. How glorious shall our raised bodies shine! In symmetry or just proportion form'd,

With

With genuine colour and vivacity; 1160
All in the bloom of youth and beauty cloth'd;
No more a cumb'rous load of mortal flesh,
Our spirits shall oppress, nor age, nor pain.

Some shall not sleep at all, but pass at once From mortal life to an immortal state; 1165 Chang'd in the twinkling of an eye, they'll find There's nothing hard for Deity to do. These would obtain a great pre-eminence Over their brethren, if the dead rise not. But Saints, who may remain till Jesus comes, 1170 Shall not prevent the faithful ones that fleep From springing into life. Christ will descend, With the Archangel's voice, and trump of God; The dead in Christ shall be deliver'd first From their dark prisons; then the living faints 1175 Shall all be chang'd, and with the rais'd caught up, To meet the bleffed Jesus in the air: And so shall be for ever with the Lord. O most exhilerating thought, to all That love our Jesus in fincerity! 1180

Each true believer in his name, may fay,
I know that my Redeemer ever lives;
That in the latter ages he shall come
In glory, and his feet shall stand on earth;
Though worms destroy this body, he can raise; 1185
And in my slesh I shall my God behold;

Mine

Mine eyes and not another's shall enjoy That fight so glorious, though my reins should be Consum'd in me, for Jesus can restore.

O may the God of Jesus Christ our Lord, 1190 The Father of all Glory, give to us The fev'nfold Spirit, with his heav'nly gifts Of wisdom, revelation, pow'r, life, love, Sound mind, and faith, that so we may obtain The knowledge of our Lord, and Saviour Christ: That so our mental ray from error purg'd, 1196 Our understanding's eyes enlighten'd, we May know the hope of God's vocation fure, And what the riches of his glory shewn, Among the faints, his lov'd inheritance; 1200 And what th' exceeding greatness of his pow'r, His mighty pow'r, which he in Jesus wrought, When from the dead he rais'd him, and advanc'd His throne above all principality, Pow'r, might, dominion, ev'ry other name, 1205 Not only in this age, but that to come. Put all things in subjection under him, And gave to him authority to be Head over all things to the church of God; She is his body, He's her head and King, 1210 She is his fulness, He fills ALL IN ALL.

Now may the God of Peace, that brought again

From the dark grave, the regions of the dead,

M

Jesus

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Jesus our Lord, great shepherd of the sheep,
Through that most precious blood by which he seal'd
The new and everlasting Covenant,
Perfect our souls in ev'ry holy work,
Teach us to know and do his perfect will,
Working within us all that pleases him;
Through Jesus Christ, to whom all glory be,
From age to age, world without end.

AMEN.

END OF THE FOURTH BOOK.

BOOK

THE ASCENSION.

AIL, glorious Saviour! Son of God most high! Heir to the crown of earth, as well as Heav'n! Permit a feeble worm, like me, to fing The glories of that bright triumphant day When thou ascended to the realms of light, 5 And reconcil'd the ruin'd race to God, And took possession of thy glorious throne: And as a token fure the Spirit sent, With all its plenitude of grace and pow'r. With thee I've pass'd through life, and cruel death, With thee descended to the deeps profound; And trac'd thy progress through the nether world; Declar'd thy refurrection from the tomb. These mighty wonders, with their grand designs, In feeble strains my falt'ring pen has trac'd; I 5 And thou hast been my guide. O leave me not While I attempt to fing immortal themes, Themes that must warm the frozen heart to love; The triumphs of thy entrance into Heav'n, To intercede for rebel fons of men. 20 M_{2} O leave

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O leave me not to flag in this ascent!
But give my tongue to sing in highest strains,
In language suitable to this design,
That glorious, grand, magnificent event,
Thine entrance into Heav'n, now to appear
Before the face of God most High for us.

25

Now forty days had pass'd fince Jesus rose: On earth this period he abode, to prove Himself alive, to comfort all his friends, To triumph over principalities, The rulers of the darkness of this age; To disconcert the foe, hell's wily prince. The time of forty days to me appears An æra most peculiar; forty days Was Moses in the Mount, convers'd with God: Did neither eat nor drink, but heard the words Of him that spake, and gave his righteous laws. Moses endur'd this trial to the end; So did not Ifrael, for they turn'd afide, And made a golden calf, and worship gave To the vain idol which their hands had made. And thus provok'd the mighty God to wrath. But Moses to the mountain's top ascends, There intercedes for Israel, forty days, As at the first, a solemn fast he kept. 45 God heard him, and forgave the horrid crime.

Elias, famous prophet of the Lord,

He went a journey to the mount of God, And forty days remain'd in that retreat, Upon the strength of two celestial meals 50 Brought by an angel's hand; no more he took Until the days expir'd; then he return'd. The Saviour fasted in the wilderness, And forty days endur'd temptation's pow'r: · So forty days he tarry'd on the field, 55 After his bloody fight, and vict'ry gain'd; To give his foes an opportunity To rally all their force, and try their pow'r, Dispute his passage back to Heav'n, or take, By force of arms, the spoils which he had won. 60 Difrobe him of his laurels, bind again The pris'ners he had freed, and him defeat. The feafon being past, he now prepares To re-ascend his native Heav'n, and give Fresh tokens of his boundless love to man. 65

One visit more the dear Redeemer made

To his apostles in Jerusalem;

Not to convince them he was ris'n, for they

Were fully satisfy'd respecting that,

But to encourage, strengthen, and direct,

And thus prepare them for the arduous work

In which they shortly were to be engag'd:

To speak those things of greatest consequence,

Pertaining to the kingdom of their God.

Then he repeated what he told them first,

M 3

That

That 'twas his pleasure they should tarry there
Till they should be endu'd with heav'nly pow'r;
Assuring them not many days should pass
Ere they, baptized with the Holy Ghost,
Should be prepar'd the Gospel to proclaim.

Then they demanded, Lord, wilt thou restore The promis'd kingdom unto Israel now? To which he answer'd, That concerns you not: The times and seasons hath the Father plac'd In his own pow'r, beyond all human reach; 85 To you that knowledge therefore is not giv'n. But when the Holy Ghost on you shall come, (The Father's promise which you heard of me) Then wisdom, pow'r, and love, you shall receive And shall be fully qualify'd to go gá As chosen witnesses of me your Lord, Throughout Judea's and Samaria's land, And to the utmost bounds of earth itself; As well as in Jerusalem to preach.

Now was the time that Jesus must ascend
To his triumphant throne, in Heav'n above.
He chose that his disciples should behold
This most transporting sight, for reasons plain;
That they in vain should not expect or wait
For his returning visits here below:
Though they had known him in the sless so long,
Yet from that time they knew him so no more.

He chose that some who saw him on the cross,
In his estate of shame and deep disgrace,
And had beheld him afterwards alive,
Should witness his ascension up on high.

The Mount of Olives was the chosen place Where last his facred feet should touch the ground: And on this very Mount his feet shall stand, As Zechariah plainly hath foretold, 110 When he shall come with all his train of saints: Thither he led their way, they follow'd on. Thus when the Lord would take Elias up, Elisha went with him, until he saw The flaming chariot, and its fiery horses; 115 Angelic guards, that in those forms appear'd, To take the Prophet from the world of men, To brighter realms, the regions of delight. Elisha saw the awful parting scene, His master taken from his head away, ILO And cry'd, My Father, O my Father dear; The great defence of Israel's land is gone; Her chariots and her horsemen mount aloft. Then taking up his master's mantle, smote Fam'd Jordan's waters, which divided were, 125 When he invok'd the great Elijah's God.

But who can paint the beauty of that day
When Christ the Saviour left the world, to go
To his blest Father's bosom; whence he came

To

Book V 168 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. To live on earth, to die, to rife, ascend, To make atonement for the human race? For though on earth the facrifice was made, The incense must be offer'd in the Heav'ns. The law of Moses pointed unto this; The bodies of those beafts whose blood was shed To make atonement for the people's fins, Were burnt with fire, without the camp; their blood Was brought by the high priest within the vail. Thus Jesus shed his blood, and suffer'd death Without the gate, upon Mount Calvary; To fanctify, and cleanse us from all fin: But as the great high priest he must arise, And re-ascend to Heav'n, and there present His off'ring pure before the throne of God, Within the vail, the holiest place of all; 145 Where none besides could enter, till his death, And re-ascension, open'd wide the way, A new and living way to God above, A confecrated way through his torn flesh. Now at the Mount of Olives they arriv'd; 15Q That facred Mount that had fo frequently Been visited by Jesus in his life; Was his last stage on earth, and shall remain To be his footstool when he comes in clouds. In that great day his feet thereon shall stand: 155 Then shall it cleave afunder, and remove Half to the north, and half towards the fouth,

And-

And leave a valley deep and large between.
No doubt can then remain when Jesus comes,
Because these certain tokens will take place;
For what Jehovan faith shall be fulfill'd.

Attend with joy, and wonder, now behold
The bleffed Jesus lifts his lovely hands,
To blefs his dear disciples, who surprized,
Soon saw the separation long foretold;
Jesus was parted from them, and went up;
Majestic he ascended, they beheld
Till a bright cloud received him from their sight.

Thus parted from them, up to Heav'n he went, And thus in clouds he shall to earth return. They fill'd with wonder, mix'd with rapt'rous love, Stood gazing, following Jesus with their eyes, As he foar'd upward, and from earth withdrew. As thus in admiration lost they stood, They faw at length two men in white array, 175 Two holy angels from the realms of light, Who near them stood, and sweetly them addrest, In words like these, Ye men of Galilee, Why stand ye gazing upwards into Heav'n, As though ye never should behold him more? For this same Jesus, who is taken up From you to Heav'n, shall furely come again, In the same manner as ye see him go, Thron'd on a cloud from Heav'n he shall descend; ٠., Array'd 190 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. [Book V.

Array'd in glory, he'll in person come,

He'll visibly appear in the same form,

With the same body, mark'd with the same wounds.

But O with what supreme authority

He'll come invested! Glorious heav'nly hosts

Shall then attend him, as on him they wait

To grace his triumph to the upper skies.

Doubt not, for you shall surely see him come.

No promise can be plain if this is not.

Now when the chosen train had seen their Lord In this triumphant manner leave the globe, 195 And heard these words which promis'd his return, They bow'd their knees, and paid him homage there. Then with great joy they backward bent their course, And to Jerusalem they all repair'd, And close abiding in an upper room, 200 In pray'r and supplication they remain'd, Waiting that most important grand event, The coming of the Holy Ghost with pow'r; Which was the bleffing Jesus promis'd them, If he succeeded in his grand design, 205 Of ent'ring Heav'n, and interceding there, And of obtaining gifts for rebel men, A proof of reconciliation made: And God's acceptance of his off'ring pure.

Thus when of old the confecrated priest,
Within the veil before the mercy seat,

Carry'd

So

Carry'd with awe the reconciling blood, To make atonement for the people's tins, And facred incense sweet, with burning coals, To cause a rich perfume before the Lord; 215 The congregation round the awful place, At humble distance pray'd, with holy fear; None dar'd to enter, nor so much as look, Whether or not their priest acceptance gain'd, But waited, trembling, hoping, in suspense; 230 For 'twas an awful thing to enter there, And none might hazard it on pain of death, Except the priest, and he but once a year. He must be clean, in holy garments clad; With blood and incense, and the sacred fire 225 He must be well prepar'd, and then alone The hallow'd place must enter, where unseen By all but God, he must the incense burn. Sev'n times before and on the mercy feat, With greatest rev'rence must be sprinkle blood; 230 There make atonement, and there intercede. But when the fign of God's acceptance shone Upon his breast-plate, then he leap'd for joy; The people heard without the golden bells, And by that certain token knew he liv'd, 235 And that he was accepted as their priest, And they in him; at which they loud rejoic'd. Still as he mov'd, the well-known found they heard, Their joy continued, till at length he came, To them, and they beheld his honour'd face. 240

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So Jesus gave as evident a fign, By which his friends might know when he had gain'd Those things which he departed to procure. And till fuch time as he this token fent, He charg'd them in Jerusalem to stay; Nor once attempt his Gospel to proclaim, Until they knew from him the wish'd success. Here then we'll leave them for a while, and trace The glorious Saviour in his journey home; And while they supplicate with constant pray'r, 250 My muse advent'rous, aided by my God, Shall follow Jesus, mark his shining way, Nor once descend to earth, until she brings Some glorious tidings of her Lord's arrival At Heav'n's high court, and of his ent'rance there. Nay, she's determin'd not to be deny'd. 256 To look within the vail, there will she stay, And fee the wonders wrought before the throne! For so important is the present scene, And all mankind fo interested are, 264 That all must perish, if the Saviour fails T' accomplish his high errand to the skies. Therefore attend, ye mortals, to my fong.

Now had the Saviour journey'd on his way
Slow, as in folemn pomp, for at his feet,
Ten thousand millions and ten thousand more
Of heav'nly guards attended him along;
Besides, he led in chains his captive foes,

To grace his triumph, and proclaim his pow'r. Though fore against their will, he dragg'd their hofts And leaders to the portals of the fky: For of them openly he made a shew, Triumphing over them in that great day, Before the countless millions of his friends. Nor must I here forget his pris'ners freed; 275 For then he led captivity captive, The trophies of his glorious vict'ries brought From ev'ry place, where he had conqu'ring past; From earth, from Hades, grave, and darkeft shades. O what a triumph had our Lord and King! 280 Compar'd to which the triumphs of the great, Heroes, monarchs, of Persia, Greece, or Rome, Are trifles mean, unworthy of a name! How angels chaunt the folemn joyful lay! Pause here a moment, join the heav'nly song. 285.

O clap your hands, ye people; shout to God; Sing with a loud triumphant voice to him: For he, she Lord most high, is terrible: He's the great Monarch over all the earth. God is gone up to Heav'n, with shouts and songs, Jehovah, with the trumpet's joyful sound; 291 But who is this Jehovah? 'Tis the Lord, The Saviour Jesus, and is none but he; For the eternal Father never mov'd. His court from Heav'n above, nor chang'd his place; But sent his Son, his minister of love, 296

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To dwell on earth a while, then rise to Heav'n.

O then sing praises to our Saviour God;

Sing praises, praises to our conqu'ring king:

Sing praises, God is king, and Lord of all;

With understanding sound his praises high.

Now had the conqu'ring Hero journey'd on Through diff'rent systems, far remote from view, And though his march to angels flow appear'd, (Ev'n as a grand procession does to men) Twas swifter far than morning beams of light; Through shining realms, and starry plains he past, Nor halted on his way till he arriv'd Before the glorious city's pearly gates, The tabernacle of th' eternal King, 310 God's city, new Jerusalem, above. Distant from earth ten million miles. Yet thought can travel this amazing length In one small moment; Jesus was not long; Since news return'd from thence in ten days time, By Heav'n's express that he had safe arriv'd, And had perform'd his glorious enterprize! There halted Jesus with his num'rous train, And now in form demanded entrance in.

Lift up your heads, eternal gates, unfold,
Ye everlasting doors be open'd wide,
To give the King of Glory entrance here.
Who is the King of Glory? Who can claim
Admittance

| Book V.] | THE ASCENSION. | 175 |
|--------------|------------------------------------|----------|
| Admittance | here? What fon of Adam's race | |
| | gage his heart fo to approach | 325 |
| | walls, and urge his way to Goo | |
| | frong and mighty, comes to dw | |
| • | imperial palace for a time, | |
| To make at | onement and to intercede | |
| For the rebe | ellious fons of men below; | 330 |
| He that hatl | h fought, and overcome the host | |
| Of earth and | d hell, combin'd in dread array | , |
| Behold the t | trophies of his vict'ries here! | |
| The spoils t | hat he hath taken on the field. | · |
| The mighty | One, in battle claims his crown | 1: 335 |
| Whose nam | e the Lord and King of Glory is | S |
| Who is the | King of Glory fo renown'd? | |
| Јеночан, | Lord of heav'nly hosts is he; | |
| Th' eternal | Father's only Son and Heir, | |
| To whom a | ll pow'r in heav'n and earth is gi | yn; 340 |
| The brights | ness of his Father's glory pure, | |
| The beautif | ful expression of his form, | • |
| In whom al | l fulness in perfection dwells. | |
| • | se regions bright, his native hon | |
| | 'd in clay in yonder world fojour | - 0.0 |
| | d num'rous woes and ills for men | |
| | was his count'nance griev'd and | fad! |
| | were his eyes in tears suffus'd! | |
| | uffer'd death, his foul was made | |
| _ | for the fins of human race; | 350 |
| But though | he seem'd to fall in battle sore; | |
| • | | He |

.

•

He falling conquer'd, foon he rose again;
And now returns to fill his royal seat.

Then the eternal gates were open'd wide. The King of Glory enter'd; but his hosts 355 Remain'd a while without, as feem'd most fit, For the Redeemer had a work to do In Heav'n, ere man could ever enter there: And hence twas necessary he should leave The earth, that seats in bliss he might prepare, 360 For those who love, obey, and follow him. A work remain'd which he must do alone, For he alone was equal to the task, To enter, and approach the face of God, And make full reconciliation there, 365 For all the fins and failings of mankind: And thus remove obstructions from the way That leads from earth to Heav'n, and to obtain That Heav'n's eternal gates, now open'd wide, Should readily admit the righteous in, 370 And that the Holy Spirit might be fent To dwell with men, to fanctify their fouls: And thus prepare them for this greatest boon To dwell with God in regions of delight.

Far in the center of this city stands
Upon a losty mount, the throne of God,
Begirt with uncreated light around,
Which none of all the bright seraphic host

Might

375

Might dare to look upon, far less approach; Which to prevent, a vail that dark appears 380 Seems like a curtain drawn around; though form'd Of unapproachable and glorious light. Thither the Saviour, beauteous to behold, In glory march'd majestic, with intent Before the burning throne to offer up 385 His incense sweet, and to present his blood; To make atonement for the fins of all: To offer up his intercessions there, Nor cease till he the bleffing should obtain The Holy Ghost, with all its heav'nly gifts, 390 Which he had promis'd to his chosen ones. But shall I pause a little and describe Th' appearance of my Lord and Saviour then? Affist me, O divine and sacred Dove! Not Aaron in his costly, priestly robes, 395 Made fuch a figure when within the vail He enter'd on the great atonement's day. But as those things were figures, we'll attend To their description, for their patterns giv'n By God himself were never giv'n in vain, 400 The breast plate, ephod, robe, and broider'd coat. The mitre, and the girdle, pointed out The garments of falvation Jesus wore, When he before the Father's throne appear'd. The gold, blue, purple, scarlet, linen fine, 405 Betoken precious, costly, royal robes, Fit for our great high priest and king to wear; N Robes

Robes dy'd in blood, which he had shed for us. Two precious stones were in the ephod plac'd, On which the names of Jacob's fons were grav'd. One on each shoulder, worn by Aaron, shew'd 411 That Jesus on the shoulders of his pow'r Bears all the names of those for whom he dy'd. This fasten'd by a girdle of the same, Betoken'd truth and faithfulness in him, 415 Who hath engag'd to intercede for us. But, O the breast-plate, curious to behold, Of the same rich materials made; four square, A span in length and breadth: there set in gold Twelve stones, all diff'rent, yet all precious stones, On each a name indelibly engrav'd, Were glo: ious to behold, and plainly shew'd That Jesus bears our names upon his heart; And lov'd us with an everlasting love: Or never would he bore our load of fins, Dear Reader yours and mine! O think of this! The ephod and the breast-plate firmly join'd, Shew now'r and love combin'd our fouls to fave. The Urim and the Thummim here were plac'd, Light and perfections dwell on Jesu's heart; 439 And when he did approach the facred feat Whereon Jehovan in full glory shone, Our names were cover'd with the heav'nly light. The ephod's robe of blue, upon its hem Hung golden bells, and pomegranates around, The fweet and charming found of golden bells Seer

Seems tidings of great joy, good news to men, Good-will, peace, pardon, wisdom, love, and pow'r, Jesus the Saviour dy'd, rose, lives for us.

The pomegranates are fruits, with homely rinds, But full of colour'd juice, and num'rous feeds; 441 So all the faints are Jesu's precious fruits, Though not to be desir'd by worldly eyes, They are enrich'd with grace, and now contain The seeds of glory and eternal life.

Next comes the mitre and the glorious crown, On front of which a plate of gold contain'd HOLINESS TO THE LORD, thereon engrav'd; To teach us no unholiness can come Before Jenovan's face, whose purer eyes Iniquity and evil cannot bear. But Christ was holy, harmless, undefil'd, And separate from sinners, free from sin, No stain had he, in him was no defect, Pure was his life, and perfect was his heart: He kept the law, in which he did delight, He magnify'd, and made it honourable. Thus with a garment cloth'd down to the foot, And girded with a golden girdle round, Our great high priest appear'd; on him was pour'd The holy ointment, consecrating oil. 461 He held the facred spices in his hand, To make a sweet perfume before the throne. Look'd N 2

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Look'd like a lamb that had been newly slain,
The scars and wounds shew'd fresh, his blood he held
In a clean vessel, as an off'ring pure.

466

Thus he prepar'd, and habited, went on,
Advancing to the vast abys of light,
As the true eagle soars towards the sun,
Nor sears its radiant beams; so he beheld
That awful sight with rapture, which to us
Would cause an instant death; for this was shewn
Under the law, for none but the high priest
Might view the holiest place on pain of death:
To shew that none could see God's face and live, 475
Except the Lord, our great high priest above.
For all those things appointed by the law,
Were types, and patterns of the heav'nly things.

Before the throne a facred altar stands,

Whereon the holy fire for ever burns;

This altar saw Isaiah in a trance;

And this saw John in visions of the Lord.

The fire was order'd never to go out

Upon the altar which was made below,

To represent th' eternal fire of Heav'n.

Another altar made for incense stood

Without the vail, before the mercy seat,

On which, each morning, incense must be burnt;

Such were the sigures of the heav'nly things;

Then

Then fure the heav'nly things themselves remain, Perpetual, useful, and substantial too. 49.1

There is a real City, fuch an one As mortal eyes faw never, God dwells there, But not confin'd, he's still in ev'ry place; But there his glory always is display'd. Upon a toples throne th' Almighty reigns, Dwelling in light, and splendour uncreate. But to describe the glories of his court, No tongue or pen is able: far less mine, Unus'd to fing in these exalted strains: 500 But if I fail, 'tis in a glorious cause; And some bright genius may hereafter rise, An heav'nly poet born; of virtuous foul; Whose heart, fill'd with the purest flame of love, His words with lofty elegance may rife 505 Superior far in common to my thoughts When most exalted; for I must confess, That though my subject be sublimer far Than ever poet wrote, or fang before, Too much I want the glowing colours here: 510 My fancy dies in the full blaze of day. Where is the painter that can paint the fun, In the full blaze of noon? or draw the found Of sweetest music, on a canvass coarse? So must I fink beneath my subject vast. 114 But if I can perfuade one foul to love The Saviour, whose amazing works I sing, N_3 Or

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Or raise one cold and drooping heart to heav'n,
Or even warm my heart with heav'nly fire,
And form connection with the hosts above,
I shall not think my labours wholly lost.

Behold the Saviour now approach the flame, Which on the heav'nly altar ever burns, The golden censer takes in hand, and fills With living coals, that bright for ever glow. 525 The holy fragrant incense laid thereon, (Sweeter perfume than all Arabia yields) Sent up a cloud of smoke, before the feat Of the Eternal; now the Saviour's hid, Enter'd where human person never stood. 510 No, nor angelic eye itself beheld. All Heav'n was now attention; filence reign'd. An awful filence; angels wond'ring stood, At humble distance, nor did they presume T' approach the facred place, or dare to look 535 Within the vail to view the wonders there, The great transactions of th' important hour. And shall my muse, more vent'rous in her slight, Approach the blaze of uncreated day, And tell what pass'd in that abyse profound, Between th' eternal Father, and the man Of his right hand, the darling Son of God, And Son of Man, in whom both natures meet? O'twas a period big with grand events; For had he fail'd—but stop, it could not be: 54! H

And fprinkled his own blood before the throne
Sev'n times; for so the figures plainly teach.

Meantime the spicy odour smok'd around,
And thus his intercession he began.

In character of advocate for man;
On his behalf I did to earth descend,
For him I condescended to be born;
There did I labour, suffer, do thy will,
As thou appointed me, ere time began.
For man I yielded up my soul to death;
And gave my life a willing sacrifice.
I foil'd my foes in battle, and pursu'd
My greatest enemies to their retreat,
And dragg'd them to the light, and have releas'd
N 4
Their

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|------|-----------------------------------|--------|
|------|-----------------------------------|--------|

Their pris'ners held in bondage by their chains. I've left my chosen train on earth below In expectation of the facred fign, 575 By me appointed as the token fure, By which they might have certain evidence That I still live, and am arrived safe At my great Father's feat, and have obtain'd Those bleffings, that I promis'd faithfully 580 I would bestow on them. Behold I come; Here is my blood, the reconciling blood; Behold my wounds, the certain proofs of death! O fmell the rich perfume my incense yields! Behold the names of all my chosen ones, 585 As heads and chiefs of all the ranfom'd race: Accept my facrifice which I present, My blood which I have freely shed for all. And for my fake accept the race of men: Though vile and black, my blood can wash them white. Make them appear as new fall'n mountain fnow. Look on them all through me, and ever grant, The penitent may pardon find; and those Who put their trust in me, may be reliev'd. Grant from henceforth the heav'nly gates may stand For ever open'd wide, to entertain, 59 The righteous nation, who the truth obey. Give me a feat upon thy throne a while, Till I return to earth, to shew my pow'r To crush my foes, and make the world submit:

There would I once exalted be, and reign,
And have my faints and martyrs with me share.

Commit the government into my hands,
Till I have banish'd treason from thy realm,
And made each knee to bend before thy seet;
And ev'ry tongue to swear allegiance due,
To thee, the rightful Lord of heav'n and earth.
These my petitions, grant, O Father, dear,
And as a proof, vouchsafe to answer me;
And send thy Holy Spirit down to earth;
Let not his promis'd presence long delay.
Thus spake the Son before the mercy seat.
Nor did he speak in vain, for soon he heard
The Father's lovely voice, addressing him.

My Son, the image of my person, fair, 615 Only begotton Son, my heart's delight, For thou art he, by whom I made all things; The ages constituted, and the wide Creation form'd; things feen and those unseen By thee were made, all fashion'd by thine hand; 620 And thou upholdest all things by thy pow'r. I am thy Father, thou my Son most high, By angels thou shalt worshipp'd be, by men Ador'd, for fuch is my decree giv'n forth. Thy throne, O God, for evermore shall stand, Ages of ages shall thy kingdom last. Thy sceptre just and strong is righteousness; For righteouspess and truth are thy delight; And

And all iniquity thy foul doth hate: God, thine own God, hath therefore honour'd thee, And with the oil of joy and gladness crown'd Thy facred head, exceedingly above Thy brethren of the human race, thine heirs. Thou well art worthy to be King and Lord, For thou didst earth's foundations lay at first, 635 The heav'ns themselves are all thy handy work. Though they shall perish, thou shalt still remain, Though like a garment they all shall wax old, And as a vesture shalt thou them fold up, And they shall change, and be again renew'd; But thou, the same, past, present, and to come, Dost never change, thy years shall never fail. Full well hast thou perform'd my will on earth, Thy arduous work, I saw, and I approv'd, I will reward thy labours with a crown; Thou by thy death eternal honours gain'd. My dear delight, I'm fatisfy'd in thee, My chosen One, my foul approves thee well: All thy defires I grant, and what thou wilt, Ask, and I will bestow; be ev'ry thing 650 According to thy utmost mind and wish. Since a fin off'ring thou thy foul hast made, Thou shalt behold thy seed, thy days prolong, Thy Father's pleasure in thy hands shall speed. So large a conquest shall thy gospel make, 655 That thou shalt be completely satisfy'd; And seeing the full travail of thy soul;

Shalt

Shalt have no reason to repent thy pain. All things are subject now to thy controul, (Except the God who gave all things to thee.) Do as it pleases thee in all respects. Ask me, and I the nations of the earth Will give thee, as thine own inheritance; The heathen lands shall thy possession be; Thou with thy sceptre and thy rod shalt rule, Till ev'ry nation shall to thee submit. Refume thy royal feat at my right hand, Sit down with me upon my glorious throne Till I shall make thy foes to thee bow down. Dwell here in heav'n till those important times, 670 The ages of the restitution come: Then thou shalt go to earth to do great things: To vindicate thine honour, and fubdue The people under thee, to reign o'er all. Then shall the number of thy subjects born, 675 Be like the num'rous drops of morning dew: In the mean time, fend down the Holy Ghost, To bless thy chosen ones; they shall proclaim Thy triumph through the world, and multitudes Shall own thee as their Lord, and thee obey. 68a Such as adhere to thee thou may'st exalt, As kings and priefts on thrones, when thou shalt rule From sea to sea, and through the earth display The wonders of thy justice, pow'r, and love. In the mean time thou art a priest to me, After the order of Melchisedec: For

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For predecessor thou hadst none, nor shall
Thy glorious priesthood e'er succession know.
Thine off'ring pure, acceptable to me,
Hath gain'd for thee this savour in mine eyes,
To be my priest for ever; pray'rs I'll hear,
If offer'd in thy name; praise I'll accept:
Persons and off'rings, if through thee they come,
Shall be receiv'd, and find a welcome here.

So spake th' eternal Father, and shone forth, 695 With all his glory, on the Son beloy'd. The Son obedient rose, and took his place At God's right hand; when lo a path appear'd. A way quite open'd to the throne of God; The vail was cleft, and Jesus shew'd his face. 700 All heav'n rejoic'd at this amazing fight! The trumpet founded loud, and hail'd the Son Of glory, on his throne exalted high. Now was permission giv'n to all the train Of faints who came with Jesus, to come in, 705 Attended by the bright angelic hosts: These had their seats in bliss to them assign'd; And faw their Saviour, and with joy ador'd Their great fore-runner; who had led their feet To those celestial realms of joy and peace. 710

The pris'ners whom the Saviour freed from chains, Were here admitted to a place of rest.

This num'rous host from tribulation came,

Their robes once foul, were cleans'd in Jesu's blood.

The

The palms of vict'ry were bestow'd on them,
They were the Saviour's trophies, and appear'd
Proofs of his conquests over death and hell.
As for the heads of the rebellious crew
That Jesus led in chains, to shew his pow'r,
They for the present were releas'd, to rove
Through air and earth, as formerly, to tempt
The sons of men, until the Saviour comes
To bind their prince, and chain him in the deep;
And they with him; then shall temptations cease
A thousand years; while Jesus reigns on earth. 725

I cannot flay to fing their swift descent,
Through diff'rent spheres, till to the earth they came,
Nor how their hellish joy exulted loud,
At being suffer'd still to range at large,
Bent sull on mischief, hating God and man,
Like roaring lions, seeking for their prey;
Employ'd to ruin man, if possible.
These things I cannot sing at large, but haste
To join the heav'nly choirs, in praising him
Now seated on a throne of dazzling light.

735
This one song ended, I must quit this place,
And to the earth descend with joyful news.

Now were the heav'nly hofts all summon'd round,
To pay their adorations to their King;
For now he was exalted far above
All principalities, dominions, pow'rs;
And

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And all things were subjected to his sway.

Angels and saints all join'd to praise his name;

They sang his low descent, from Heav'n to earth,

How he was born, and how he liv'd obscure;

At length how he was crucify'd to death.

They sang his vict'ry over death and hell,

His resurrection from the darksome tomb:

These glorious acts they sung, but O, how loud

The chorus rose, when once they introduc'd

750

The grand ascension song, which thus began:

Thou hast ascended, art enthron'd on high; Hast captive led captivity, and hast Received gifts for men, rebellious men, That God the Lord might dwell with them below. He that descended to the lowest deeps, 756 To raise his ransom'd pris'ners from despair; Is now ascended to the highest Heav'ns, Exalted far above our noblest praise. Behold the charlots which around him wait, 760 Those angels who attended him to Heav'n! Thousands of thousands wait his high commands. Worthy is he to wear the glorious crown, Who late was flain and fuffer'd on the cros: Worthy all pow'r, and riches, to receive; Wisdom, and strength, and honour, are his due Glory, and praise, and blessing evermore.

The faints cry'd, Worthy is the Lamb, once

the fealed book of God's decrees,
pen and to execute them all:

770
th none in Heav'n or earth could undertake,
tone were worthy found, but he alone.
the was flain, and hath redeemed us,
to our God hath made us kings and priefts,
we shall reign with thee upon the earth.

776

is is a fong most new, which none can learn hose redeem'd from earth, first fruits to God to the Lamb; whose mouths are free from guile; spotless stand before the sacred throne. 780 hose composing the great multitude, ations, kindreds, peoples, tongues, who came i tribulation great, by him releas'd, i'd in those blood-wash'd robes, exceeding white, 1 not be filent on this joyful day; 785 ry'd aloud, Salvation be to God, fitteth on the throne, and to the Lamb. angels join'd the chorus, and ador'd r King and Lord, our Saviour Jesus CHRIST. im hath God exalted, and hath giv'n 790 im a name superior to all names; in the name of Jesus ev'ry knee ld bow; and ev'ry tongue confess him Lord, iod's eternal praise; nothing except eav'n above, on earth, or underneath; 795 hath decreed that all shall him adore.

The

The age to come, is put beneath his feet,

And shall be govern'd by his laws alone:

An honour this that angels never had.

An honour this that angels never had.

He's head of principalities and pow'rs,

Had worthy of this honour is the Lord,

And worthy of this honour is the Lord,

To death in its most painful, shameful form,

To death in its most painful, shameful form,

The suffrings of the vile accursed cross.

Sev'n days and nights were spent in this employ,
Both saints and angels join'd to crown their King;
Whom God hath set on Zion's holy hill:
Whom Frais'd his name in such exalted notes,
They prais'd his name in such exalted notes,
So sweet the music, and so grand the songs,
In vain I strive at all to imitate;
In vain I strive at all to imitate;
My tongue is much too seeble, and my pen,
Too weak to represent the airs of Heav'n.

Too weak to represent the airs of Heav'n.

Suffice it that I have attempted greater things
Suffice it that I have attempted greater things
Than painter ever painted, poet sang;
And if I have not fail'd in my attempt
And if I have not fail'd in my attempt
To shew the great exploits by Jesus done;
And his exalted state: Let God be prais'd.

END OF THE FIFTH BOOK.

BOOK VI.

THE INTERCESSION.

Dear Redeemer, or by what lov'd name Shall I address thee? How shall I express The thoughts within my heart, that labour there? In, how my foul, beneath th' amazing load If gratitude opprest, would fain have vent!) Jesus, help me: raise my thoughts to Heav'n; Ceach me to meditate, (in spite of all mpediments that weigh my spirits down) Jpon thy glorious intercession there. Thou knowest all my weaknesses and wants; 10) help me through this work, and I will raise I monument of gratitude to thee, Who canst inspire my soul to sing thine acts, Thy noble acts, the wonders of thy love, Which thou hast wrought in favour of mankind. 15

Begin my foul to trace the glorious theme, The intercession of thy Lord and King: In Heav'n's high court above he pleads for thee; He knows thy frame, thy weakness, and thy faults,

Yet

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Yet loves thee still, and interceding fits 20 At God's right hand, and gains the Father's ear, In spite of all the accusations strong Which Satan urges, who accuses thee Before Jehovah, ceaseless night and day: And oh, his charges are but oft too true, 25 Though aggravated fore; but Jesus cries, Father, forgive the finner, I have dy'd, My blood hath made atonement for his faults: For him I liv'd, dy'd, fuffer'd, rose again, Ascended, and will intercession make. 30 Besides, O Father, still he loves us well; . His heart rejoices in our words and ways; -He is a brand plack'd from the burning fire. Satan to fuch a foul can lay no claim; Therefore the fiend deserves thy just rebuke. 35` Thus oft my Saviour pleads, nor pleads in vain: His plea well founded, always must succeed.

Who shall support a charge against those souls
Who love the Lord, and whom the Lord approves
God justifies; and who shall dare condemn?

40
'Tis Christ that dy'd, but still we glory more
In that he rose, and lives at God's right hand,
And for us constant intercession makes.
This chain of grand events emboldens us
To bid this challenge to our num'rous soes;
Who will attempt to break the union firm
Between the faithful saints, and Christ their head?

And

For

And separate their souls from JESU's love? Shall tribulation? or shall fore diffress? Or perfecution fell? or famine drear? 50 Shall nakedness? or peril? or the sword? Tis for thy fake we're martyr'd all the day; As sheep unto the slaughter we are led. The num'rous pains and cruel wounds we bear, Are fuch as none but faithful Christians feel. 55 Without are fightings, and within are fears, And none but God can know what we endure. But we in all things more than conqu'rors are Through him that lov'd us. He can sympathize. He bore our fins, our forrows carry'd too; 60 He felt our pains, he knows our bitter griefs. For we have not in Heav'n a great high priest, That cannot feel for our infirmities: He still remembers what he once endur'd: 65 For he like us was tempted in all points, Our inbred fins except, for he had none. O therefore let us ever boldly come To his rich throne of grace, and thus obtain Mercy and grace, to help in time of need. And fince our great high prieft, the Son of God, 70 Jesus, our Saviour, into Heav'n is gone, O let us hold our good profession fast! Our hope's an anchor fure within the vail; Whither our great forerunner for our fakes Hath enter'd; and our course doth thither tend: 75 There through God's grace we shall arrive at last.

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For we are well persuaded, neither death,
Nor life, nor angels, principalities,
Nor pow'rs, things present, nor those things to come,
Nor heighth, nor depth, nor any creature, shall 80
Be able to divide our souls from God,
Or separate us from our Saviour's love.

Jesus is gone to plead our cause on high. He sits enthron'd above; rememb'ring still, His fiery trials in our lower world; 85 For it behov'd him in all things to be Made like his brethren, that he might become A merciful and faithful priest for us, In things pertaining to the Deity; To make atonement for the people's fins, 90 And then to plead for them before the Lord. As once he fuffer'd being tempted fore, He's therefore able to relieve the fouls, The tempted fouls, who trust his faithful care. Jesus behold me, see my great distress; 95 No comfort can I find but in thy love; If thou forfakest me, where shall I go? I am a wretched pilgrim, far from home, No friend I find in whom my foul can trust But thee alone, O Saviour, leave me not; 10 Thou feest how I fall without thine aid. Jesus, thou art our glorious advocate, Exalted high to intercede for men, O help me, save me, snatch me from despair.

My foul must perish if thou dost deny. But thou hast loved me, and giv'n thyself A ranfom for my life, and fully made Propitiation for my num'rous crimes. Nor me alone, thy church was purchas'd too, By the same price; nor didst thou die in vain, Thy chosen bride shall hear thy pow rful voice: Nor was thy pity bounded on that day When thou so freely didst thy life lay down, For all mankind thou shed'st thy precious blood, Not one excluded, all were bought by thee; 115 Not for our fins alone, but the whole world, Thou madest reconciliation then. What boundless love was this! thy love constrains Our hearts to love thee, and to love mankind. And thus we judge, that if one dy'd for all, Then were all dead; and that for all he dy'd, That they who live should live to him alone, Who dy'd for them, rose, lives, and intercedes.

All sin we should endeavour to forsake; But if we fin, let not our fouls despair; If any man transgress, and miss the mark, An advocate we have at God's right hand, Th' anointed Saviour, and the righteous One; Who having full propitiation made, Now glorious acts the intercessor's part, He's able to the uttermost to save All that shall ever come to God by him, Because

Because he always lives to plead for them. He is a Saviour, such as sinners need; He's worthy of the dignity of priest, Made higher than the Heav'ns, as he deserves: For he was holy in his heart and life, And perfect innocence in him appear'd, Was ne'er defil'd with sin's detested stain,

And always was from finners separate.

Such an high priest became us, he is sit

To stand before the lofty throne of God,
And well was qualify'd to undertake,
And having undertook, hath carry'd on,
By means the most conducive to the end,
And will complete the work he hath begun.
He with his golden censer ever stands,
With purest incense, ready to present
The pray'rs of saints (which constantly ascend)
Upon the golden altar, which receives
Our facrifices offer'd by our priest:
These with acceptance come before the throne;
For none can be deny'd that come through him.

Dear Jesus, hear my pray'rs, regard my fighs,
For other mediator I have none;

And O my forrow's great, my woe's extreme,
But thou my advocate and Saviour art;
This is my comfort when each refuge fails.
O Lord forgive me all my follies past,

And

And give me grace and strength for time to come.

O give me patience here to bear my cross!

And as I suffer forely for my fins,

Give me release at last, and take me home

To dwell with thee, and all shall then be well.

O Saviour, pity, bless, and plead for me! I know thou livest, let me also live,
And let my soul be precious in thy sight.
Thou didst remember me upon thy cross,
Remember me, now, and for evermore.
O blame me not for pleading earnestly;
I feel my need of thee, and cannot rest
But in thine arms of mighty love and pow'r.
In thee I trust, on thee alone depend,
As Saviour, surety, helper, advocate,
As Lord and King; as shelter from the storm,
As my great all in all, my chiefest good.

Thus having trac'd the Saviour's process o'er,

Let us review the ground which we have past,

And just survey the circle he describ'd;

From Heav'n to earth, from earth to death's dark's

shades;

Thence to the earth again, and thence to Heav'n: And this review will just my work divide.

'Tis plain, if any truth can so be call'd, That Jesus was with God, ere time began,

And

THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. Book VL And dwelt in glory, was the fole delight 185 Of his great Father, ere the worlds were made. He was with God, and therefore he could pray, Father I've glorify'd thy name on earth, The work thou gavest me I have fulfill'd. And now, O Father, glorify thy Son 199 With thine own felf, with glory I possest With thee, before this lower world began, This pray'r was falle, if he existed not Before the universe itself was made. For God created all things by his Son, 195 All things in earth, or things in Heav'n above, All things invisible, and all things seen, All thrones, dominions, principalities, All pow'rs, created by and for him were. He is before all things, and all exist 200 From him, and by him; which could never be If he existed not till yesterday. He is the brightness of his Father's face. The image of his person fair exprest. All things to him their prefervation owe, 205 As well as their existence, he therefore Is heir of all things; all things to him giv'n Are trusted by the Father in his hands. This is that lovely person in the form Of God, but who did not aspire to rise, 210 But low he bow'd in deep humility, And took upon himself a servant's form, And in the likeness of our flesh was made.

He

He being found in fashion as a man, This is he To death became obedient. 215 Who from the Father came into the world, Who pass'd through all our states of life and death, And through this process, back to God return'd. Now he's ascended where he was before. He came from Heav'n, and therefore did return. When he had all his purposes fulfill'd 22I For which he came to earth; had liv'd, and dy'd, Descended to the lowest parts of earth; Rose, comforted his followers, promis'd them The Holy Ghost, the Comforter divine, 225 For ever to abide with them on earth, To teach them all things, be their constant guide. Till he in glory should appear again. Thus was the love and grace of Jesus shewn. He that was rich became exceeding poor, 230 That through his poverty we might be rich. He left the heights of Heav'n, those bright abodes, And laid his royal state aside, and took Our flesh, and condescended to be born In such a low estate, that he could feel 235 The wants of human nature, and fustain Of our infirmities and fins the load. Through lowest scenes he pass'd, and overcame The curse and evil that in them were found. Temptations and distresses were his lot, 249 But he endur'd them all, and gain'd renown; Nor was it in the pow'r of all his foes To

To gain the least advantage in the fight. Through life he persever'd in doing well; Always obey'd, nor in one instance fail'd. 345 Accomplish'd all his heav'nly Father's will, And through the rude and iron gate of death Pass'd, as 'twas needful, to redeem mankind. Descending lower than the grave, he saw The fad estate of those who dy'd condemn'd; 250 There he wrought wonders, greater than my pen Can e'er describe, or e'en my heart conceive: The pow'rs of darkness overcame, and broke The chains in which their captives long they held. Thus he declar'd his universal right, 255 To all the fouls which he had made, and thus Began to exercise the right he had In consequence of death obtain'd, to set The pris'ners free, from darkness and despair. For as he came from highest Heav'ns, he must Descend to the dark centre, and pass through, And be the breaker up of all the gates That barr'd mankind from God; and then return Back to his native home, and thus prepare Our mansions in the realms of heav'nly light. 265

This most amazing process of our Lord
Has laid a firm foundation for our hope;
For by his passing through each sev'ral state,
He made salvation possible for all.
For the amazing circle so compleat

270 From From Heav'n through shades of death, and thence again

To the high courts of bliss, doth comprehend, Encircle, and enclose all things at once.

This process gives him pow'r to conquer all;
It gives him right by all to be ador'd:
All are declar'd to be his due reward,
And he shall see the travail of his soul:
And in his times or seasons shall subject,
Re-head, restore, and reconcile all things,
Whether in Heav'n, in spheres unknown to men,
Or in our solar system, or in earth,
Our habitation while we live, or in
The grave, or in the deeps of hell beneath.

O glorious process of our conquiring King! The fource of all our hopes and all our joys. 285 How low our Lord has the foundation laid Of that amazing kingdom, which shall rife Above all kingdoms, and shall ever stand; Shall comprehend within its limits, all That bear the name of agents rational! 290 How vast the structure! and how firm the state Of that dominion which our Lord shall have In confequence of what he hath perform'd, Endur'd, and fuffer'd, in that process vast, Of which in brief I've fung! but O, how thort 295 My fong has fallen of the noble theme Which .

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Which I attempted! but O blame not, Ye critics, and ye poets; try yourselves. Write, and exceed me, fet this matter forth In noblest strains; then will my heart rejoice 300 To fee my work into oblivion fink, In consequence of your more noble song. Willing my taper weak should be obscur'd By your meridian fun; my little stream Lost in your larger river: I'll not grudge 305 To see your merits shine superior far To what I can pretend. O take the hint, And write on this fublimest subject so As quite to fet afide my work perform'd.

What theme so much deserves the noblest song
As this important process of our Lord,
And the great empire which he shall erect?
No subject fills my raptur'd soul like these!
For ages I could dwell upon such themes,
Themes sitter for a seraph's tongue than mine,

Lord Jesus, seated on a throne of light,
To thee I would direct my earnest pray'r;
Forgive my seeble song, my weak attempt,
To sing thy glorious process, and proclaim
The wonders of thy strong redeeming love.

320
If I in any thing have done amiss,
Forgive me, Lord, and teach my willing mind.

Thou

Thou knowest that my soul sincerely seeks
To glorify thy great and holy name,
And to disclose the wonders thou hast wrought: 325
In which if I've succeeded, unto thee
Be all the praise, now, and forevermore.

END OF THE SEXTH BOOK.

ROOK

BOOK VII.

THE DESCENT OF THE HOLY GHOST, OR, THE

WONDERS OF THE DAY OF PENTECOSTA

EAR object of my faith, my trust, and love! JESUS, thou bright, immortal, heav'nly fair, Who freely gave thy life to ransom us, And pour'd thy blood upon the shameful cross a And undertaking to deliver man Didst not abhor the humble virgin's womb: When thou hadst conquer'd death, and overcome Its cruel sharpness, wide didst open Heav'n; For all believing fouls to enter there. O fend the Holy Spirit from above, 1**d**. That Comforter, instructor, guide divine, Which thou didst promise to thy saints of old. And which with greatest joy they did receive On that bleft day, which my poor feeble muse Would fain attempt to fing. O Lord affift, 15 For thou canst make the feeble strong, and raise The weakest strains to harmony divine. Grant

Grant me thy Spirit with its sev'nfold gifts;
My heart inspire while I attempt to sing
The wonders wrought on that renowned day
When God, the Holy Ghost, came down to dwell
With mortal men, thy glories to proclaim;
And to prepare them for the sacred work
Which they were destin'd to perform on earth;
And also for thy sacred courts above.
Lord, I would pray for so divine a boon,
I feel the need of that celestial slame,
To purify my soul from sin and death;
And to inspire the lostiest sentiments
Of love and joy, while Pentecost I sing.

Ten days the chosen band had spent in pray'r,
In earnest supplication persever'd,
With one accord they join'd in that employ,
While waiting for the promise of their Lord.
Six score most precious names together spent
That blessed season till the time arriv'd.
Companions are of use in every thing,
Each other they encourage and support,
But never more than when they join in pray'r;
And mutual servent pray'r is doubly bless'd,
And may the Saviour's mighty promise claim:
Where two of you agree on earth to ask
For any thing, it shall be done for them,
By God, my Father, who in glory dwells,

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Yet listens to the pray'rs and cries of all
Who offer up petitions in my name.

O that mankind on earth would now unite
In faith, by pray'r to supplicate his throne!
What blessings they might gain which now they mis!
They have not, for they ask not, or in vain
They ask, and not receive, for their design
Is to consume the blessing on their lusts.
Pray'r must be made in faith through Jesu's name,
And be according to the will of God,
Proceeding from an heart upright, sincere.
These are the needful requisites of pray'r.
So the disciples pray'd with constancy
For ten bless days, till from their Lord they heard.

Now the appointed day was fully come,
The day of Pentecost, that glorious day,
On which the promise of the Holy Ghost,
In all its gifts of wisdom, love, and pow'r,
Should be accomplished to their greatest joy;
And mankind brought thereby to God again,
As first ripe fruits; sure token that at last
The whole shall be prepar'd for highest use:
For if the Lord hath sanctify'd a part,
The whole must share in his divine regard.
For if the root be holy, then 'tis plain
That all the branches must be so esteem'd,
And if the first ripe fruits are sanctify'd,

The lump, and all the harvest, are the Lord's, All are his rightful due, none will he lose.

The day arose, the morning sun appear'd, And found the chosen train together met, 75 All in one place, and all of one accord, All waiting for the Holy Spirit's fire. When fuddenly a rushing mighty wind, From Heav'n descending, fill'd the happy place: Fill'd all the room with glory; every heart With wisdom, love, and pow'r, and grace divine. In form of cloven tongues of fire appear'd The Holy Spirit, and on each remain'd. Inspir'd thereby to speak with other tongues, They foon began the wonders to declare. 85 And O what wond'rous things they had to tell! This was a token fure that Christ their Lord Had enter'd Heav'n, and was accepted there. So then without delay they boldly spake, And publish'd to the wond'ring multitude 90 The death and refurrection of the Lord. And his ascension into Heav'n itself. Now in his Father's presence to appear. O had I words to tell the glorious news, As they proclaim'd it in that bleffed hour! 95 With what unknown, aftonishing success! Thousands, converted to the Lord their God, Proclaim'd the Saviour's resurrection true.

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Such

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Such a rich harvest Jesus well deserv'd,

A just reward of all his woes and pains.

100

But what a fermon did th' Apostle preach!

How did he win so many souls at once?

O could we learn that heav'nly useful art

Of winning souls! how wise and happy they

Whom Jesus calls, and strengthens for that work?

For he that winneth souls is truly wise!

And they who many turn to righteousness'

Shall shine, as stars in Heav'n, for evermore.

One fermon then three thousand did convert,
But now three thousand sermons scarce win one. 110
Yet, Lord, the harvest still remains behind.
For Pentecost was only the first fruits,
A prelude of the glorious latter day.
Peter began, and listed up his voice:

Hear now, ye dwellers at Jerusalem,
Ye men of Judah, hearken to my words,
And be this wonder now explain'd to all.
These whom you see thus mov'd, not drunk nor mad,
Are fill'd with heav'nly wine, the grace of God,

The Holy Ghost is poured out on them.

120
For that which Joel spake is now fulfill'd:
And it shall come to pass, saith God most High,
In days to come, the latter age of time,

I will

I will pour out my Spirit on all flesh, Your fons and daughters then shall prophely; 125 Young men shall visions see, and old men dream. My fervants and my handmaids all shall share In fuch a bleffing, worthy of the name! My Spirit pour'd upon them all shall make Their hearts rejoice, their tongues to prophefy. In outward nature wonders shall be shewn, 131 Signs in the Heav'n above, and earth beneath, Blood, fire, and fmoky vapour shall appear: The fun, with darkness cover'd, shall not shine; The filver moon discolour'd, like to blood, 135 Shall shew the world the mighty day is nigh.

Such was the darkness, and the fearful sights
Which to the world appear'd when Jesus dy'd;
And which portended then great things to man.
Such awful signs forewarn'd the stubborn Jews
Of their destruction nigh, their bloody doom.
And such shall be repeated, ere the Lord
Shall come in clouds to reign upon the earth.

And it shall come to pass, that whosoe'er
Shall call upon the name of Christ the Lord,
In faith, according to the will of God,
He shall salvation's precious gift obtain.

Ye men of Israel, hear these words of truth:

P 2

Jesus

I sus of Nazareth, by God approv'd, A man that went about, still doing good, 150 By whom God wrought figns, wonders, miracles, Among you, and before the eyes of all, As ye yourselves must witness that ye know; The fick he heal'd, the blind restor'd to fight, He made the deaf to hear, the dumb to speak, 155 The lame to walk, the foulest lepers cleans'd, He cast out demons, and he rais'd the dead: Yet him the God of Heav'n deliver'd up, According to his counsel and forelight, Him ye have taken, and by wicked hands 160 Have crucify'd and flain the Prince of Life: But him hath God the Father rais'd from death, For 'twas not possible that all its bands Should hold the mighty conqu'ror pris'ner still. It was of him, and in his character 165 The prophet David in the pfalm did speak: The Lord before my face I did foresee, Always attending to direct my steps; He my defence is still at my right hand, And never suffers me to move amiss. 170 Therefore my heart rejoic'd, my tongue was glad; My flesh shall also rest in highest hope: Because thou wilt not leave my soul in hell, Nor let thine Holy One corruption see; Thou hast made known to me the ways of life, Thy countenance shall make me full of joy. Men

Men, brethren, let me freely speak to you, Concerning David, patriarch, and king; You know that he is dead, and bury'd here, His sepulchre with us remaineth still: 180 And therefore of himself he could not speak. But as he was a prophet, and forefaw The coming of the bleffed One, yea, knew That God had fworn to him with solemn oath. That from his stock and offspring he would raise 185 Christ, the anointed Saviour, on his throne To fit, and rule the world in righteousness; This he beheld in vision, and foretold, And therefore of Christ's resurrection spake With certainty, how that his righteous foul 199 Was not in hell detain'd, nor yet his flesh, That mortal part, did foul corruption see. This Jesus God hath raised from the dead, Whereof we all are faithful witnesses. For as he is by God's right hand of pow'r 195 Exalted in the Heav'ns in glory high, And having of the Father now receiv'd The promise of the Holy Spirit, he Hath shed forth this which now ye see and hear, For David hath not yet ascended up, 200 Into the Heav'ns, but he himself hath said, JEHOVAH faid unto my Lord, Sit thou At my right hand, until I make thy foes Become thy footstool, and submit to thee,

P 3

Therefore

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Therefore let all the house of Israel know 205. Affuredly, receive it as a fact,
That God hath made Jesus of Nazareth,
Whom ye have crucify'd, both Lord and Christ.

This was the fermon crown'd with such success. And therefore worthy of remembrance here. Though plain, short, simple, with such force it came, As made its consequences greater far Than any fermon preach'd before or fince; So far as writing, facred or profane, Informs us. Then our Lord began to fee 215 The travail of his foul, with holy joy. Joy was in Heav'n that day, the angels fang The rifing glories of their Lord and King. For if one penitent makes them rejoice, How great their pleasure when they thousands saw, Who pricked in their hearts at what they heard, 221 To Peter, and th' apostles, cry'd aloud, Men, brethren, tell us, O, what must we do? Repent, and be baptiz'd, both one and all, In that great name of Jesus Christ the Lord, 225 For the remission of your sins, and then The gift of God, the Holy Ghost, receive. The promise is to you, and to your feed, And to the people who at distance dwell, As many as the Lord our God shall call. 230 With many other words of like import, He them exhorted, faying, Save yourselves

From

From this untoward generation; stand
Afar from all the maxims of this age,
And wicked customs of this sinful world.

As many as the faving word receiv'd
Were then baptiz'd, and added to the church,
Who on that day receiv'd three thousand souls
To its embraces, who were join'd in heart.
Oh! what a glorious body then was seen!

Who all continu'd stedsastly agreed
In the true doctrine of our blessed Lord,
Taught by his holy messengers, who brought
Glad tidings to the ears of sinful men.

Those new converted ones had fellowship 245 With the Apostles; each to each was join'd In the fame reciprocal bond of love. Born of the same free Spirit from on high, Join'd in communion with the God of grace, They dwelt in love, continu'd much in pray'r, And breaking bread from house to house, they liv'd Like one united family. No broils Nor fierce contentions were amidst them found. One heart, one foul, one mind, and one accord, Dwelt constantly within this peaceful fold. 255 Their food they took in singleness of heart, Eating their meat with gladness, they rejoic'd In the Salvation of their Saviour King. The name of God they prais'd, and Christ ador'd, Had favour with the people, and the Lord 260 Daily P 4

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Daily increas'd their number, with fuch fouls As were dispos'd falvation to receive.

What glorious days were those! while they remain'd Firmly united in one heav'nly band!

No diff'rent doctrines, jarring sentiments, 265

Were found among their leaders, all agreed

To testify of Jasus, of his life,

Death, resurrection, and ascent to Heav'n,

And of his intercession there for men.

The church who in his name believ'd, was one, 270

Like as the Father and the Son agree,

In perfect union, so the Christians were,

All of one mind, and all agreed in love,

Were one in understanding, and design.

With glorious pow'r, the bleft apostles gave
True witness of the Saviour's love to men,
And of his resurrection from the tomb;
And greatest grace upon them all was shed.
They walking in the sear and love of God,
And in the comforts of the Holy Ghost,
Were multiply'd; and fill'd with ev'ry good
And perfect gift descending from above,
From God the Father, Lord of love and light.
Those who believ'd continu'd in the truth,
And by the truth were freed from sin and guilt, 285
From selfishness, and envy, pride, and wrath:
Fill'd with humility, meekness, and love,

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217

And refignation to the will divine. Love, fervent charity in them prevail'd, Join'd with true piety, and godly zeal. 290 Such was Christianity in ancient days. Professors were possessors, and they liv'd Unto the glory and the praise of Christ. Justly they did, lov'd mercy, humbly walk'd, Liv'd in sobriety, and righteousness; 295 In godliness they exercis'd themselves. They liv'd to him in whom they liv'd, and bore The precious fruits of holiness sincere, Express'd by holiness of heart and life. They thought and spake like Jesus, liv'd like him, And were in disposition like their Lord; 301 In them his fentiments and motives rul'd, The same their principles, like his divine. The Holy Ghost brought forth its fruits in them, Love, joy, and peace, long fuff'ring, gentleness, Goodness and faith, meekness and temperance; 306 They in the Spirit liv'd, and walk'd therein. They found the promises of Christ fulfill'd, Which he had giv'n before he left the world.

These, as the legacy of our best friend,
Bequeath'd before his death, let us review
With more attention than we would a will
Wherein our names as legatees were found,
And we thereby entitled to estates
Of greatest worth, with titles high adorn'd.

315 The

310

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The promise of the Spirit, richer far
Than all the dignities that earth can boast,
Was thus proclaim'd by Jesus Christ our Lord.

If ye love me, then my commandments keep. And I will pray the Father, he'll give you 320 Another Comforter, who shall abide With you for evermore (though I depart:) He, the Great Spirit of eternal truth, Whom worldly men cannot receive, because They fee him not, nor know his character: 325 But ye're acquainted with his influence, For he shall dwell in you, and rule your hearts. I will not go, and leave you comfortless, (For though I leave you, I will come again) Because I live, your life is fase in me. 330 (Lord, let my foul in thee be found at last.)

These things I speak while I am yet with you;
But he, the Comforter, the Holy Ghost,
Whom the Great Father in my name shall send,
He shall instruct you in the ways of peace,
Shall teach you all things, and all things shall bring
To your rememb'rance what to you I've spoke.
My peace I give and leave with you always,
Not like the world do I my gifts bestow;
Let not your heart be troubled nor assaid.
The Comforter, the Holy Ghost shall come,
Whom from the Father I will send to you,

Whole

Whose name is call'd, Spirit of grace and truth,
Who from th' Almighty Father doth proceed,
This Comforter shall testify of me.

345
And also ye shall faithful witness bear,
Because, from the beginning ye have seen
My works, and heard my words, and been with me.

For you it is expedient that I go
Unto my Father, for unless I thus
Depart, the Comforter will not descend;
But if I go, I'll send him from on high.
And when he comes, he will the world reprove
Of sin, of righteousness, and judgment too;
Of sin, because they don't on me believe;
Of righteousness, because I go away
Unto my Father, and ye see me not;
Of judgment, he'll reprove, because the prince
Of darkness of this age, Satan, is judg'd.

I yet have many things to say to you,

But ye are weak, and cannot bear them now;

But when the Spirit of all truth is come,

He will instruct your souls, and guide your hearts,

And sacred knowledge to you all impart,

And teach your understandings all the truth,

And animate your wills to keep the same.

The blessed Spirit he will speak of me,

Not of himself; whatever he shall hear

That shall he speak, and shew you things to come.

Much

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Much he shall glorify and honour me; 370

For he shall take of mine, and shew it you.

All things that God the Father hath are mine;

Therefore I said to you, that he shall take

The things of mine, and shew them unto you.

Thus Jesus spake, and promis'd them this boon,
And thus they sound his promises sulfill'd,
376
On that blest day which now I celebrate:
Oh, could I speak upon a theme so grand,
As justly it deserves; but oh! my pow'rs
Are far too weak for such a noble song.
380

The Holy Spirit with his various gifts Came down upon th' apostles, and on those Who heard the word from them, and turn'd their minds From darkness unto light, and from the pow'r Of fin and Satan to the living God. 385 Then were they sometimes blest with special pow'rs: They had diversities of heav'nly gifts, But all proceeded from One Spirit pure. To one thereby the word of wisdom giv'n, Made him a teacher wife and excellent: 39**Q** The word of knowledge was another's boon, Giv'n by the same free Spirit from above. Unto another faith was giv'n, by which Great things were done, and mighty works were wrought.

The gifts of healing to another giv'n

39**5** By By the same Spirit, prov'd his pow'r divine. Another had the gift of miracles; Another had the light of prophefy; Others had gifts the spirits to discern, By which deceivers then discover'd were: 400 Others could speak with divers kinds of tongues: While others could interpret what they heard. But all these pow'rs from the same Spirit came, Who giveth fev'rally to all the faints, Just as he pleaseth, is controul'd by none. 405 And though its operations vary much, It is the self same Spirit worketh all. Thus by the Holy Spirit, all the Church Was comforted, and edify'd in love. And was prepar'd by those celestial gifts For labours, suff'rings, wars, and victories.

How infinitely useful was this gift!

Which God bestow'd on them, nor gave in vain.

For they were wholly qualify'd thereby

For all which he appointed them to do.

This gave a mouth and wisdom unto them,

Which none of all their mightiest enemies

Were able to gainsay, or to resist.

This holy gift not only was design'd

To qualify them for their work on earth,

But to prepare their souls for Heaven's bliss,

And give them happy foretastes of the same,

While on the earth they dwelt; nor them alone,

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The Holy Spirit is design'd for us,

And all the saved race in ev'ry land;

As our instructor, helper, comforter,

Our quick'ner, sealer, and our witness true.

By this we are enabled to perform

The will of God, as he requires of us,

And have the foretaste of the heav'nly world,

The earnest of the rich inheritance.

O let us ask for this most precious gift; For thus our Saviour has instructed us, Ask, and ye shall receive; seek, and you'll find: Knock, and it shall be open'd unto you; 435 For ev'ry one that asketh doth receive, And whofoever feeks shall furely find; To him that knocks it shall be opened: For which of you that is a father now Will give his child, that asketh bread, a stone? Or if he ask a fish, he will not give 441 A ferpent to his child to mock his wish. And to destroy, instead of feeding him. If children ask for eggs, will parents try To cheat their fons with scorpions in their room? Forbid it Heav'n! fuch parents can't be found. 446 If earthly parents, evil and unkind, Know how to give good gifts to children dear. Shall not your heav'nly Father, wife and good, Just, holy, righteous, kind, benevolent, 450 Give to his suppliants ev'ry precious gift, And And bless them with the Holy Ghost, and pow'r?
The Spirit teaches us to know his will,
And to obey his words, and keep his laws:
It likewise constant intercession makes,
Because through darkness, we are ignorant,
And know not what to pray for as we ought;
But this kind intercessor prays for us,
With groanings earnest and unutt'rable.
And God the Father, who all hearts doth search,
He knows the Spirit's mind, because he makes 461
Request according to the will divine.

The Spirit leads the Heav'n-born sons of God, Inspires their thoughts, words, actions, principles: They think, speak, act, and walk like Jesus Christ. This proves them born of God, born from above: 468 This Spirit beareth witness with our hearts, That we are sons and daughters of the Lord.

O what a privilege is this we claim,
To call him Father, Abba Father, God
Who gave us being, made the Heav'ns and earth?
Yet this the Spirit of adopting grace
Enables finful mortals to perform.
It makes us children, teaches us to call
Jehovah Father, and to trust in him.

God hath not giv'n the spirit of the world, and I But his own Spirit, that we might be taughters but

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To know those things by him so freely giv'n.

No man can know the things of man, except

The spirit of the man within his breast;

Much less can any know the things of God,

Save by that Spirit which from him proceeds.

The Spirit God hath giv'n is not of fear,

But pow'r, and love, sound mind, faith, wisdom,

grace.

This holy Spirit seals us to the day

Of fure redemption which our Lord shall bring.

And is the earnest pledge of bliss in Heav'n.

Let us not grieve the Spirit of our God,
Nor quench the Holy Ghost, that sacred fire,
Which warms our hearts, and animates our minds,
And moulds our souls according to his will.

Lord, pour thy Spirit down upon our feed,
Thy bleffing on our offspring, copiously.
Come, like the former and the latter rain;
Descend like dew upon the grass new mown,
As show'rs that fructify the barren earth.

Jesus, our Saviour, give our souls to drink.
The water of salvation, that may rise
And spring within us like a living well,
Up to eternal life; a sountain rich,
That cannot be exhausted, always pure,
And ever slowing with a constant stream.

For

For thou hast promis'd, Who on me believes, As sacred Scripture saith, from him shall flow Rivers of living water, full and free.

505

This was a promise of the pouring forth,
Of the effusion of the Holy Ghost,
Which was fulfill'd upon that blessed day,
When Jesu's followers were all baptiz'd
With heav'nly fire, the Spirit from on high.
O might such blessed times return again!
And last much longer than before! and fill
The world with knowledge, truth, peace, love, and
joy,

That grace and glory might appear on earth!

Thus was the Christian Church at first set up, 515 Neither by might, nor pow'r, nor force, nor art, Nor strength, nor sword, nor riches, nor the arm Of man, but by the Spirit of the Lord.

Human establishments were then unknown;

The arm of God was then the sole support

Of his own cause and int'rest in the world.

Oh that it always had remain'd the same!

Then true Christianity had slourish'd still.

The first believers, worthy of the name, Walk'd in the comforts of the Holy Ghost, And in the Spirit's love were edify'd.

525

They

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They were a body firmly join'd in heart,
With fympathetic love and kindness fill'd.
The members for each other had such care,
That none could want, for giving was a joy,
Far greater than receiving: each one bore
A part in all the forrows of the whole.
The body in return, to ev'ry one
Shew'd kindness in distress, and gave relief.
Thus if one member suffer'd, all were griev'd: 535
If one was glad, of joy they all pattook.
This was a Church well worthy of the name,
The Spouse of Christ, the Bride, the Virgin pure,
The Lamb's beloved wife, the heav'nly Queen.
The daughter of Jehovah, one with bim,
Who claims a One-ness with the living God.

Such was the Church by the apostles built.

And such the beauty of its discipline;

Such were its leaders, such its members too:

Such was its slaming love, its unity,

And such its pow'r, and such its sure desence.

God was its founder, Christ its only head;

The Spirit its instructor, leader, guide;

God's glory was its pole-star, and his word.

The faithful compass was by which she steer'd; 550

Her hope was firm, faith pure, her love was warm;

Her zeal was servent, and her doctrine clear,

From error free; her worship was devout.

The

| Book VII.] Descent of the Holy Ghost. | 227 |
|---|-----|
| The twelve apostles of the Holy Lamb | |
| Were her first ministers and faithful guides. | 555 |
| She was a perfect body, organiz'd | |
| In ev'ry part, for ev'ry duty fit. | |
| Taught by the Spirit, ev'ry truth she knew, | , |
| And practis'd ev'ry precept of her Lord. | • |
| And so successful were those chosen ones, | 560 |
| Who first proclaim'd the Saviour's name to men, | |
| That in a little time they spread the word | |
| Throughout the Lesser Asia, and the World; | • |
| For so the Romans call'd their empire vast. | |

Thousands and millions heard, believ'd, and own'd The Gospel of our Lord, and were baptiz'd. 566 Liv'd holy lives, and dy'd most happy deaths: Conform'd to Jesus in their time of life, They slept in him, and shall with him descend, When he shall come again to reign on earth. 570

Ten thousand preachers of the Gospel rose,
Proclaim'd the word in many distant lands.
Ten thousand times ten thousand own'd its pow'r;
Ten millions suffer'd deaths of various kinds,
In testimony of the faith they held.

575
Until at length the force of truth prevail'd,
And idols throughout all the empire fell;
And Jesu's name was every where ador'd.

Thus:

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Thus far my Saviour's process I have trac'd, And sketch'd some part of that important plan Which fev'ral years ago, in diffant climes, I drew, with pleafure, hoping to compleat. But all my times are in the hands of God, And he can call me in a moment hence, To render up before his awful bar 585 A full account of all my words and deeds. And if my Lord and Saviour, and my judge, Shall give his plaudit, and pronounce, Well done! I shall not fear the num'rous hosts of hell, Nor in the least regard what men can say; 590 Whether they praise or blame, 'twill be alike. If God is pleas'd, all Heav'n will smile on me, But if he frowns, who can his anger bear? Not me; a worm, a creature of the dust: But, Lord, I fly to thee, to thee commit 595 My foul and body, and my feeble works, Intended for thy praise: accept them all, Through Jesus Christ, in whom may I be found, Now and for ever. Bleffed be my God, Who thus far has affisted me to sing 600 His praise, who gave his precious life for me, And whom I love with all my noblest pow'rs: In whose blest service I would wish to spend Whatever part of my short life remains: In him I hope to live, in him to die, And may I dwell with him forevermore,

Where

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229

Where peace, and love, and joy, and glory reign. Where in a nobler strain his praise I'll sing, In notes sublime, and imitate the lays Of seraphs thron'd in light, and Christ himself 610 Will not disdain to listen to my song.

END OF THE SEVENTH BOOK,

BOOK VIII.

HIS SECOND COMING,

AND

COMMENCEMENT OF THE MILLENIUM.

ASTEN, O Lord, the long expected day,
When Jesus shall again from Heav'n descend,
No more to bleed and suffer, but to reign!
At thought of this my soul is fill'd with joy.
My heart is fraught with matter rich and free,
And from the sacred volume I will draw
Divine instruction, knowledge deep and large.
Oft has my feeble mind fresh pleasure felt
While ruminating on the joyful scene,
The bright appearing of my Saviour, God,
And his succeeding reign, which is to last
A thousand years, before the day of doom.
This period shall my present subject be.

But little time remains from now till then,
And yet great things and mighty must be done

15
Before the reign of Jesus can begin.

The

The Jews must to their ancient land return, And fafely dwell therein as heretofore. And then their enemies once more must rise, And think to take a spoil, and take a prey: 20 They like a storm against the land shall come, And shall by force Jerusalem reduce, Rifling the houses, plund'ring all the goods, Abusing feeble women, leading men Forth from the city to captivity, 25 Shall think the day and victory their own. But when they shall have taken half away, Before the time permits to take the whole, Behold, the Lord JEHOVAH will appear! That glorious Jesus, who is gone to Heav'n: 30 Triumphant then to earth he will return; Dismay and terror on the host will seize, And thus their pride and fury will be flay'd, Nor farther feek their conquest to pursue.

This great event the prophets have foretold
In plainest words, without the least disguise;
And yet, astonishing! 'tis not believ'd
By many who profess the Christian name.
But if it should be disbeliev'd by all,
It cannot be prevented. 'Tis decreed
That Christ, our Saviour, shall to earth descend.
And incredulity itself's a sign
That Jesu's day is nigh, and hastens on.
For he hath hinted, that when he shall come,

4

Faith

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Faith in his coming hardly shall be found:
The world shall be as careless, unconcern'd,
As in the famous days of Noah's age,
When he was order'd to prepare an ark,
To save himself and house from being drown'd,
By water floods long threaten'd and delay'd.

How did the world at last begin to mock, And ridicule the old and foolish man! While each pursu'd their business or their mirth, Nor heeded all the warnings that were giv'n! Eating and drinking, marrying wives employ'd Their time and thoughts, nor dream'd of ruin nigh, Their nights and days pass'd joyous, void of fear, (As careless as the sons of pleasure now) Until at last the awful day arose When Noah and his children chang'd their house, Forfook the land, and quarter'd in the ark: 61 Then foon unceasing rains began to pour Their copious torrents on the wretched earth; The great abyss of waters broken up, Soon overwhelm'd the globe, and swept away 65 Ten thousand millions of impious men. And thus destroy'd the mocking scoffing race, So shall the coming of the Son of man Be quite as unexpected by the world, And all mankind will be, as now they are, 70 Engag'd in cares or pleasures, heeding none Of all the folemn warnings fent from Heav'n. Thus

· . .

Thus in the days of pious, righteous Lot,
The proud inhabitants of Sodom, doom'd
To dire destruction for their grievous crimes,
They ate, they drank, they builded, bought and fold,
Thoughtless, and unconcern'd of what was nigh,
Till Lot departed, then the fi'ry show'r
Fell suddenly from Heav'n, and slew them all:
Destroy'd their lives and country all at once:
So shall the coming of our Saviour be.

This grand event is hast'ning on apace; And though by many it is disbeliev'd, Yet foon it will appear, nor will deceive Our hopes, who wait and long for that glad day. 84 Jesus, that once ascended up on high, Will come again in glory, will appear The second time, to save those faithful ones Who trust in him, and wait his face to see. The Lord shall come his counsels to fulfil, 90 His purposes of justice, mercy, truth; He will in clouds descend upon that mount, From which he did of old ascend to Heav'n, The Mount of Olives, where he often flood While fojourning below, shall feel once more 95 His hallow'd feet upon its surface tread. But what a wond'rous change will then take place! The mount towards the east and west will cleave, The parts divided will asunder move, Half to the north, half to the fouth will go, 100 And

And leave a long extended vale between.

The Lord shall come, and all the saints with thee,

To bless the nations, and their foes destroy.

How glorious will that happy day appear,
When Christ shall come with all his shining train!
The saints who sleep in Jesus shall arise, 106
And all the living saints shall then be chang'd,
And shall in glory with their Lord appear;
They shall be like him, see him, as he is.
They who shall in that resurrection share 110
Shall truly be distinguish'd by the Lord,
The second death on them shall have no pow'r;
They shall be plac'd on thrones as kings and priess,
And with their Saviour they shall reign on earth.
This honour is reserv'd for all the saints. 115

When Jesus to the mountain shall descend,
How will the host of soes confounded be?
They will consume away before his face,
And chiefly be destroy'd, by various means:
Their slesh will fall away, and leave their bones; 126
Their eyes and tongues shall also be consum'd:
And men and beasts shall fall a facrisice,
And with their slesh shall feast the rav'nous birds,
And by the beasts of prey shall be devour'd.
But leaving these, and many other scenes
Of dreadful judgments, which on them shall fall
Who do not willingly to Christ submit,
I pass

I pass now to relate those glorious scenes
Which shall take place when Jesus shall be King.
And Lord of all the globe, when monarchs all
Shall yield their pow'r and kingdoms to his will.
Those blessed days foretold by all the seers,
Which for a thousand years shall last, I'll sing;
And briesly sketch the sev'ral grand events,
Which shall unfold to the astonish'd sight
Of all the nations, in that glorious day.
The first event, which I shall now attempt,
Is the conversion of the Jewish race,
And the surprizing, sudden, saving change,
Which on that people shall take place at once.

140

They by their enemies shall be distress'd, In fuch a manner as to leave no hope, No prospect of relief, but wild despair, With deepest forrow mix'd, shall pierce their hearts. While in the midst of this distressing state, Behold the op'ning Heav'n presents to view The Lord of Glory, seated on a cloud, Enthron'd in light, attended by a throng Of holy faints and angels, who furround His throne of state, and shall with him appear. 150 The great Advent of Jesus then shall come. A day so great as never man beheld. Behold, he comes in grandeur terrible! All Heav'n descends and triumphs in his train. More than aftonishment! if more can be, 1:55 Now

Now feizes on the Jews, they lift their eyes Aloft, and view the glorious dreadful scene! An human form appears in robes of light, In glory most amazing to behold!

Say, Who is that? th' aftonish'd people cry; 160 Who can this be, descending thus from Heav'n? A man? Yea, more, a God in human form. But fee his hands and feet; what marks are there? Sure, they appear like scars! who can this be? What! can this be that Jesus whom we fcorn'd? Is this the babe of Bethl'em? this the man 166 That groan'd on Calvary? Yes, he it is, The man of forrows, whom we long despis'd! But oh, how chang'd is he! what glory now 16g Surrounds his facred head, once crown'd with thorns! Ah! this is he whom once we mock'd and fcorn'd! We, fools, his life as madness did esteem, And look'd upon his death as just and right: Counted him cursed, treated him with scorn: But now we see that he is Lord of all; **175** The Son of God in pow'r and glory high, Behold him drawing near! behold he comes! Where shall we fly to hide our guilty heads? Can rocks, or dens, or caves, or mountains fave? His eye furveys us. See him now descend! 18e How quakes the earth! See where his glory stands, Upon the famous Mount of Olivet! Behold it splits afunder and removes!

Alas, alas, what will become of us? Now they behold the man their fathers pierc'd, 184 And whom they long despis'd. See how they weep! Like Joseph's brethren, they are troubled now Before his presence whom they long contemn'd. Now burst their sorrows forth from ev'ry eye: They all retire apart, each one to weep; 190 Wives from their husbands hid, the more to wail, And husbands weep apart, to vent their grief. All hearts and houses now are full of moans. Joy feems departed from Jerusalem, And universal sorrow now takes place. All hands are feeble now, and all the knees Are weak as water, ev'ry heart is faint. What bitter grief and forrow now they feel! Oh, how their tears flow down! their hearts will break!

The woes they feel can never be express'd!

As when a father sees an only son,

The image of himself, his dear delight,

Seiz'd with some dire disorder, and anon

Cut off by death's relentless hand; he mourns!

His sorrow seems too vast to find a vent.

Such shall their mourning, grief, and sorrow be,

Unseign'd and bitter, deep and poignant too.

How can they choose but mourn, when they behold

His glory whom they ridicul'd so long?

What can they now expect but terrors dire,

To seize their souls, and torture them with pain,

And

And give them over to destruction's jaws? What must they do, O whither can they turn, To gain relief, where can they look for peace? For how can they expect to be forgiv'n, Who have incens'd the Lord by num'rous crimes, And persever'd in hating all his ways, And treated with despite his precious blood? But oh, the bleffed change that now takes place; Instead of wrath, behold how mercy shines! 220 JESUS, the Prince of Glory, Prince of Peace, Makes known his love, and comforts all their hearts. Calls them his people, cleanses them from fin: For their uncleanness opens wide a fount, In which their stains may all be wash'd away. Though red their fins like scarlet, they shall be Made white as wool, or new-fall'n mountain fnow. Now from this time they are renew'd, and made A diff'rent people far from what they were In former times, a nation now is born.

Rejoice, ye Heav'ns, the pain of Zion's o'er;
Her fons, new born, to Jesus off'rings bring,
Themselves they yield to his most gracious hands.
Behold Jerusalem its bands pour forth,
'To march, and fall at their Redeemer's feet!

They now repair unto the valley form'd
Where stood Mount Bethany a while before,
Now parted clean in two, and mov'd away.
As they in beauteous order march along,
Such

Such wonders they behold, as might inspire Their hearts with rapture at another time; To fee the living waters burfting forth. Where never rivers were beheld before: And to behold their foes upon the field Fall'n flain, against them never more to rise; And also to behold their friends return, Who by the enemies were captive led. But all their thoughts are fwallow'd up in him. Their Lord and King, whom now their fouls adore. And to whose presence they direct their steps. See they advance, behold the train arrives, The heav'nly guards on either fide give way, While they to his pavilion urge their course. Now they before their Great Redeemer fall. And humbly bow with rev'rence at his feet. 255

Shall I dare enter my Redeemer's Court,
And hear the homage which they pay to him?
Yes, my advent'rous muse, which dar'd ascend
Into the Heav'n of Heav'ns, when Jesus went
To make atonement for the fins of men,
Will not be put aside, but must intrude:
I would be present at this interview,
When Jesus and his humbled brethren meet,
When they confess their sins, and he forgives
When they receive him as their Lord and King, 265
And he shall own them for his people dear.
Attend, for 'tis a glorious moving scene;

And

the process and empire of christ. [Book VIII.

And here my willing foul a while would stay.

Behold them bow'd before their Saviour's face!

Hear them address their Lord in humble strains! 270

Lord, here before thy feet ourselves we cast: Unworthy we to look upon thy face, Since we fo long have disobedient been, So long despis'd thy name and character, And treated thee with fcorn and foul contempt. 275 We never can forgive ourselves, that we Have fo ungrateful and rebellious liv'd, Without the knowledge or the love of thee. How great have been our trespasses and sins! We view with great furprize what ills we've done, And never can forgive ourselves at all. 28t Our fathers finn'd in crucifying thee, And we've, alas! confented to the deed, And justify'd the foul and bloody fact; And to our shaine have glory'd in the crime. 28¢ We feel ourselves most guilty. Thou art just If thou condemn'it us; we are all to blame. Thou, thou art wholly right, we wholly wrong. Do with us, Lord, as shall to thee seem good. Ourselves and all we have we would refign To thy most gracious, wife, and fov'reign hands. O look with pity on the ancient race Of Abraham, thy friend, fo long despis'd, And justly too, fince we despised thee. But now we mourn, and bitterly lament 295 Our

Our num'rous crimes, but this the most of all,
That we have set at nought our Saviour King.
Alas, alas, behold we are unclean,
And all our righteousnesses are become
Like worthless rags, and our iniquities
They like the wind have taken us away.
For since our fathers have rejected thee,
And we have join'd to treat thy name with scorn,
Most justly thou hast hid thy royal face,
And hast consum'd us for our hateful sins.

But now, O Lord, remember we are clay, Thou art our potter, and by thee we're form'd. Thou made the world, and all which it contains, But when thou paid a visit to the earth, We thine own people did not know thy voice, Did not receive thee as our Saviour dear. And when into Jerusalem thou rode Upon an ass's colt, as 'twas foretold, We thy meek, lowly majesty despis'd; Thou wept, our fathers ridicul'd, thou faid, 315 Henceforth ye shall not see my face again, Until that time be come, when ye shall say, Bleffed be he that cometh in the name Of God the Lord, and give him honour due. That time is now arriv'd, we welcome thee, 320 Unworthy as we are of being call'd Thy people, we rejoice that thou art come: We bid thee welcome to thine ancient fold. R Our

Our holy cities are a wilderness, Compar'd to what they were in former times; Terusalem is like a desert now, Having been pillag'd by its deadly foes; And would have been destroy'd before this time Unless thou hadst appear'd for its relief: Behold our desolated state, O Lord, 330 How that our pleasant things are all laid waste, Our holy house has long been burnt with fire, And we have been destroy'd and scatter'd long: But thou art just in all that thou hast done, Because we have so much offended thee. 335 Whatever thou art pleas'd on us to lay, With deep submission, humbly we receive. Here paus'd the lowly orator, and thus The bleffed Saviour speedily reply'd:

Arise, O Zion, shine, thy light is come, 340 The glory of the Lord is ris'n on thee; The Gentiles to thy light with speed shall haste. And kings unto the brightness of thy day. Lift up thine eyes, and cast them round about. Behold the nations gather unto thee: 345 Thy fons shall come from far with thee to dwell; Thy daughters at thy fide shall all be nurs'd. Then thou shalt see, and shall together flow; Thine heart shalt fear, and greatly be enlarg'd, Because th' abundance of the sea shall be 350 To thee converted, unto thee shall come The The num'rous forces of the Gentile race.

Pure gold, and costly incense shall they bring,

The praises of Jehovan shall they shew.

Camels and dromedaries shall attend,

From all the wealthy nations of the east;

The flocks of Kedar, and Nebaioth's rams,

Together brought shall minister to thee.

My house of glory I will glorify.

See, who are these come flying like a cloud, And, as the doves, unto their windows haste? Surely the western isles shall wait for me, The stately ships of Tarshish shall be first, To bring thy children, stor'd with riches, home, Unto the honour of the Lord thy God, 364 And to the happy land by him posses'd; The Holy One of Israel dwells in thee, And by his presence hath thee glorify'd. The fons of strangers shall erect thy walls, To thee shall minister their lords and kings. 37Ö For though in wrath I smote thee, yet I have In favour now had mercy upon thee. Thy gates shall now stand open night and day, That all the nations of the world may come, With joy thy glory and increase to view, And to adore the Lord, thy fov'reign King. The nation now that will not bow to thee, Shall be destroy'd, and perish from the earth. To thee the glory of Mount Lebanon, The R. 2

| 244 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. [Book | VIII |
|---|-------------|
| The lofty cedars, firs, and pines, shall come, To build and beautify the sacred place, | 380 |
| Where I in glory and in light will dwell. | |
| How glorious shall my holy Mount appear! | |
| Which foon shall be to ev'ry nation known. | |
| With greatest joy shall all the nations slock, | 385 |
| To pay their vows and homage at my feet. | 3° 3 |
| The fons of those who fore afflicted thee | |
| Shall with humility and rev'rence fall | |
| Before thy feet, and they who thee despis'd | |
| Shall lowly bend, and greatly honour thee. | 390 |
| Their language shall be alter'd, once they nam' | |
| Thy land, Forsaken, and thee, Desolate, | |
| But now, Sought out, A city much defir'd: | |
| The city of Jehovah, and the place | |
| Belongs to God, to Israel's Holy One. | 395 |
| Whereas thou hast so long forsaken been, | |
| And hated by the nations of the earth, | |
| I'll turn the scale, and thou shalt be belov'd | |
| By all mankind, and sweet shall be thy name. | |
| An honour to Jehovah thou shalt be, | 400 |
| A joy for many ages to the earth. | |
| All people shall take pleasure in thy fame, | 5. |
| And with their choicest treasures thee shall bless | |
| Then thou shalt know that I JEHOVAH am, | • |
| Thy Saviour, thy Redeemer, Jacob's God. | 405 |
| Thy brass into the purest gold I'll change; | |
| Thine iron choicest silver shall become; | |
| Brass shall become as plenteous as the wood, | |
| : | Thy |
| | |

Thy stones more valu'ble than iron ore. Thine officers shall all be men of peace, 410 And thine exactors fons of righteousness. No more shall violence in thee be heard, Nor wasting and destruction in thee known. Thy walls are nam'd Salvation, and thy gates, Praise shall be call'd; now shame is thine no more. The Lord shall be thine everlasting light, 416 Thy God shall be thy strength and glory too; Thy mourning now is past, thy joy is come. Thy people shall be righteous, one and all; The holy land they henceforth shall posses, 420 And never shall be disinherited. The nation now and henceforth shall appear The branch that I have planted, and the work Which my own hands have wrought. I will be prais'd. I to Jerusalem am now return'd 405 In mercy, and will choose it yet again; The city shall in glory be rebuilt, And desolation there be known no more, And fafely it inhabited shall be. Your many fins I freely do forgive, 410 From all your filthiness I will you cleanse, And your iniquities will take away, And you shall be my people evermore; And I will reign your Lord and rightful King. I will rejoice in you, and joy always 415 In my dear people, whom I have redeem'd; And in Jerusalem will I rejoice.

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The voice of weeping shall no more be heard Within her walls, forrow and pain no more Shall ever there be known, but peace and joy 420 Shall there prevail, and banish ev'ry woe. No more in her shall little infants die, Nor men be counted old that have not fill'd Their days with fev'ral centuries of years. For he that dieth at the early age 425 Of one full century, shall die a boy, Yea more, be judg'd accurft, cut off, for fin, For his own fins, and for his wilful crimes. That proverb shall henceforth be us'd no more. The fathers have the four grapes eaten up, 430 And lo! the children's teeth are fet on edge! The fon his father's fins no more shall bear. But every man shall suffer for his own, And that immediately, without delay; By which the growth of fin shall be destroy'd, And ev'ry cause of wickedness remov'd. Now shall my people their own houses build, And long and quietly enjoy the same. Their fruitful vineyards, planted by their hands, Shall yield them sweetest grapes, and they shall eat, Shall eat in plenty, and shall praise my name. They shall not build for others to possess, Nor plant for enemies, as heretofore, Peace, health, and plenty, lives extended long, Shall be their portion in my holy land. 445 Their years shall be as lasting as the oaks, Those

Those long-liv'd trees, nor shall they live in vain. Long shall my chosen their own works possess. How profitable shall their labours be ! No longer useless, or for trouble wrought! 450 The curse pronounc'd on man I now remove, And take from woman all her part therein: She shall in safety bring her offspring forth, Without those bitter pains of former times. Now ye shall be JEHOVAH's blessed seed, 455 And all your children shall belong to me; They shall be well instructed by my care, And be an honour to their God and King. I will be near to fave you when you cry, Before you call I will regard your pray'rs, 460 And while you still are speaking I will hear. Great wonders I will shew you, for henceforth Wars shall no more be known, nor swords destroy, The very instruments of violence Shall all be chang'd to those of husbandry. 465 The earth shall yield astonishing increase, And your own God shall bless you evermore. The beafts, once fierce and favage, shall forget Their thirst of blood, and harmless shall be seen Among domestic animals to feed, And with them mildly play; fear now is fled, Because the days of joy and peace are come, And all creation feels the rays benign. The wolf shall dwell in safety with the lamb, And she as safe with him shall play and feed. R 4 The

The leopard with the kid shall do the same, Lie down together, neither seeking harm, Nor fearing danger, now there's none to fear. The lion, and the fatling, and the calf, Together shall affemble, feed and play, And children shall not fear to lead the train. The bears and cows, and all their young, shall feed Together in the pastures, and lie down In peace and fafety, void of rage or fear. The lion, like the bullock, feeds on straw; 485 The ferpent feeds on dust, as 'twas ordain'd, And on his belly prone he still shall crawl; But all his enmity is now destroy'd: The fucking child upon his hold may play, The weaned child with basilisks may sport. 490 Nothing shall hurt, destroy, disturb, affright, In all my holy mountain, faith the Lord. And lo, these wonders now shall be reveal'd. I, from my Father sent, once suffer'd here, And now I come on earth to rule and reign, 495 And here will fix my throne; with you to dwell I am well pleas'd: and fince you now receive Me, as your Lord and King I will declare, That you shall never be rejected more, But always shall be mine, a people dear 500 To God, who greatest honours shall bestow Upon your favour'd race, and thus fulfil The glorious cov'nant with your fathers made. Thus you shall be the blessed of the Lord,

And

And all the nations shall be blest in you.

You shall from me the faving truth receive,

And through the earth its precepts shall convey.

Fear then no more, arise, rejoice in God.

These glorious words pronounc'd, they heard with joy,

Their hearts were full, and thus they gave them vent, Lord, what are we? and what is all our race, That thou for our deliv'rance should appear? Nay more, instead of wrath and fore rebukes, Should in fuch mildest accents comfort us, And speak such multitudes of promises, 515 Which though by Prophets long ago declar'd, We scarcely ever hop'd to see fulfill'd. With greatest gladness we rejoice in Thee, Our great Redeemer, Lord, and rightful King. Lord, we will praise Thee, for we now can say, 520 Tho' thou with us wast angry for our fins, For which thou hadft indeed abundant cause, Yet now thine anger fierce is turn'd away, And Thou dost comfort us, by kindest words, And glorious actions in our favour wrought. 525 Thou art our shield, Thou art our confidence, In thee we trust, nor shall we be asham'd. For Thou art our falvation, Thou our hope, Our strength, our helper, and our joyful song. Is this the way of finful men? O Lord! 430 Would they requite their cruel enemies

With

With fuch kind words and deeds of love? Ah. no. But thou art gracious, and shalt have the praise. With highest gratitude our bosoms glow, And never can we utter what we feel. 535 Our hearts are full, nor can we give them vent, By all the words we utter; language fails. But Thee with joy we own our Lord and King. Our highest honour is to bow to Thee. Reign thou for ever, Jesus always reign. 540. Thou art the God for whom we waited long: Thou art our Lord, in Thee we will rejoice; In thy falvation we will now confide. Though other Lords have rul'd us, yet henceforth, . Thee, only Thee, as Ruler will we own. 545 Accept us as thy flock, we ask no more.

O what a day was this! their grief was turn'd To greatest joy and gladness; and their Lord Well pleas'd to see the great and happy change, Acknowledg'd them his brethren, who before Set him at nought, and him despis'd and sold. Thus Joseph's brethren dealt unfaithfully With him their precious brother, him betray'd, And would have murder'd, but were hindered, But sold him as a slave: yet God ordain'd That he should rise to greatest dignity. At last these brethren, driv'n by hunger sore, Unto the land of Egypt did repair, Where Joseph rul'd as Governor supreme:

But him they knew not, though he knew them well. But made his first appearance rough and strange. 561-The fecond time they went, and them he brought Into fuch circumstances of distress, As made them, weeping, fall before his feet, And there confess the baseness of their crime, 565 Till finally himself he did reveal To all his brethren, and forgave their fault, And spake to them in most consoling strains; Receiv'd them as his friends, and nourish'd them, Became their father, brother, lord, and friend. 570 Thus Jesus, Joseph's antitype, hath shew'd Himself a faithful friend, and brother dear, In dying for his greatest enemies; And when he shall appear the second time, He will conduct himself as Joseph did; 575 First bring them low, and then exalt them high; And give them pardon, and obtain their praise.

Thus shall the happy period begin,
When Jesus to his brethren shall be known.
Great scenes shall follow, such as none have dar'd
To paint in verse heroic, but my pen
581
Would fain attempt in numbers to describe.
But O, my God, thou knowest what is best,
And I submit to what thou shalt appoint.
If I ne'er live to finish what's begun,
585
I trust I shall have better exercise.

Įņ

In that bright world of bliss to which I foar,
Where I shall see my Saviour face to face,
And praise his name in nobler strains than these:
Joining with all the heavinly company,
590
His everlasting honours to proclaim.

END OF THE EIGHTH BOOK.

BOOK IX.

THE MILLENIUM.

OW let my pen assume a bolder strain, And paint in sweetest words and loftiest stile, That subject which can never be express'd In full perfection, the Redeemer's reign. But hence dull thoughts, and wordly cares away; Let nothing hinder, nothing discompose, While I attempt the glories of that age, When JESUS CHRIST, our Lord, shall rule the world. From sea to sea his kingdom shall extend, And from the rifing to the fetting fun, 10 Through ev'ry kingdom, over ev'ry land. All kings shall fall before him, and shall bow In humble rev'rence at his facred feet; And all the nations shall his word obey. His laws how just! his precepts how divine! 15 How righteous shall his government be found! No fraud, injuffice, or oppression, then Shall ever more prevail among mankind, During the glorious period of that age When Christ shall reign on earth, and Satan bound, No

No more shall tempt mankind, nor souls deceive. 21
What wond'rous things are spoken of that day!
What glories have the ancient seers foretold!
Nor less will they appear when once fulfill'd,
Than by the grand predictions they would seem. 25

Destructive wars shall then no more be known. Peace and good-will shall ev'ry where prevail: No more confused noise of battles heard; Nor garments roll'd in blood shall then be seen: Nor murd'ring instruments of war prepar'd. 30 The nobler arts of peace shall then employ The minds and hands of men, and fwords and spears Shall form the instruments of husbandry. All flavery shall cease throughout the globe, And tyranny be extirpated then, And universal freedom shall take place. Oh what a joyful period this shall be! The knowledge of the Lord shall so prevail, That all mankind shall fear and love his name, And shall agree together him to serve. No more division and contentious strife. Shall vex and discompose the Church of God. All Zion's watchmen shall as one agree, And all fee eye to eye, speak with one tongue. And with one mind and mouth shall praise the Lord. Those who believe shall dwell in unity: Then shall it once appear how good it is, And pleafant thus in harmony to live I

One mind, one heart, one foul, of one accord, Shall all believers be, in union join'd, 50 Like that subsisting in the Deity, Between the Father and his only Son. Then shall the world believe, and know the truth. And doubt no more of the Messiah's claim: But all shall with one heart to him submit. 55 Soon through the world the Gospel shall be spread. Proclaim'd to ev'ry nation under Heav'n, Pure, and from all adulteration free, In fuch a manner as shall make its way To ev'ry heart, and turn all men to God. 6σ So univerfally shall light prevail, That all shall know the Lord, and need no more That one should teach another facred truth. Which, from the least unto the greatest known. Shall plainly shew the prophecies fulfill'd. Love, peace, joy, gentleness, goodness, and truth. Meekness and temperance shall then appear, As openly as things contrary now. Now felfishness, and envy, pride and wrath, With all the num'rous train of deadly ills Which spring from those too fruitful sources, flow, O'erwhelm, and almost ruinate the globe. Then children shall from tender infancy, Be all instructed in the fear of God. And educated as the heirs of Heav'n. 75 Early accustom'd, in the pleasant ways Of wisdom they shall walk, and find her paths Delightful

Delightful to their fouls, and full of peace. No wicked children shall be seen on earth. All shall be good, obedient, faithful, wise, All dutiful, and free from ev'ry ill. How parents shall rejoice in those blest days! To fee their infant race in virtue grow, And with their learning, see them goodness take, As easily as now they learn to sin. The education of those happy times Will be as diff'rent from the present mode As brightest day, from blackest, darkest night. Love and delight in learning will lead on The happy youths, who will to heights aspire, QO. That but to mention now, to most would feem Incredible, and bord'ring on romance. No blows, nor threat'ning words shall then be us'd; All shall be pleasure, noble, high delight: And eafily shall knowledge be obtain'd, 95 When vicious tempers shall no more defile The fouls of children, nor shall cloud their minds. For fin obscures the light, shuts knowledge out, And makes the understanding cloudy, dark; Causes the will to be perverse, and fills 100 The foul with idleness, that greatest foe To useful knowledge. But in those blest days Learning will be attain'd with case, and then It will be universal, free to all. Our fons shall be as plants grown up in youth, 105 Beautiful, chearful, gay, strong, innocent, Pleafant,

Pleasant, wise, affable, sensible, good. Our daughters like to precious corner stones. Polish'd, as if for palaces design'd. Fair, lovely, gentle, kind, polite, fincere, IIO Virtuous, modest, humble, prudent, meek. Form'd to delight and cultivate mankind. More precious than rich diamonds shall they stand, The glorious ornaments of human race. Domestic happiness shall then abound! İI5 What peace and love shall grace the nuptial bands! Strifes, quarrels, broils, contentions, discords, jars, Raging, and raving, fcolding, curfing, blows, Nor angry words, nor looks, shall then be known. Love, kindness, softest language, actions mild, 120 Shall be the lot of ev'ry married pair. Oh, how unlike the times in which we live! What horrid discords are in families! How bitter words and actions wound our peace! And truly, far more troubles spring from hence 125 Than all the other woes that fill the world. But in those glorious times of which I fing, The Lord these forest evils will remove, Which now prevent our mutual happiness; And ev'ry family shall then appear 130 A little picture of the world at large, An habitation of delight and peace. No diff'rence of opinion shall be found, To break the peace of families, but all. Together shall agree to serve the Lord, 135 In

In those reviving times, when truth shall shine,
Deceit and falsehood shall no more appear.
Lying and perjury, those baneful crimes,
Which now so much prevail, shall wholly cease.
Frauds shall no more be known, but honesty
Shall then be practised by all mankind:
And justice, long since sled, shall then return.

Then shall the earth bring forth a large increase: The curse of barrenness shall be remov'd. And God shall bless mankind with ev'ry good; 145 Health, plenty, happiness, long life, and peace. Briers and thorns, and thiftles, noxious weeds, And pois'nous plants, the ground shall bear no more; But food in plenty, both for beafts and men, Shall be produc'd with very little toil. 150 Such plenteous harvests shall the sower reap. As shall much more than satisfy his pains. Labour shall be more pleasant far than now. And God shall prosper all the works of men. These shall be happy times, exceeding far 155 The golden age by heathen poets feign'd. Bleffings of nature, grace, and providence, Shall all combine happy to render man, Under the Government of Christ the Lord. The bleffings of the Gospel, far and wide, 160 Shall be extended through the universe. The name of JESUS shall be known by all, And all shall praise him daily, and shall pray

That

| That long his kingdom may continu'd be: | |
|---|----------------|
| Because his government shall be so mild, | 16 |
| So just, so beneficial-to mankind. | . • |
| More beautiful and useful far than light, | |
| More pleasant than the rising morning sun, | |
| Th' unclouded morning shines not half so fair; | , |
| Nor dew upon the grass so useful seems, | , 170 , 175 |
| Nor pleasant show'rs upon the meadows mown | , |
| Nor the clear shining after mighty rain. | |
| All these are emblems of good government, | |
| But all fall short in beauty to compare | • |
| With that most glorious kingdom of our Lord | ; 175 |
| To be establish'd in the latter days, | |
| According to the famous prophecies | |
| Of all God's holy feers fince time began. | ٠. |
| This kingdom shall extend through all the work | ld, |
| Shall break in pieces all opposing pow'r, | 180 |
| Shall never be o'ercome by enemies, | |
| Shall never have successor nor compeer, | |
| Shall stand for ever, and shall still prevail | • |
| Till all its num'rous foes shall bow and yield. | |
| This kingdom shall endure, and still must rule | 185 |
| Until its great designs are all fulfill'd. | |
| The earth shall fully be inhabited, | |
| And that as yet has never been the case. | , |
| But God who for that purpose form'd it first, | |
| (And certainly he form'd it not in vain) | 190 |
| He shall behold it fill'd with flocks of men, | |
| And they shall know that he is God the LORD. | ز : |
| S 2 | The |

The millions that on earth shall dwell at once. All happy under government divine, Shall far exceed the numbers that have liv'd 195 Since God at first created man, on earth, Put all together, even though we should Suppose a person ev'ry second born During the periods of fix thousand years. So Christ our Saviour may with pleasure say, 200 Before the bleffed thousand years shall end, I now have many million subjects more Than ever fin, and death, and Satan rul'd; More now at once my willing subjects are Than ever groan'd under their tyranny. 205

When this most happy period shall arrive, No longer shall the ways of God seem dark, The plan of Providence no more obscure, But all shall brighten into open day. No more shall infidelity exclaim, 210 That God hath made the human race in vain, Or but to break his laws, and him provoke: And that from the beginning they have shew'd Themselves unworthy of their Maker's care. And always have dishonour'd him by sin. 215 For in the days of which the prophets speak, Mankind shall be an honour to their God. A crown and diadem of highest worth, Esteem'd by their Creator as a prize Of greatest dignity, and high renown. 220 Then

Then human nature, not as now depravid, Shall not appear made up of earth and sin, A mixture vile of folly, weakness, crimes; But as a vessel pure and fit for use; Worthy of him who made it, and restor'd 225 The same when ruin'd to its first estate. Goodness and virtue shall in glory shine, And human nature shall appear adorn'd With ev'ry grace that can become its state. Pride, passion, rage and strife, shall be destroy'd, 2:0 And all contrary virtues shall succeed. Tatling, tale-bearing, fland'ring, lying words, And murd'ring characters with evil tongues, No more shall credit find, nor practis'd be, As now, to the great hurting of mankind. Now hearts and tongues speak different, but then Their language shall be all the same, nor guile, Nor false deceit, shall dwell upon their tongues. Truth, peace, good-will, love, and fincerity, Shall be the language of their hearts and lips. 240 No more shall some of others make a prey; All shall conduct themselves by that great law, As ye would wish that men should do to you, The same in ev'ry instance do to them. Thus each shall love his neighbour as himself, And find the same return'd to him again; This shall increase the happiness of all, And make the earth in measure like to Heav'n. But if the conduct of the human race

Sg

Shall

Shall tow'rds each other be so different
From what we now observe, then certainly
Their whole behaviour towards God shall be
Entirely diff'rent from what now takes place.
Then shall the first and great command be kept,
For men shall love the Lord with all their hearts;
Him shall they fear and worthily adore,
And render him their noblest services.
What gratitude shall glow in all their breasts!
And with what pleasure shall they praise his name!
O with what rev'rence shall their hosts appear
Before the Lord, the King of all the earth?

Who can describe the great solemnity,
When all the nations shall agree to go
To pay their homage to the Lord, the King,
Assembling for that purpose ev'ry year,
265
At the great city of Jerusalem?

This is Jehovah's positive decree,
And it shall come to pass in that great day,
That ev'ry one of all the nations left
Which came against Jerusalem to war,
Shall even go up yearly there to pay
Their humble worship to Jehovah's name,
The Lord of Hosts, the King of all the earth;
And the great feast of Tabernacles keep.
And whosoever will not thither come

275
Of

Of all the families upon the globe, Upon their land no showers shall descend.

Behold them come from ev'ry people's land, All nations shall affemble at the time, All kindreds of the earth, from far and near, 280 Such an affembly yet no eyes have feen. Behold an hundred millions now furround That famous city by JEHOVAH nam'd, JEHOVAH SHAMMAH, or, The Lord is there. They come from ev'ry land and ev'ry clime; 284 But though in colour various, all agree In one defign, JEHOVAH to adore. O what a most exalted fong they fing, And praise his name upon the highest key! The music ravishes our wond'ring ears. 299 Far as the eye can fee, behold the throng! All join to glorify the fov'reign King, And give him highest praise who merits all.

O joyful day, when all the tribes of earth Shall thus in purest love affemble there, Without the least design but what is good. No malice, wickedness, shall there be found;. No thieves, pickpockets, no deceitful men, Shall with the happy throng affemble there; All shall be faithful servants of their King, Who meet to celebrate the glorious feast, In honour to JEHOVAH, Lord of all,

300

295

And

And with defign to cultivate the love And universal friendship of mankind. How worthy of the Lord are fuch defigns! 305 How glorious, grand, friendly, benevolent! How calculated for the praise of God! And the amazing int'rest of the world! This may be called, as its proper name, The Feast of Tabernacles, for the crowds 310 That will affemble there will be so large, That all the houses cannot them contain. There in a friendly manner they shall meet And worship all together, and shall learn To know and do the will of Jacob's God. 315 And feast in friendship, then with joy return, Each to their diff'rent regions, to declare The wonders which they faw and heard; with joy The list ning people shall the story hear. And long to see and know the same themselves. 320

In those blest days, instead of planning schemes Of war and conquest, nations shall invite Each other to assemble at the place Where reigns the blessed Jesus on the hill Which he shall choose, his holy mountain top. 325 For thus the sacred prophecies declare, And it shall come to pass in the last days, The mountain of Jebovah's house shall be Establish'd in the losty mountain's top,

A d be exalted far above the hills,

330
And

And all the nations thereunto shall flow.
Then many peoples shall with joy agree,
And thus express their earnest heart's desire,
Come ye, and let us join with pleasure, go
Up to the holy mountain of the Lord,
And to the sacred house of Jacob's God,
And he will teach us all his blessed ways,
And we will walk in his delightful paths.

335

For out of Zion shall the law go forth; JEHOVAH'S word shall from Jerusalem 340 Proceed, and spread, enlight'ning all the earth. For he shall judge the nations of the world, And many peoples strong he shall rebuke, And they shall hear his voice, and him obey: As when the raging waves heard, "Peace, be still." They ceas'd, and lo, at once there was a calm. So shall the mighty peoples hear his voice. And cease their violence, leave off to rage, And beat their swords to ploughshares, and their spears To feythes, or other useful instruments. 350 No more shall war be follow'd as a trade, Nor warlike instruments again be form'd. The barb'rous terms shall be forgotten all. Nations no more against each other rise, Nor swords lift up, nor learn the art of war, 355 But dwell in peace, and cultivate the ground, And fit each man with joy beneath his vine, And with his family in safety lie

At

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|---|--------|
| At ease reclin'd under the fig-tree's shade; | |
| And none shall seek each other to disturb, | 360 |
| Nor put the peaceful citizens in fear. | |
| This hath Jehovan spoken, and his hand | |
| Shall never fail his promise to fulfil. | - |
| Then shall the fasts be turn'd to days of joy, | - |
| The ancient troubles shall be all forgot. | 365 |
| O therefore love the truth and feek for peace! | |
| For Jesus is the Prince of Peace and truth. | |
| Thus faith JEHOVAH, It shall come to pass | |
| That many peoples shall with earnestness | • |
| Assemble to adore their God and King; | 3,70 |
| Th' inhabitants of many cities join | |
| In this delightful work of pray'r and praise. | |
| The dwellers in one town their homes shall lea | ve, |
| And to the neighb'ring town or city go, | , |
| No more to raise confusion or uproar, | 375 |
| But to invite their neighbours, brethren, frien | ds, |
| Come let us speedily with joy repair | |
| To pray before Jehovah's hallow'd fane, | |
| To feek the bleffing of the Lord of Hosts; | _ |
| And I will also go: each one shall fay. | 380 |
| Yea, many peoples, nations great and strong, | |
| Shall come to feek Jehovah Tsabbaoth, | |
| To pray before the Lord, and bless his name. | |
| What crowds shall to Jerusalem repair! | |
| Which city shall be chief of all on earth. | 385 |
| There shall the multitudes affemble, there | |
| The praises of Jenovan shall they shew, | |
| | A ~ d |

And all his glories shall proclaim abroad. What happen'd at the day of Pentecost Was but a little specimen of this, 390 Yet all the Gospel light the world has had Is what proceeded from that city first. But O, what greater glories shall adorn That chosen city in the coming days, When thither all the tribes of men shall come 395 To learn the will of God, and praise his name! From thence the grandest road, the king's high-way Shall lead directly to the holy Mount, Whereon the facred Temple stands adorn'd; A noble palace, and the residence 400 Of Jesus, and his brethren, all the faints. The mountain's top, is holy all around; (For holiness becomes the house of God) And fuch a house as this man never saw. The temple built by Solomon of old, 405 No more can bear comparison with this, Than meanest cottages with princely courts. The glory of the last house, built for God, Shall far exceed the glory of the first. Here Christ shall dwell and reign a thousand years; Here shall his glorious voice be heard and known, And here his wonders shall to men be seen. And in this mountain shall Febovah make To all the peoples of the earth a feast, An heav'nly feast, of truth and words divine, 415 With pow'r attended, and with mighty love, As

As with the choicest wine the feast is crown'd. Such sweet refreshments will give greater joy Than choicest dainties, or the richest wine. O how with pleasure will the nations sit 420 From morn till noon, from noon till dewy eve, To hear the Saviour his instructions give! O what an heav'nly feast his lips afford! But as it was when Jesus dwelt on earth, When he had fed the multitudes three days 425 With heav'nly bread, the manna of his tongue, He would not let them go till he had fed Their bodies, with fuch food as might fustain Their nature, and from fainting them prevent, As to their homes they should return; Thus he 430 Who did not think it was beneath him then To feed the multitudes with fish and bread. Miraculously increased by his pow'r, Will also make a plenteous feast to those Who shall repair unto his holy hill, 435 To hear his words, and learn his righteous ways, And bow before him and his name adore. And he that with fuch pleasure once beheld About five thousand men in order sit On the green grass, in ranks of fifties plac'd, Waiting their food from his most bounteous hands, How will he joy all nations to behold Affembled at his feet to hear his words! Ten thousand times ten thousand shall attend; Numbers immense, compar'd to which the host 445 Of

Of Xerxes, when he march'd against the Greeks, Was but a little feeble company. Yet all this num'rous host shall hear his voice With ease, for ev'n the dead themselves shall hear. And shall forsake their graves at his command. 450 For what to him shall be impossible? This bleffed company shall feated be Around the holy mountain of their God, And instantly, at his command divine, The choicest bread, and food of richest kinds. Shall be distributed to all the guests, For all his faints and angels shall attend As ministers on this occasion grand; Then shall the choicest wine to each be giv'n. Such was the water when it saw its God, 460 And blush'd upon the famous wedding day, Where Jesus first began his pow'r to shew, And his disciples then his glory saw, And from that time believed on his name. The water from the river chang'd to wine, 465 Shall chear the hearts of all the num'rous hosts, And those who choose may drink the water pure. Then shall the fruits of those eternal trees That grow upon the river's banks, be giv'n To ev'ry one, as they themselves desire. 470 And then the bleffing of the Lord pronounc'd, Shall from his holy hill dismiss the throng, Who shall disperse, and to their homes return, Praising the Lord for all his goodness shewn. Thus

Thus shall their minds be purg'd from sin and doubts;
For in this mountain shall the Lord destroy
476
The face of cov'ring o'er all peoples cast,
The vail that is o'er all the nations spread.
Darkness and ignorance, and slavish fear,
Shall all be chas'd away by light and truth.
486

How will the ranfom'd of Jehovah come To this high mountain with exceeding joy! With fongs and joyful shoutings as they go, The happy streets and villages shall ring; Great joy and gladness shall they all obtain, 485 When forrow, grief, and fighing are no more. The happy scenes which then shall common be, Would scarce gain credit should they be describ'd. But as the facred writings have foretold The glorious wonders of that future age. 490 I venture to attempt to follow on Where such a guide as truth eternal leads. How vast shall be the changes in the earth, And in its foil and climates, and produce, And in the dispositions of mankind! 495 The earth shall all be fruitful, and with ease Yield its productions to the lab'rer's hand; And fandy defarts shall be fruitful plains, The barren wilderness a fertile field: New springs shall flow, and rivers glide along, Where nothing now appears but burning fand. How glad shall be the solitary place!

Delarts

| Defarts rejoice and bloffom as the role; | . ' |
|--|------------|
| Blossom abundantly, like gardens fair, | · · |
| Well water'd as the garden of the Lord. | 505 |
| The dwellers in the barren land rejoice, | |
| With joy and finging, how they shout aloud! | • |
| For Carmel's mount, and Sharon's vale no more | ; , |
| Are us'd proverbially for excellence; | , |
| For all their glory and their beauties shine | 510 |
| In far superior dignity in lands | - |
| Once barren, frightful desarts! dreary wastes! | |
| Instead of thorns, behold the fir-trees spring! | |
| Instead of briers, see the myrtles grow! | |
| These to Jehovah are a name and praise, | 515 |
| An everlasting sign of truth fulfill'd. | 7 |
| The plowman shall the reaper overtake, | |
| So vast the crop, so heavy is the grain! | |
| The threshing time shall to the vintage reach, | ··· |
| And vintage to the fowing time extend. | 520 |
| All climates shall be healthful, blasting winds | • |
| And fickly damps, and burning heat, no more | |
| Shall breed disorders, and destroy the lives | ·: |
| Of those who in or near the burning zone | ٠. |
| Have their abodes; nor shall the hurricane | 525 |
| Destroy the food and labours of the year. | : . |
| Those violent concussions of the earth, | |
| Which have so fatal prov'd in ages past, | |
| And cities in a moment have ingulph'd | |
| In earth's dark womb, they fell no more to rise: | 530 |
| These dreadful evils shall no more affright, | ٠ |
| in the second of | The |

The earth shall rest in quiet all the days That Jesu's bleffed reign thereon shall last. The pestilence, that now its thousands kills, Shall then be wholly driven from the world; 535 And famine that with deadly rage destroys Both foul and body as it were at once, No more shall reach the dwellings of mankind; The fields shall yield their meat, the trees their fruit, In fuch abundance, that no pinching want Can ever more be known upon the globe. The famous bread-tree fruit, plant of renown, Shall be so common then, that all may eat That bread which God himself hath so prepar'd, That little labour needs to make it fit 545 For our immediate use. This plant alone Famine for ever may prevent, because The trees once planted need but little care, And fuch abundance do their branches yield, That one small orchard planted, will produce 550 More fruit than any family will need. And God hath many stores of various kinds, From whence he can supply the world with food, Although it should contain a thousand times As many more as ever liv'd in all. 555

But, oh, how shall the human race be chang'd, When Christ shall rule the world! how different Mankind shall be from what they ever were! When God shall take the stony hearts away,

And

And give them hearts of flesh; and write his law 460 Upon their inward parts; and deep engrave His just commands upon their yielding minds. And God will be their God, and they shall be His people, worthy of that facred name. For he will wash, and purify their souls 563 From their iniquities, and make them clean. On them he will bestow one heart, one way, To their advantage, and their children's too. They shall not from his precepts turn aside, Nor will he hide his glorious face from them. 370 He will rejoice to do them ev'ry good, And he will take their fins and guilt away, And make them clean and pure, and fanctify, And fit them for his service and his use. . His Spirit shall be pour'd upon their seed, 375 His bleffing on their offspring, and themselves. JEHOVAH will rejoice to see them pure, And they shall joy and triumph in his love. His love and kindness shall be so display'd, That they with greatest wonder shall adore. Their hearts, all fill'd with love and gratitude, Shall-cause their noblest pow'rs to praise his name. Their love to God shall form their tempers right, And fill them with benevolence to men, From whence all acts of kindness shall proceed. 385

O what exalted friendship shall abound, And make the race of men like angels pure!

Т

Deceit

Deceit and guile, and flattery and fraud. Ambition, hellish rage, those passions foul, Shall all be banish'd from the peaceful scene, £90 A thousand promises the Lord hath made, That he these mighty wonders will perform, His holy word abounds in such as these, My people they shall be; and I their God. And this is ev'ry thing express'd at once; 595 Nor can our largest wishes ask for more, If God shall be the God of all mankind. The God of all the families of earth. Then ev'ry bleffing needful he'll beftow. If they shall be his people, he will make 600 Them fuch whereof he shall not be asham'd.

Another glorious bleffing shall attend
The happy race of men in that bright day;
The faints of ancient times shall reign on earth,
With Christ, their Lord; and doubtless shall at
times 605
Converse with men, and them instruction give.

Converse with men, and them instruction give.

Nay, they shall be appointed to preside.

Daniel, the wise and good, shall have a lot.

In which he shall with honour stand, and shine.

As the bright lustre of the firmament.

The blest apostles on their thrones shall sit.

And judge the chosen tribes of Isr'el's race.

The servant who improv'd his pound so well.

As ten to gain, ten cities shall receive.

And

And have authority o'er them to tule: 615 He that gains five, shall have five cities giv'n, For the same glorious purpose as the first. They who have faithful in a little been, Pow'r and authority shall have o'er much. To him that overcometh, CHRIST will give 629 Pow'r over nations, as himself receiv'd; Will give a right to fuch to fit with him, Upon his throne, as when he overcame, The Father plac'd him on his glorious throne, Above all principalities and pow'rs. 625 Now, if we fuffer with our Saviour dear, He will advance us in his glory high. What are the fuff'rings of this mortal life, Compar'd to glory which shall be reveal'd? For if we fuffer, we shall reign with him. 639 Behold, the fouls of fuch who loft their lives, To bear a witness for the Saviour's name, And who had worshipp'd God, and not the beast, Nor yet his image, nor receiv'd his mark; These live and reign with CHRIST a thousand years. These are the faithful souls in ev'ry age, 636 Who bear a living witness for the truth. These shall be privileg'd above the rest, For none shall live again but such as these, Until the thousand years shall be fulfill'd. 649 How bleffed and how holy must they be Who in this glorious resurrection share? On them the fecond death shall have no pow'r:

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But

But they to Jesus shall be priests and kings, And with him reign a thousand years on earth. This honour all the faints of God shall have, Thus to rule over, and to bless the world. The saints of God the kingdom shall possess, The greatness of the kingdom under Heav'n, Shall be their portion and inheritance; 650 Which they for ages shall in peace enjoy. Thus Saviours shall upon Mount Zion sit, To judge, subdue, and govern all the world. Thus shall the kingdoms of this world become The kingdoms of our God, and of his Christ, And he shall to the age of ages reign. Then shall that pray'r in measure be fulfill'd, Thy kingdom come, O Lord, thy will be done Upon this earth, as it is done in Heav'n.

How fure is prophecy! the time makes hafte; 660 These things must be accomplished in their time, However scoffers may our faith deride With their old taunt, Where is his promise now? For an appointed time the vision stays; But though it seems to tarry, wait, ere long 665 It certainly will speak, and will not lie. Behold it comes, and will not long delay!

Remember me, O Lord, and let me know That favour which thou bearest to thy faints, And let mine eyes this great salvation see,

676 And And gladly with thy favour'd ones rejoice,
And glory with thy own inheritance.

Jesus, when thou shalt to thy kingdom come,
Then, my dear Saviour, then remember me.

Let this my earnest pray'r on record stand,
675

Nor be forgotten in that awful day

When thou shalt from the highest Heav'ns descend,
To take possession of this lower world.

O raise me from the dust to see thy face!

Before thee may I stand with boldness then;
680

In glory with my Lord may I appear.

Thou art my life, for thee, in thee I live.

O make me like thee in this present world.

That day shall be most glorious, and that age
Wherein the blessed Jesus shall be King,
Will far exceed in splendor, grandeur, grace,
All the descriptions of my seeble pen.
But yet, before I leave the charming theme,
I would attempt, in one collective view,
Our Saviour's blessed kingdom to describe.

Why do the heathen rage, and madly join,
The Lord, and his Anointed to oppose?
Why do they seek to cast their cords away?
Jehovah, in the Heavins, shall laugh to scorn
Their vain attempts, their seeble rage deride.
Thus will he speak in thunder to their ears,
In spite of all your proud rebellious rage,

T 3

Behold

278 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. [Book IX. Behold the King; my King, whom I have fet Upon my holy mountain, Zion's hill.

I will declare Jehovan's great decree. 700
Thus hath he faid, Thou art my only Son,
This day have I begotten thee, my Love,
My fole delight, the image of my felf.
Aik me, and I will give thee heathen lands,
And earth's remotest bounds thou shalt posses; 705
The world is thine inheritance by right.
Thou shalt with ease all opposition quell,
The kingdoms of the universe subdue.

Now therefore, O ye Kings of earth, be wife; Ye judges, hear instruction, and regard; it is Serve God with fear, with holy awe rejoice: Kiss ye the Son, submit to his commands, Or else you die and perish at his word. His frown can kill, his smiles are Heav'n stress. How blest are all that put their thus in him!

JEHOVAH, Lord, how excellent thy name in all the earth! thy glory thou half rais'd Above the highest Heav'ns in dignity.
Out of the mouths of sucklings, weakest babes, Thou half ordain'd both wisdom, pow'r and might, That thou might still thy proudest enemies, 721 And lay in dust the haughtiness of man.
When I survey the Heav'ns, with all their holt,

The moon and stars, which thou of old ordain'd ;" How is my raptur'd foul with wonder fill'd. 724 That thou mould'it ever deign to notice man, \mathbf{Pow} : The helples fon of man, the child of dust! ·· unfi How dolt thou stoop, if Heav'n thou would'it survey! But infinitely more to visit those Who dwell in dust and tenements of earth! / 736 Yet hast thou human nature dignify'd. : Inh By fetting it superior to the brutes, ... 11 011 And gave to man at first unbounded rule O'er all thy handy works on earth below. All cattle, beafts, fowls, fift, and creeping things.

But how much more hast thou exalted man, 17361 And human nature highly glorify'dy By fending thine own Son to take our form. And join our meaner nature to his own! But when he shall a second time appear. Cloth'd in our natifies and with glory crown'd, while The universal kingdom thall be his, and and and And all shall bow, and his dominion own. were him That age to come to him alone belongs, it is it. He claims, who bought them with his precious blood, I And they to him their firm allegiance owe. They who inhabit earth's remotest bounds with given's Shall with fix'd purpose to the Lord return price yes? s. . . .



abo the process and empire of Christ. [Book IX.

And worship at thy seet, and thee adore.

The kingdom to Jehovah appertains,
Pow'r, glory, and dominion, are his due:
Among the nations he is governos.

The living and the dead must all submit.

They who now serve him truly, shall return
With him to earth, when he shall come to reign;
And shall declare to peoples yet unborn

His truth, love, righteousness, and wond'rous works.

My willing heart indites a matter good: 761.

Touching the glorious King; my tongue thall speak. As fluently as ready penmen write;

Because my subject, copious, grand, sublime,

Hath so my soul with all its pow'rs inspir'd. 765.

Thou fairest of ten thousand fair ones, none
Of all our race may be with thee compar'd.
Bleffed for ever is thy glorious name,
For God hath infinitely bleffed thee.
Gird now thy sword victorious on thy thigh,
With majesty and glory deck thyself,
O Lord most mighty, and magnificent!
Ride forth to conquer, and thyself array
In righteousness, and truth, and majesty,
Yet full of meekness, and of love divine.

775.
Prosperity shall surely thee attend,
Thy cause is good, and God is on thy side.
Thy strong right hand, well arm'd, shall wonders dos

What

Terrible things, O Lord, thou wilt perform. Thine arrows sharp shall pierce the stubborn hearts Of all thing enemies, and bring them down 78 I At-thy bleft feet to fall, and own Thee King. Thy throne, O God, shalt to the ages stand. Just is thy sceptre, and thy kingdom built With righteousness and truth, shall long endure. 785 In righteoufness thy soul hath fuch delight, And wickedness so hateful is to thee, That God, thy God, with oil of facred joy Hath thee anointed, and proclaim'd Thee Chief O'er all thy brethren; Thou in all things haft Pre-eminence, for fov'reign pow'r is thine. For thou hast pow'r to give eternal life To all thy followers who Thee obey; And to subdue thy strong, thy num'rous foes: And finally all ruin'd things restore, 79**£** Thy name is, like the costly ointment, made By God's command, and all thy garments smell. Of cassia, myrrh, and aloes, and perfumes, Of swestest scent, whereby they made Thee glad. As when bleft Mary broke the box of Nard, And pour'd it on thy head, the house was fill'd With that sweet sayour, which obtain'd from Thee High commendation, and eternal fame: Though some were fill'd with rage, Thou didstapprove; And hast declar'd, that in whatever place 805 The Gospel shall be preach'd, this shall be told. I in my feeble measure have fulfill'd

What Thou didft prophecy, and now I fet.
That pleasing circumstance in this my work;
And O, my Lord, accept my love to thee!
And this attempt of mine, O Lord, preserve
From dull oblivion; let it still survive.
Until thou in thy glory shalt appear.

Kings daughters shall appear to grace thy train,
The nations of the world shall own thee Lord; 815
Thy bride, thy chosen people shall be seen,
Adorn'd with rich attire, and crown'd with gold.
All people shall their idol Gods forsake,
And their vain customs and traditions leave,
And serve and worship Thee, their Lord, alone: 820
Then beauteous in thy sight they shall appear.
The kingdoms of the earth to Thee shall bow,
Strange nations shall intreat and seek thy face.

But oh, how glorious shall thy Church look forth!

Like morning light, and fairer than the moon; \$25.

Clear as the sun, as Tirgah beautiful;

Comely as once appear'd Jerusalem;

And as a warlike army terrible.

No longer weak, despis'd, sunk down, oppress'd.

For though among the pots she long has lain, \$30.

Yet as a beauteous, golden winged dove;

She shall appear in beauty all divine.

Glorious within, no painted hypocrite;

Nor meanly clad, wrought gold her clothing forms:

In splender and in glory shall be brought,
Unto the King, with needle-work array'd.
And all the virgins, her companions, join
Him to adore, who is the Lord of all.
With gladness and rejoicing shall they come,
And with profoundest rev'rence enter there
Where Jesus, Lord of Glory, holds his court.
How num'rous shall thy happy offspring grow!
Whom thou mayst princes make in all the earth.
Thy name, Redeemer, shall remember'd be
Throughout all generations evermore.
And shout thy praise to earth's remotest bounds,
Through all the ages of thy future reign.

O glorious King, how most divinely sair!
O happy bride, the object of his love!
B50
O heav nly kingdom, full of righteousness!
Happy the world when thus by JESUS rul'd!
And happy nations who shall feel his rays!
Thrice happy they who with their Lord shall share!
My foul exults even at this distant view;
O then what say must the beholders feel!
What glorious words are spoken by the Lord,
Respecting that triumphant state of things!
Which by his leave I surther will relate,

O clap your hands, ye peoples, shout for joy, 863 And with the voice of triumph sing to God!

JEHOVAH,

JEHOVAH, God most high, is terrible,
And over all the wide creation reigns.
The Son of God once to our earth came down,
In person, our salvation to procure;
865
And when the glorious work he had persorm'd,
Back to the Heav'ns he went, with shouts of joy.
God with a shout ascended to his throne,
JEHOVAH, with the heav'nly trumpets sound.
Sing praises unto God, sing praises loud,
Sing praises to our King, sing praises high;
For God most High is King of all the earth,
With understanding his high praises sing.

The Lord, our Saviour, shall from Heav'n return,
And over all the heathen nations reign,
Shall sit upon the throne of holiness.
The princes of the peoples shall agree
Then to assemble, and their homage pay;
And own the God of Abrah'm for their God.
For not one only shall his people be,
But all the nations shall to God belong;
And Jesus, King of nations, as of Saints,
Shall greatly be exalted, head of all:
The Monarch of the Globe, Lord of the World,

In that bleft age the happy race may fay,' 885 Great is Jehovah, greatly to be prais'd, Both in the glorious city of his choice, And in the mountain of his holiness.

How

How beautiful for lituation stands The facred mountain, at a distance north 800 From where the glorious house of old was plac'd! This holy mountain, where the Lord refides. Is now the joy and wonder of the earth; No warlike pow'rs will dare attack the place Where the immortal King of glory reigns. 895 Should fuch a daring mad attempt be made, The very distant fight would terrify, And melt the courage of the mightiest kings, And fill their fouls with vast astonishment. Their hearts with trouble, fear, and mighty pain. 900 To this abode with joy we will repair, Our Saviour's will to learn, and him adore. With pleasure we the sacred dome survey. Nor can we now forget the favour'd place, The city which the Lord JEHOVAH nam'd. 905 Of which so many wonders we have heard; Nor have we heard alone, our eyes have feen. God will establish it forevermore. 'Tis now the Capital of all the world. Thy name, O God, is through all nations known, Thy praise is heard to earth's remotest bounds; q11 Thine own right hand is full of righteousness. Let Zion's ancient hill in God rejoice; Let Judah's daughters in their King be glad, Because the judgments of the Lord are just. Come, let us now this city well furvey, Walk round this most delightful, wond'rous place; Teli

Tell ye its tow'rs, and mark its bulwarks well, Confider all her princely palaces; How great their number, and how beautiful! 920 No city on the globe can vie with this, In order, beauty, fize, magnificence, And holiness of its inhabitants. We in our distant lands will tell its fame: Nor to the present age will we confine 925 Our true report, but ages yet unborn Shall hear the declarations of our lips. For 'tis not now with men as formerly, Who for a moment flourish'd, then cut down, Their names were lost in dust, their words forgot. This God will be our God, from age to age; 931 Long shall we live his glories to behold. And if we follow him as our fure guide, He fafely will conduct us over death: We from this earthly happiness shall go, 935 To an immortal life of higher joys, And be translated as Elijah was, And Enoch long before, and never die.

Thus may the happy millenarians talk,
Nor talk in vain, for God has promis'd much,
And all that he has spoken shall be done.
With what delight their hours shall pass away
In such blest conversations in those days!
No empty trisses then shall kill the time,
Nor lies, nor slanders, occupy their tongues.

945
The

The praises and the wond'rous works of God, Shall infinitely better them employ.

O'tis ten thousand pities that our race Should ever have their faculties abus'd, And so perverted such a noble gift As speech, almost peculiar to mankind, To serve the worst of purposes, instead Of glorifying him who gave us tongues To praise his name, and men to edify!

Before I farther pass into those scenes Of ravishing delight, which shall take place, Under our dear Redeemer's happy reign, Here let us pray for their accomplishment.

O God, to us be merciful, we pray,
And cause thy loving face on us to shine;
And let thy way upon the earth be known,
Be thy salvation to the world reveal'd.
O let the peoples praise the living God,
Let all the peoples praise thy holy name.
O let the nations all in Thee be glad,
And sing for joy, for thou with righteousness
Shall judge and govern earth and all its tribes.

O let the peoples praise thy name, O Lord, Let all the nations shout, and sing for joy. Then shall the blessed earth her increase yield,

979 **A**nd

And our own God shall bless us with his love. O Lord JEHOVAH, all thy people blefs, And let all nations fear and ferve their God. Arise, O God, and judge the earth, for Thou All nations shall inherit as thy right. 975 Hasten, O Lord, the long expected day, When Jesus shall assume his kingly pow'r, And reign on earth, as Scripture hath foretold. He shall thy people judge with righteousness, With truth and justice shall thy poor defend. The mountains peace shall to the peoples bring, The little hills with righteousness shall shine. The poor especially shall be his care, The children of the needy he shall fave; But all oppressors will in pieces break. 983 The nations of the world shall fear thy name, While fun and moon, and days and nights endure: Throughout all generations of mankind. He shall descend to earth like friendly rain, Not to destroy, but bless, preserve, restore. Like fructifying show'rs, so shall he come: The Great Restorer of the human race. How shall the righteous flourish in his days! Peace shall abound, and overspread the earth, And long endure; and wars no more be known. 995 All nature shall be chang'd, and happiness Shall be as common then as mis'ry now. From sea to sea shall his domain extend. And from the rifing to the fetting fun.

Throughout

Throughout all realms, to earth's remotest bounds. The dwellers in the wilderness shall bow Before his feet, his foes shall lick the dust. The kings of Tarshish, and the distant Isles, Their choicest gifts shall bring with one accord; The kings of Sheba and of Seba join, 1005 To yield their richest treasures to his will. Nor these alone, but all the kings on earth Shall fall before him, and his name adore; And if the kings shall yield, no doubt remains But all the nations shall his servants be. The common people, when the Saviour preach'd, With gladness heard him, while the great despis'd; And certainly when he shall come to reign, And all the heads and leaders shall submit, The common people will obedient be. 1015 His government shall be what kingdoms should, Friendly, safe, peaceful, happy for the poor, Just, righteous, meek, beneficent, and kind, Where poor and needy gain their rights at once, Without expence, vexation, or delay; 1020 Where no respect of persons can be found, Nor bribes accepted, nor injustice done. But judgment, mercy, truth, and equity, All reign together; fuch all governments Should be, and fuch will be our bleffed Lord's. 1025 The needy and the poor shall be his care. And fuch as have no helpers, wealth, or friends, When they shall cry, he will deliver them. ي بهر د د

The

The friendless, poor, and needy, he shall spare,
The souls of all the needy he will save.

1030
From fraud, deceit, and vi'lence, them redeem,
And precious in his sight shall be their blood.

O what a kingdom shall our Saviour's be!

Long shall he reign, shall live forevermore.

To him the gold of Sheba shall be giv'n;

For him shall constant, earnest pray'r be made,

And daily shall his worthy name be prais'd.

His name to endless ages shall endure,

Long as the sun it shall continu'd be.

In him shall all the tribes of men be bless,

And all shall call him blessed in return.

O bleffed be Jehovah, God most High, The God of Ifrael, who alone performs Those wond'rous things, which fill the world with ave. And bleffed be our Saviour's glorious name; Let the whole earth be with his glory fill'd: O let his kingdom speedily approach, Spread far and wide, and over all extend, And long continue, to the end of time. Let all the friends of Jesus fay, Amen. 1050 This pray'r is of the greatest consequence; Let it be feal'd with highest fervency, And be with loud amen, amen, confirm'd. What fongs of joy, and shouts of loudest praise, Shall in that day be to JEHOVAH fung ! Of which the following are a specimen.

JEHOVAN

JEHOVAH reigneth, cloth'd with majesty, Girded with strength, with truth and glory clad. His kingdom is establish'd in the world, So that it never can be overthrown. 1060 Of old thy throne was fettled long ago, Because thou, Lord, from everlasting art. But what an opposition has been made, By fwelling floods, loud billows, roaring waves, Against thy government upon the earth. 106.5 All pow'rs and peoples role against thy right, But Thou art mightier far than all thy foes. The proudest waves, with their tumultuous noise, Can never shake thy kingdom or thy throne. Thy testimonies fure, shall firm abide, 1070 And holiness becomes thy dwelling place, And all who would approach to worship Thee.

O come, and let us to Jehovan fing, And make a joyful noise to God, our strength. Let us with thanks into his presence haste, And make a joyful noise to him with psalms. JEHOVAH is our God, our King most High. He made the sea, dry land, hills, mountains, vales: And claims a right to rule the world he made. Come, let us worship, and with rev'rence bow, And kneel before the Lord, our Maker's face. 1081 He is our God, and doth our worship claim: He is our Father, Shepherd, Saviour, Friend; We are his people, sheep, his constant charge. O let

O let us hear his voice, and him obey! 1085 Nor let our hearts be harden'd from his fear, Lest we should be depriv'd of this his rest.

O fing unto JEHOVAH God a fong, New and melodious; all the earth shall sing. Sing to Jehovah, bless his holy name, 1000 From day to day his great falvation shew. Declare his glory in the heathen lands; His wond'rous works to all mankind proclaim. Great is Jehovah, greatly to be prais'd, Above all gods Jehovah should be fear'd. The heathen's idol gods, how worthless they! But God, Jehova'h made the earth and Heav'ns. Honour, strength, majesty before him dwell, His fanctuary doth with beauty shine. Give to the Lord, O nations, kindreds, tongues, Give to Jehovan glory, might, renown; 1101 Give him that glory which is justly due To his great name, most worthy of regard. O bring an off'ring, come into his courts, Him in his glorious fanctuary praise; 1105 Let all the earth before him stand in awe. Proclaim among the heathen, JESUS reigns; His throne is now establish'd on the earth? His kingdom now erected shall remain, And shall not be remov'd while time endures. Most righteously he shall the people judge.

Ó le

O let the Heav'ns rejoice, the earth be glad;
And let the noify sea with gladness roar,
And all the num'rous things therein rejoice.
Let all the fields be joyful, and the trees
Join in the joy and harmony of song;
Before Jehovah, judge of all the earth,
Who comes in righteousness to judge the world,
And all mankind with truth and equity.

JEHOVAH reigneth, let the earth rejoice, I I 20 Let the whole multitudes of isles be glad; Though clouds and darkness do his ways surround, His throne establish'd is in righteousness. When he descended from the Heav'ns above, To take possession of his glorious throne, 1125 A fire before him went, his foes confum'd, His lightnings flew, enlightning all the world; The earth beheld, and trembled at the fight; The mountains clave asunder, and the hills Diffolv'd like wax before the melting fire; 1130 And spoke the presence of the mighty Lord, The Lord of all the earth, in person come, To fave the ruin'd world from fin and death. The Heav'ns above his righteousness declar'd, And all the people have his glory feen; 1135 But worshippers of idols were amaz'd: Confounded forely were those stupid fools, That adoration paid to stocks and stones. Now all the nations idols, have renounc'd, And U 3

And all their worship have to him transferr'd. 1140 Angels in Heav'n, and princes here below, Agree the Lord's Anointed to adore.

Zion, in great distress, was glad to see
The judgments of the Lord on idols fall;
And Judah's daughters did in him rejoice,
1145
Who came to judge their foes, and them redeem.
Thou, Lord, art high, and rulest all the earth,
And art exalted far above all gods.

Now one Jehovah reigns, his name is One,
In opposition to all images.

All ye that love the Lord all evil hate,
For He is come on purpose to destroy
Sin, darkness, all iniquity, and crimes
Of ev'ry fort, these must be borne no more.
He will preserve the souls of all his faints,
And from the wicked's hands deliver them.
Eternal light is for the righteous sown,
And gladness for the men upright in heart.
Rejoice in God, ye righteous, and give thanks
At the rememb'rance of his holiness.

O fing unto the Lord a new made fong,
For things most marvellous he hath perform'd;
His own right hand, his holy mighty arm,
Hath fully gotten him the victory.
The Lord hath made his great salvation known,

His righteousness hath openly reveal'd, 1166
In sight of all the heathen nations round.
He hath remember'd mercy, truth, and love,
Towards the tribes of Israel his friend;
Nor them alone, for earth's most distant lands 1170
Have seen the great salvation of our God.

O make a joyful noise unto the Lond. Let all the earth, now happy, bless his name. Make a loud noise, rejoice, and fing his praise. Sing loud unto JEHOVAH with the harp, 1175 And join the noise of harps with pleasant pfalms: Let voices mix with choicest instruments: Let folemn trumpets blow, and cornets make A joyful noise before the Lord, the King. Let the great ocean with its fulness roar 1180 With joy and gladness, and the universe, The world, and all that dwell therein, rejoice. Let all the floods of waters clap their hands, The hills and mountains all together join. In grandest chorus of eternal joy, 1184 Before the great JEHOVAH, Jesus, Lord. Behold he comes, he comes to judge the earth, With righteoufness he comes to judge the world, And all our race with equity and truth. JEHOVAH reigneth, let the people fear; 1190 Upon the holy mountain now he fits, Surrounded with the host of all his saints.

U 4

O let

O let the earth be mov'd with rev'rend awe!

How great Jehovah is in Zion's hill!

How much exalted is the Lord our King!

How glorious his high throne of holiness!

And let all people praise thy holy name!

Thy glorious name is terrible and great.

The righteous judgment of the Lord, our King, Is by his strength and pow'r supported well. 1200 O Lord, Thou dost establish equity, And righteousness and judgment dost perform. Exalt Jehovah, God, and worship him. For he is holy; bow before his feet. Nothing but holiness and purity 1205 Can be acceptable to God, our King. Exalt the Lord, and magnify his name, And pay your homage at his holy hill; JEHOVAH is the God of holiness. Make to the Lord a joyful noise ye lands, 1210 JEHOVAH serve with gladness, and approach · His facred presence with most joyful songs. Know that Jehovah he alone is God, He is our Father, Maker, Shepherd, Lord, We are his people, workmanship, and sheep. 1215 Enter into his gates with thankfulness, Into his holy courts with fongs of praise. Be thankful unto him, and bless his name. For O how good is our JEHOVAH God!

His

His mercy doth from age to age endure! His truth and goodness shall for ever last.

Such are the fongs of the millenial age; And O how lovely must those scenes appear Which justify such losty stile as this? Nor can the boldest words, or highest thoughts, Express the vast exuberance of praise, 1226 Which feems too big for birth, and rifes high To rapt'rous notes of joy, extatic joy, And by redoubled efforts feeks to gain Its end, unbounded gladness to express.

This glorious period Jesus had in mind, When he the glories of his reign foretold To his disciples, while he dwelt below; And after he was rifen from the dead, He spake to them of things that appertain'd 1235 Unto the kingdom of the bleffed God. But when he did in state to Heav'n ascend, God, the eternal Father, spake, and said,

My Son, belov'd, fit down at my right hand, Until I shall thy foes thy footstool make. JEHOVAH shall from Zion send thy rod, Thy rod of strength, wherewith thou shalt subdue Thine enemies, and rule them by thy sway. How lib'ral shall thy chosen people be, When thou shalt govern in thy day of pow'r! Thy

Thy converts, like the drops of morning dew,
Shall shine in beauties of thine holiness:
How num'rous shall thy happy subjects be!
Jebovah sware, and never will repent;
Thou art a priest to him for evermore,
After the order of Melchisedec,
Without a predecessor in thy line,
Or a successor in thy office work.

Jesus, our Lord, now fits at God's right hand, Heav'n has receiv'd him, and must him retain, 1254 Until the Restitution times begin; Of which most glorious age the Lord hath spoke, By all his Prophets fince the world began. Then shall the Father send his Son again. To visit earth, and dwell, and reign below. 1260 Then shall his enemies be cloth'd with shame: While on his head the crown shall flourist long. Then shall a King in truth and justice reign, And princes rule in strictest righteousness. The God of Heav'n shall fet a kingdom up, 1265 And give it to his Son, and to his Saints: This kingdom shall endure a thousand years. Without the least disturbance, or attempt From any of its foes to break its peace. For no opposing pow'rs shall be on earth, 1270 And Satan all this age shall be confin'd In close imprisonment, in the abyss. During this happy period men shall know

Those

Those glories which the Scriptures have describ'd,
And which my feeble pen hath briefly touch'd. 1275
But so abundant are the prophecies
On this important subject, that the time
Would fail, should I attempt to quote them all.
But from this little specimen, we see
That nothing can be more abundantly
1280
Confirm'd, than this so interesting scene.

Our Lord will come, and with him all his faints. Whom he will raise, and they with him shall reign. His kingdom shall be righteousness and peace. And all shall be obedient to his sway. 1280 All men shall know the Lord, both small and great, And all shall serve him with one free consent. No jarring discords shall on earth prevail, No difference of faith and worship then. Believers shall be all in harmony, 120 And all the world shall the Messiah know. The earth shall with inhabitants be fill'd, And highly cultivated and improv'd, And ev'ry useful art and science brought To full perfection. Happiness and peace, 1295 Health, plenty, joy, delight, and chearfulness, Shall overspread the globe, and banish care, Sickness, vexation, strife, and discontent; Then pleasure shall be gay and innocent: All these shall tend to lengthen out life's thread; Which shall by God's appointment be restor'd 1301,

To the longevity of ancient times. And farther, men be privileg'd to pass Unto the life immortal, by a way Not now to them indulg'd; by change, not death. All the advantages of former years, 1306 Shall meet together in that happy age. Then all the good men who have ever liv'd, Shall be on earth at once, with Christ, their head. And far more numerous shall be the births 1310 Within that period, than shall be before, If all were counted from the birth of time. Then all the useful knowledge ever known Shall be combin'd, but all the evil loft, Sunk in oblivion, overwhelm'd with good. 1315

Thus shall that age roll chearfully away,
While Jesus reigns on earth, and all mankind
Yield willing service to his holy laws,
And live in happiness compleat and full.

O glorious day, when shall it once arrive? 1320 Fain would our longing eyes behold the sight, A world of rationals; a government Just, universal, free from all defects; A Monarch wise, good, pow'rful, righteous, kind, Without a fault, and who shall never change, 1325 Nor die, nor by his soes be overcome: And happy subjects, num'rous as the drops Of pearly dew, from morning's fruitful womb;

All faithful to their Sov'reign, free from vice:
An age that will dishonour God no more,
And that will prove his promises all true,
His laws all just, and all his dealings right,
Will justify his works, his words, his ways,
And shew both what God is, and man should be.

END OF THE NINTH BOOK.

BOOK X.

THE END OF THE MILLENIUM,

The Loofing of Satan, his Deception of the Nations, their hoftile Attempt, and dreadful Overthrow, the fecond or general Resurrection, the Day of Judgment, the Sentence passed on the Wicked, the Constagration, and the Punishment of Transgressors in the Lake of Fire.

A S I must now attend to gloomy themes,
The darkest scenes that ever have been known,
Since God created man upon the earth,
Or ever shall take place till that great day;
I choose a season when my mind is tun'd
To grief, and mourning, and lamenting woe.

Help me, O facred Spirit, who didst call
The Prophet Jeremiah, when a child,
And taught his melting heart those plaintive airs,
His pen to write those mourning odes of woe,
For which his genius was so well design'd,
And which the times wherein he liv'd requir'd.
He was a son of sorrow, so am I!
He mourn'd a nation ruin'd, I, a world;
He saw, and he lamented Judah's sate,

15
Deceiv'd

Deceiv'd, betray'd to ruin with their king.

I mourn ten hundred thousand millions burn'd
With fire from Heav'n, because they did rebel,
In consequence of being once deceiv'd
By that deceiver, cunning, pow'rful, sly,
Who first or last the most hath overthrown,
But, finally, shall be himself subdu'd.
These awful scenes I now attempt to sing.

And must that glorious period have an end? Yes; the Millenium itself must close! The darkest night succeeds the brightest day! But this mest glorious thought supports our minds. While we attempt, if possible, to paint, The awful, mournful, fad diffressing scene, That brightest day shall finally succeed This melancholy night; darkness no more Shall light eclipse, but day shall ever shine, And brighter grow, while God himself exists....! But hence, at present, all ye pleasing thoughts. The mournful muse alone becomes my theme! I mourn the sad disaster, greater far Than when the tempter did of old beguile Our common mother Eve; her virtue gone, A horrid monster she by him conceiv'd, And brought forth fin, which fill'd our world with woc, Pain, fickness, forrow, want, despair, and death.

Rain, fickness, sorrow, want, despair, and death, Which tyrants reign'd on earth six thousand years.

The

THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. Book X. The dreadful flood, which fwept a world away Of eighteen thousand millions at a stroke, Because their bold rebellions had no bounds, 45 They aim'd to cast the yoke of God away, Disclaim'd allegiance to their sov'reign Lord. Who for a time endur'd, and gave reprieve; But they so disobedient still remain'd, That God at last the dreadful word pronounc'd, Man whom I made, from earth I will destroy: And foon he executed his defign, And all the race of man, by water drown'd, Save Noah and his family alone: But that amazing judgment can't compare 55 -With this which now my pen would fain unfold. But O, the tale so sad, so dreadful, strange, So far beyond what language can express! It overpow'rs my faculties of mind; And fain I would avoid the doleful theme: But having undertaken, must go through, If my Creator, who hath long fustain'd My tabernacle frail, will give me leave This work to finish, ere he calls me hence. Unless the sore afflictions I endure Oblige me to relinquish all my works, For which, indeed, I often find myself Unfit, and fometimes ready to despair; And wonder truly how I durst attempt

70 But

So vast a theme, so difficult a task.

But let me waste my reader's time no more. Now let me rush at once into the gloom, That for a little season must eclipse The glorious day of our Redeemer's reign.

When once the thousand years are at a close, The Devil from his prison must be loos'd, And be permitted once again to rove The earth around, and once more try his art Of fell deception, and shall have success. A thousand painful years of bitter woe 80 Have not subdu'd his proud rebellious heart, Nor in the least his nature fierce have chang'd. But let no mortal man presume to say, That fuch a change to him can never come. For though no creature can his pow'r controul, Far less presume his courage to subdue, Yet he that made him can the serpent slay, Can make his fword approach, and pierce his heart, Though hard as northern steel, like milstone firm. And though his scales of pride, so close shut up, go Forbid all entrance, but Jenovan's sword, Yet he can pierce, and put his heart to pain: The serpent's head can bruise, his pow'r destroy, And bring him willingly at last to bow At his Creator's feet, and him adore. 95 And whenfoever this great work is wrought, Twill be by far the most triumphant scene That ever did, or will take place till then. X And 306 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. [Book X.

And this makes me conclude it shall be done;
For nothing is impossible with God.

But long before this mighty change takes place,
He must be doom'd to dwell in penal fire,
A long and dreadful night of pain, and feel
Those tortures which must pierce him through and through.

But here I now must trace his crafty guile, 105 By which he shall deceive the race of men, And gather them, in battle to contend With him who doth possess Almighty pow'r. Who could suppose that such would ever join The foe of God and man, who once have known, And felt the happiness which all shall feel III Under the blest Messiah's glorious reign? But never let our reason, proud and weak, Prompt us to disbelieve what God hath spoke. For did not angels fall from purest blis? 114. Had they not known their Maker's pow'r and love? Had they not ev'ry thing that heart could wish? But still they fell through pride, and rose in arms Against that pow'r which could not be destroy'd. That this was madness, all who think at all 120 Will readily admit, and might conclude That long ago these beings were convinc'd That nothing can prevail against the Lord. But why continue then an useless war? Such is their rage and malice, and revenge, 125 Which

Which makes them feek the ruin of mankind: Nor feem to care how much their woes increase, If they can numbers with themselves involve. And they have gain'd fuch numbers heretofore, As will encourage them to try again. 130 But O, the cunning arts which they shall use Such numbers to feduce to join in war Against the Lord! alas! what tongue can tell? And that old ferpent, who at first prevail'd Against our mother Eve in Paradise, 135 And by the fly persuasion of his tongue Persuaded her to break the law of God. And eat the fruit of the forbidden tree; Thus vent'ring death her appetite to please ! He shall attempt, and mightily prevail, 140 The nations to deceive, delude, destroy. His old deceiving arts he can't forget, Till he has fuffer'd justly for his crimes. His rage and malice, more and more increas'd, Will prompt him to exert his utmost skill, 145 To desolate the globe, and ruin man.

Now round the earth he roams, with full intent To forge and utter all his hellish lies,
Thereby to draw mankind into the snare,
And bring them to rebel against the Lord.

And too successful shall the tempter be!
The nations in the quarters of the earth
Shall be deceiv'd, and sollow him, their soe,

X 2

308 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. [Book X.

In numbers like the fands upon the shore. The holy city and the heav'nly camp 155 They shall furround, and think to overcome; And, fraught with pride, as once the angels fell, So shall they fall, and perish in despair. How vain shall be this daring bold attempt Against the city, and the camp of saints! 160 The contest shall decided be at once. Fire shall descend from Heav'n, and them consume! The possibility of which is plain From that destruction which on Sodom fell; Brimstone and fire from Heav'n destroy'd them all. So shall this host of rebels be devour'd 166 By fire from Heav'n; and Satan who deceiv'd, And gather'd them to fight against the Lord, He shall himself be seiz'd, and justly cast Into the lake of fire, the house of pain. 170 Where with the beast and pseudo prophet join'd In punishment, as they were join'd in fin, Ages of ages they shall suffer there. There they were cast a thousand years before, While he was only in the pit confin'd, 175 And afterwards releas'd a little time. But now the measure of his fins are full, And he is doom'd to bear extreamest woe, Without the possibility of ease from pain One fingle moment, or the smallest gleam, 180 Or hope of ever gaining vict'ry more; Or feeing end of his calamity,

Save

| Book X.] TH | HE END OF THE MILLENIUM | it. 309 |
|-----------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| Save by entire | fubmission to the Lord: | |
| • | nany days he will disdain, | |
| | has for ever done, | 185 |
| Choofing to fu | ffer lasting misery, | • |
| Rather than to | the Son of God fubmit. | : - |
| His language i | s, "What though the fi | eld be loft? |
| " All is not lo | st; th' unconquerable wi | n, |
| | of revenge, immortal hat | |
| | e never to submit or yiel | |
| | else not to be overcome | |
| " That glory n | ever shall his wrath or m | ight ' |
| Extort from | mē, to bow and fue for | grace . |
| | ant knee, and deify his p | |
| "To reign is | worth ambition though i | n hell ; |
| Better to reig | gn in hell than ferve in H | leav'n. |
| | I fly is hell; myself am l | |
| | owest deep a lower deep, | |
| | ing to devour me, opens | |
| | e hell I suffer seems an H | |
| O then at las | t relent; is there no plac | е |
| Left for repe | entance, none for pardon | left? |
| None left bu | it by fubmission; and the | ut word |
| | ids me, and my dread of | |
| • Among the | spir'ts beneath, whom I s | educ'd |
| ' With other p | promises and other vaunts | |
| ' Than to subr | nit, boasting I could sub | due |
| ' Th' Omnipo | tent. Ah me, they listle | e know |
| ' How dearly | I abide that boast so vain | 1, 210 |
| Under what | torments inwardly I groat | |
| | X 3 | "While |
| | | |

- While they adore me on the throne of hell. "With diadem and scepter high advanc'd "The lower still I fall, only supreme " In mifery, fuch joy ambition finds. 215 " But fay I could repent, and could obtain "By acts of grace my former state; how soon "Would height recal high thoughts, how foon unfay & What feign'd submission swore? Ease would recant "Vows made in pain, as violent and void. 220 " For never can true reconcilement grow "Where wounds of deadly hate have pierc'd so deep: "Which would but lead me to a worse relapse, 56 And heavier fall: fo should I purchase dear 224 " Short intermission bought with double smart. "So farewel hope, and with hope farewel fear;
- "Evil be thou my good: by thee at least
 "Divided empire with Heav'n's King I hold;

" Farewel remorfe; all good to me is loft:

" And over more than half, perhaps shall reign *."

This is the native language of his heart,

Firm are his resolutions to remain

A bold determin'd rebel to the last.

But God who made him is as much resolv'd

That he shall bow the knee, and fealty swear

To the great Sov'reign of the universe.

Let us now hear Jehovah's words and oaths.

* Milton's Paradise Lost.

I by myself have sworn, this mighty oath
Shall never be retracted, ev'ry knee
Shall bow in true submission, ev'ry tongue
240
Shall swear allegiance to my sov'reign will.
And all shall come to me, and shall resign
Themselves with all their pow'rs to my controul.
And all that ever hated me shall be
Themselves asham'd of all which they have done. 245

This is the counsel of Jehovah's will, Which to his chosen ones he hath reveal'd. His own good pleafure, which he purpos'd, is, That in the dispensation of the times He will all things in Heav'n and earth re-head; 250 Re-head them all in Christ, their rightful chief, Who is the Father's glorious image bright, By whom all things in Heav'n and earth were made: Thrones, principalities, dominions, pow'rs, Things visible, and such as are not seen, 255 Were all created by his pow'rful hand, And all intended for his fov'reign use. He is before all things, and all exist By his creating and upholding pow'r. He is the head, the church his body is, 260 In all things he shall have pre-eminence. For in himself all fulness richly dwells; According to the Father's facred will. He having through his blood, shed on the cross, Made universal peace for ev'ry one; 265 X 4 By

312 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. Book X. By him shall all things reconciled be, All reconcil'd to God, and to himself: All things in earth, and things in Heav'n the same. All things terrestrial, and celestial too, Shall be included in the gen'ral peace. 270 This must include all angels and all men. This is the will of God, and it shall stand. Vain are the vaunts of Satan, which oppose This fix'd determination of the Lord. The prince of darkness shall at last fall down, 275 Before the face of him whom we adore. And howfoever mortifying now The thoughts of his fubmission, time will come When all his resolutions will be chang'd. Nor will he only feign, but heartily **28** Submit to Jesus, own him Lord and King. But long and great severities he'll bear Before his proud and haughty temper yields, But which at last shall fully humbled be: For God has will'd it, and it cannot fail,

Satan has never felt the lake of fire,

Nor knows as yet the pain he shall endure;

That pain shall bring his strength and courage down,
And shall destroy forevermore his hopes

Of gaining victiry or advantages

Over the blessed Saviour, and his cause.

Here then we'll leave him in the siry lake,

Under the mighty pow'rful hand of God.

Who

Who knows full well with rebels how to deal:
And turn a while to mourn the num'rous hosts 295
Of men, who in this last rebellion join'd.

Wail, O my heart, to think that those who dwelt Under our Saviour's peaceful government, Should ever be induc'd to rife in war Against the glorious Lord, their rightful King. 300 What could possess them to desire a change While they enjoy'd whatever they could wish? Strange that a fulness of delight and joy Should discontent engender, and create Disgust, and murm'ring, loathing, and a brood 304 Of fatal evils, which destroy all peace! But such has often been the state of things, And will be till that great and glorious day, When the Creator shall be all in all: And all intelligences shall be drawn 310 Into a state of union with their God, That shall prevent their ever falling more. Angels themselves, though happy, fell through pride, And though they felt no want, yet discontent Could find its way to regions of delight. 315 So our first parents fell, who did enjoy As much, and more than heart itself could wish. And oh, alas! our nature still is prone To murmur and complain, though Heav'n itself Pours on us bleffings with most lib'ral hand! 320 Those nations that have most, do most complain; And

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And fuch as have no real grievances Will never fail to feign them, and repine, As though they were most bitterly oppress'd. How often have I feen those families 325 That might have liv'd in greatest happiness. With all the means of plenty in their hands, Who might have been choice bleffings to the world, Making themselves most miserable indeed! And in the midst of truest hearted friends 330 Esteeming all mankind their enemies: Thus turning all their bleffings into bane. And that which for their comfort should have been, Seems them to make unhappy and unbleft. And some, the more you try to please them, still The more uneasy grow, and find more fault; 336 And hate you in proportion to your love. Nay, think that all the good you do is ill: Or, that you ill intend where best you aim'd. This is the devil's influence over man. 340 But when into the abysis he is cast, This curfed temper will prevail no more, Until that he from thence is loos'd again, And is once more permitted men to tempt; Then shall this evil disposition rise 345 To far more dreadful heights than heretofore. Ev'n in proportion as the blifs enjoy'd Shall be superior far to what is past.

But oh the sad and most affecting doom,

That

That shall o'ertake those discontented hosts! 350 Oh what a fi'ry rain on them shall fall! What horror, and what torture and despair Shall rack their fouls, and put their hearts to pain! Fire shall their lives destroy, their flesh consume, And put an end to their rebellious plan. 355 And though their ruin is a difmal scene, Enough to make the heart of man to chill, And fill his bones with terror, freeze his blood, And make his very hairs to stand erect; Yet when we call to mind, this is the last 360 Attempt that ever shall be made against the Lord: And Jesus now hath quell'd his num'rous foes, Who never shall combine against him more, Nor for one moment hence disturb his reign, Our forrow for their fate is mix'd with joy. 365 Great is the triumph of our fov'reign King, And all his subjects hail him as their Lord. His foes are all defeated, and their hopes Of reigning are for ever blafted quite.

This scene of bold rebellion, and its end,

Is far the darkest and obscurest part

Of all the providential ways of God,

And therefore short the facred writer tells

The dreadful story, here his words are few:

Though vast the plot, and the destruction dire, 375

And far more dreadful than can be describ'd.

Far greater numbers are involv'd therein

Than

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Than ever fell at once by war or plague,. Or fire or famine, or the total flood That overwhelm'd the globe in Noah's time. 380 Perhaps I should not go too far to fay, That more shall perish then by fire from Heav'n, Than ever tasted death before, or shall Till then, in any of its thousand forms. 385 All that remain then uninfected, shall Be wholly fav'd, their trials past and gone. They shall be own'd as children of the Lord, Worthy to be enroll'd among the blest; And chang'd, shall pass to an immortal state. The rest destroy'd from earth; these fit for Heav'n. The present uses of the earth are past. And what remains? The judgment must take place. The globe itself becomes a theatre, Whereon the judgment seat erected stands, And all the dead are fummon'd to the bar. 395 The second resurrection now takes place, And all that sleep in death at once awake, Call'd by his voice, who makes the dead to hear, Forth from their graves they come to render up Their great accounts to Christ, the sov'reign Judge; Whose just award they must abide, and bear Whatever doom on them he shall pronounce.

Now comes the day of universal doom On which fo many volumes have been wrote, Of which the prophets spake, and poets sang In far sublimer strains than I can boast.

But yet I fain would bring my little mite:

Though small my off'ring, yet accept it Lord;

And let this labour of my hand remain

Under the patronage of thee, my King,

Till that grand day which I describe arrives.

The great white throne on which the Judge shall sit, Claims our attention, fuch its majesty, Its splendor, brightness, like the crystal clear, As would fufficiently aftonish those 415. Who dare despise the terrors of this day; And who would fain persuade their guilty hearts That fuch an awful scene will never come. Some fondly dream the judgment day is past; But such will doubtless find their great mistake: 420 Since reason shews that crimes committed here Will be on earth try'd, judg'd, condemn'd, destroy'd. And all that ever dwelt on earth shall view The great affize, and shall the Judge behold, Shall hear the sentence from his glorious mouth, 425 Shall see the punishments and the rewards, And shall themselves receive as they have done.

This awful scene can never be fulfill'd
Till all the human race have liv'd and dy'd:
Or have been chang'd, and all the dead are rais'd.
None shall be absent on that awful day;
All shall behold it, each himself shall hear

The

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The Judge's voice, and see him on his throne.

This cannot be a partial private thing,
Hid from the observation of mankind,
Conducted in the world of spirits, far
Remote from earth, and to the human race
Unknown, as many in these days pretend.
But O, my God, preserve my seeble mind
In constant stedsastness amidst these storms!
O let me never from thy word depart,
To hear the inconsistent dreams of men!

Behold the throne is plac'd, there fits the Judge, In glory and in majesty array'd; His garments white as fnow, his hair like wool; 445 His throne like flame, his wheels like burning fire; Before him iffues forth a fi'ry stream, Millions of angels minister to him, An hundred millions stand around his throne. How folemn, grand, and awful is the scene! 450 This is the Son of Man who was accus'd, Judg'd and condemn'd at guilty Pilate's bar, Whom Herod and his guilty men of war array'd In gorgeous robes, and treated him with fcorn. Now they in turn must stand before his bar. 455 This is the man who, hung upon a cross, Was' mock'd, and ridicul'd in all his pangs; Behold him now! and fee the wond'rous change! Now in his proper glory he appears, And in his Father's radiant beauty shines; 460 While

The

While all the holy angels him attend, And thus increase the terrors of the day.

All things prepar'd, behold the judgment set! The human race are call'd by trumpet's sound. Behold from north, and south, and east, and west, They slow in multitudes to hear their doom. 466 Near to the Judge's throne his saints are plac'd On rows of shining seats; now men behold What honour Jesus gives to all his shiends, Who lov'd and suffer'd for his name on earth. 47. These sit as judges with their glorious head. On them no condemnation can lay hold: Their sins are blotted out, and all forgot; Are cast behind his back, who wash'd their souls In his own blood, and cleans'd their foules thans.

But now behold the earth and sea resign 476
Their dead, which long as pris'ners they have held;
Both death and hell give up their num'rous dead,
Now to be judg'd according to their works.
Behold the mighty books are open'd wide, 480
The book of God's remembrance; now 'tis seen
That all the deeds, and words, and thoughts of heart,
Are known to Jesus, Judge of all the earth.
The book of conscience shall be open'd there:
That doom's-day book, where now th' informer sly
Is noting down the conduct of mankind, 486
Against that awful day, then to reveal

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The thousand deeds of darkness here conceal'd.

Alas! what guilty heart can then endure,

To hear those accusations just and strong,

Which conscience on the trial will produce?

Then shall the Law of God, that holy book,

Be open'd and reveal'd before the world,

And all transgressions in their full extent

And just desert, appear to ev'ry mind.

495

Shall not the Judge of all the earth do right?

Most certainly his judgment shall be just.

Man's memory shall then so perfect be,

That all his evil deeds shall stand in view,

And ev'ry criminal before the bar

Shall with one perfect glance his sins survey.

O what astonishment shall seize their hearts!

What guilty fear and dread shall fill their souls,

When the great Judge their doings shall reprove,

And set their sins in order in their sight!

Enoch the fev'nth from Adam prophefy'd,
Behold the Lord, the Judge of all, shall come;
With him shall come ten thousands of his saints:
To execute his judgment upon all;
And all ungodly ones shall he convince
Of their unrighteous and ungodly deeds,
Which they ungodly did against his laws;
And will convict them of their speeches hard,
Which they have murmur'd out against his name.

How

How can their hearts endure, or hands be ftrong, 515
In that great day when God shall deal with them?
How will they answer for their lawless deeds,
When God shall lay his judgment to the line,
And to the plummet, truth and righteousness?
Then refuges of falsehood and of lies,
Shall all be swept away, and quite destroy'd.
Their covenant with death shall be no more,
And their agreement which they made with hell,
Shall be abolish'd; all their hopes are gone.
O hear the words of terror which shall reach
Their inmost souls, and fill their hearts with pain.

To ev'ry wicked one the Judge will fay, What doest thou my statutes to declare, Or take my covenant into thy mouth? Because instruction thou hast hated long, 530 And cast my words and laws behind thy back. When thou beheld a thief, thou didst consent To all his evil deeds, and didst partake With foul adulterers their loathsome crimes. Thy mouth to evil thou didst wholly give, 535 Deceit and lies were framed by thy tongue. Against thy brother thou didst sit and speak, And thy own mother's son hast slander'd oft. These things thou didst, and while I silence kept, Thou thought'st me altogether like thyself. 540 But now I will reprove thee for thy fins, And them in order fet before thine eyes.

Y

Who

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|---|-------------|
| Who from my hands can now deliver you? Or who will intercede for finners bold? Because I called long, and ye refus'd, I stretched out my hand, and none beheld: But ye have set my counsels all at nought, And my reproofs most solemn ye despis'd: Now will I laugh at your calamity, | 545 |
| And treat with just contempt your present sear. Your sear, as desolation, now makes haste, | 550 |
| And as a whirlwind your destruction comes; Distress and anguish now your souls shall feel. Remember how I call'd, and you refus'd, Now you shall call on me in your distress, But I will do to you as you have done, And will not answer nor regard your cries; And though you may begin to seek my aid, You shall not find me, for I will return | 555 |
| Back to my place, and leave you here to wail. For that you hated knowledge, hated light, And did not choose Jehovah's sacred fear; My counsels of eternal life refus'd; | 561 |
| And my reproofs, intended for your good, Treated with rude contempt, and long despis'd: Therefore of your own fruit you must partake, And with your own devices now be fill'd. Your turning from the ways of my commands Will prove your ruin, O ye foolish ones! | <u>5</u> 65 |
| How did you glory in prosperity, | 570 |
| Which brings you down to dire destruction now | |
| | las! |

•

Alas! these cutting words who can endure? But fuch will be their fate who now reject The glorious Gospel of the blessed God, And trample under foot his darling Son; 575 They shall be then rejected from his sight, And punish'd from the glory of his pow'r. But now another open'd book appears, Which is the book of life, wherein are wrote The names of fuch among the new-rais'd dead 580 As have submitted truly to the Lord; These are divided from the num'rous throng Of those who stubborn rebels still remain. These, though they were not worthy to have part In the first resurrection of the just, And were not kings and priefts to God and Christ, And did not reign with him a thousand years, And do not with the Judge in judgment fit; Yet having been to due submission brought, By various methods which the Lord hath us'd, 590 Them to reclaim; they shall be fav'd at last, And not be doom'd to fuffer in the lake Of fire and brimstone, and the second death In all its pains and horrors to sustain.

The boundless mercy of our God in Christ 595 Shall be extended to this num'rous throng, Compos'd of nations, kindreds, peoples, tongues, Perhaps the bulk of all the heathen world, Who dy'd in darkness, nor had greatly sinn'd

Y 2

Against.

| 24 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. [Boo | k X. |
|---|------|
| Against the little, feeble light they saw; | 600 |
| And probably the small among the dead, | |
| Who dy'd in childhood, and in tender youth, | |
| (Except those noted by their early vice) | |
| Shall be admitted then among the sav'd. | |
| For so amazing is God's boundless love | 605 |
| And tenderness towards the human race, | |
| That none shall drink this dreadful cup of woe, | |
| And feel the torments of the lake of fire, | |
| Whom any gentler methods could reclaim. | |
| But still the holiness of God is such, | 610 |
| That nothing false, unholy, or unclean, | |
| Imperfect or impure, can dwell with him: | , |
| He therefore tries a vast variety | |
| Of ways and means, all fuited to the case | |
| Of all his fallen creatures, whom he wills | 615 |
| To raise from depths of sin, and to restore. | _ |
| So when you read of torments, fire, and pain, | |
| Brimstone and fire, the lot of wicked men, | |
| Who shall with devils suffer punishment, | |
| Consider this most dreadful fiery doom | 620 |
| Is just, and only shall inflicted be | |
| When lighter punishments have prov'd in vain, | , |
| Bold rebels to subdue, reclaim, restore. | |
| God never acts without a grand defign | , |
| In all his works, and in his judgments too. | 62 |
| | |

Those who are found in this great trying day Enroll'd among the living in the book,

Shall

Shall be deliver'd from the second death,
And from thencesorward join'd with all the saints.
All others shall the dreadful sentence hear,
(Which, O what heart of stone can e'er endure?)
Depart from me, ye cursed, into fire,
Which to the age unquenchably shall burn;
For Satan and his angels first prepar'd,
Appointed and ordain'd, but now for you,
As you have join'd them in rebellion bold,
So must you share with them in punishment:
The living worm, the fire unquenchable,
Must to the ages be your dreadful doom.

Oh, how intol'rable is such a lot!

Let not my soul be join'd with wicked men!
O let this sentence stand before mine eyes,
And in mine ears its awful periods ring
Whenever I am tempted to transgress.
How often have I thought my troubles great!
Too much for mortal sless and blood to bear:
How has my spirit fainted when oppress'd
With many sorrows, and afflictions dire!
Which only God's almighty pow'r can ease,
And which, without his kind affistance giv'n,
I scarce could bear one moment, or support,
And keep my soul from sinking in despair!

But while this dreadful scene is kept in view, Our greatest troubles vanish from our sight,

Υ 3

Alas!

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Alas! what is the loss of health, and strength? 655
The want of wealth, and life's conveniences?
What is the loss of character, and fame?
And what the bitter woundings of the tongue,
That sharpest sword, though heated with hell fire,
And all the woes that so imbitter life,
Compar'd with but one moment of their pain,
Who shall endure the torments of the lake
Of fire and brimstone, or the second death?

Yea, what are all the pains and tortures borne
By martyrs, criminals, or wretched flaves, 665
Fires, racks, whips, chains, and deaths of ev'ry fort.
That ever men have felt, or did inflict,
Compar'd to what those wretches must endure
Who to the burning lake shall be condemn'd?
Well then our blessed Saviour did forewarn
His servants, not to fear what men could do,
Who but at most the body can destroy.
But he forewarns us him alone to fear,
Whose pow'r extends beyond the present life,
And soul and body into hell can cast.

Oh, how should fin by men avoided be,
Which doth expose them to such dreadful woes!
Since thus the terrors of the Lord we know,
Let us attempt our brethren to persuade
To shun the ways of sin, that lead to death:
And let us carefully the same avoid.

Q Lord

O Lord our God, to whom shall we address Our fervent pray'rs, but unto thee alone, Who for our fins most justly art displeas'd? O thou, most holy, and most mighty God, 685 O Saviour holy, and most merciful, Into the fecond death's most bitter pains Deliver not thy fervants, dearest Lord! Thou knowest, Lord, the secrets of our hearts, Shut not thine ears of mercy to our pray'rs; 690 But spare us, Lord most holy, God of might; O Saviour holy, merciful and kind, Most worthy Judge eternal, do not leave Our fouls through any snares to fall from thee ! Nor let us ever feel those horrid woes, 695 Of which the bare description chills our blood, And makes the hair upon our flesh stand up.

My Saviour, never let me hear thy voice
Command me to depart from thee, my Lord;
Thy frown, O righteous Judge, I cannot bear! 700
Thou art my life, from thee where can I go?
I trust in thee, O cast me not away.
Keep me from sinning, then I fear not hell:
And while I contemplate the sinner's doom,
May I remember sin hath caus'd the whole.
And may these lines of terror wholesome prove
To wake the souls of men, who sleep secure,
Forgetful of the dreadful judgment day,
And of that awful sentence which shall pass

On

On the rebellious; and the fiery lake, 710
Where their just punishment they shall receive.
Of which I will attempt in brief to write.

The awful fentence being now pronounc'd Upon the wicked and ungodly race,
The fentence just, from whence lies no appeal: 715
The dreadful execution soon begins.
But who among the feeble sons of men
Can bear the prospect, or the scene describe?
Can my faint heart attempt it! Can my tongue
Or pen attempt its terrors to display?
720

The glorious Judge arises from his seat, And re-ascends to Heav'n with all his train, And leaves the criminals to feel their doom. The fiery torrent now begins to fall Upon their guilty heads with awful force, 725 And not the least protection can they find. Where can they fly to hide? Their hopes are gone, And terminated all in keen despair. Alas! how terrible shall be that day. When all the atmosphere shall be on fire! 73Q The elements shall melt with fervent heat, The earth with all therein shall be dissolv'd. When the great ocean shall be all on flame, And, in the language of the facred text, The streams of water shall be turn'd to pitch, 735 And all the dust to sulphur shall be chang'd. Through Through all the tracts of land upon the globe,
And all the deeps which waters did contain,
There's nothing shall be seen, nor ought discern'd,
But one prodigious si'ry ruin vast.

740
Behold the burning cataracts of sire
Gush from the mountains tops, and overspread
In siery torrents all the fertile plains:
Down sink the mountains in the horrid gulph,
And in one common ruin mix and melt.

The fev'ral burning mountains of the earth Are awful specimens of that great day, And stand as warnings to a careless world. How dreadful Ætna and Vesuvius seem In their eruptions, when the liquid fire 750 Bursts from the crater, and in torrents flows, And overwhelms, and buries cities deep! And burning rocks, hurl'd from the flaming pit, With noise and force tremendous fly alost, To distances almost incredible; 755 And then returning, fall with thund'ring found. A frightful spectacle to all who dwell Near to the dreadful place: their hearts are faint, They trembling fly, and leave their houses fair To fall a prey to the devouring flames. 76

But O, when all the mountains of the earth Shall far outflame Vesuvius, and shall roar Louder than raging Ætna in its throws,

Before

| 330 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. | Book X. |
|---|----------------|
| Before its flaming torrents are disgorg'd; Where shall the guilty sly for resuge then? No part is free from the devouring fire, The stately cities fall a sacrifice. | 765 |
| London and Paris, Lisbon, and Madrid, Vienna, Amsterdam, and Petersburgh, Berlin and Stockholm, Copenhagen, Prague Constantinople, Bergen, Bazil, Hague, Breslau and Brussels, Dresden, Edinburgh, | ·, 7 70 |
| Florence, Genoa, Moscow, Naples, Rome, Dublin and Venice, Turin, Koningsburg, Palermo, Presburg, Parma, Mantua, These capitals of Europe and her states, Or lesser provinces, are now no more. | 775 |
| Pekin and Canton, Chinese cities, share With all the samous cities of the east, In this dire conflagration of the world. | 78● |
| But most of all Jerusalem I mourn, That samous city, chief of all the earth, Which salls a prey in this so gen'ral doom, Together with the temple of the Lord; But all the blest inhabitants are gone Up to Jerusalem, which is above, That city which can never be destroy'd, Built by the great Jehovah for his seat. There all the happy shall together dwell In perfect pleasure, and divine delight, | 785 |
| So that no real loss can be fustain'd | 790 B |
| | Ву |

·

By those who leave this lower world on fire: Nor will they feel the shadow of regret At this dire conflagration of the world. Not so the wicked, who are left below, 795 To bear the horrors of this dreadful storm. Such terrors will upon their spirits seize As cannot be describ'd by tongues of men, Nor even yet conceiv'd by human hearts. Let all the real terrors or the feign'd, 800 And all the torments, pains, or miseries, That ever were experienc'd by mankind, Be put together, yet the burning globe Will be a fource of greater pains and woes To all its wretched lost inhabitants. 805 Join all the tempests, fires, and storms, and plagues, Thund'rings and lightnings, earthquakes, whirlwinds, hails,

Eruptions of volcanos, vapours, figns,
That ever have been feen, or felt, or fear'd,
Since man was first created, to that day,
The world on fire would more than equal all.

Consider ye that laugh at punishment,
And treat it with contempt if limited,
How would ye bear this dreadful scene of woe
One single day, or even for an hour?
Combine the pain of hunger, sharpest thirst,
The keenest sense of shame and deep disgrace,
The pungent tortures of a guilty mind,

A wounded

THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. A wounded spirit, fill'd with black despair, A strong remembrance of transgressions past, 820 A feeling sense of God's resentment just. The unmix'd vials of Almighty wrath; And all the frightful terrors of the mind: And add to these the real pains of fire: Suppose a man in soul and body form'd 825 In such a manner as to feel the whole, Without the least abatement all at once: Think what his pain and misery must be! This is the real state of those who fall Under the dreadful sentence of the Lord, 830 And shall be left to feel the burning lake, With all its horrors and tremendous pains. Their bodies shall be form'd more capable 4 Of feeling pain than in this mortal state, And yet endure these torments manifold 835 For many ages ere they see an end; Nor for one moment rest or ease enjoy. Their fouls shall be with sharp reflections fill'd, Enough to form in ev'ry breast a hell Of woe unutterable. Who can bear 840 These dreadful tortures for one moment's space? Much less for ages? Think before ye leap, Ye bold and daring finners, think, O think! Prefent this wholesome fight before your minds, And let me ask you, Will you madly rush 845

Into these burning flames for present toys,

And

And vain delights, the trifles of an hour? Would sensual pleasures for an hundred years, Repay you for one moment of this woe? Remember, this is not an idle dream, 850 A fiction of my brain, but Scripture truth, The threat'nings of the God who cannot lie; And what each stubborn foe must furely feel. Therefore furvey your punishment severe, Before the awful execution comes. 855 Consider all the threat'nings of the Lord, And all those hateful and forbidden crimes For which fuch punishments shall be prepar'd. Think not God's righteous judgment to escape, If still such things you practise: oh, repent! 860 Nor dare to venture torments such as these. And if you can receive a friend's advice, Laugh not, I pray you, at the lake of fire, As though it was a thing impossible, For God, (who once a world of wicked drown'd ?65 With water, unexpectedly to all, Though long they had been warn'd;) at last to turn The globe of earth and water to that lake. And leave the wicked there to fuffer long. O be not ignorant of what has been! 879 That once the world was wholly overflow'd. And all th' unrighteous perish'd by the flood: But now the earth and Heav'ns are kept in store. Referv'd to fire against that awful day,

The

334 THE PROCESS AND EMPIRE OF CHRIST. [Book X. The day of judgment, when ungodly ones Shall there be doom'd to fuffer loss and pain.

There, but imagination fure must fail To paint the millionth part of all their woes; They must endure the punishments ordain'd, The just rewards of lives employ'd in fin; 880 Till God shall see it proper to release, And free them by his mercy from their griefs. And them restore unto himself again: Changing them wholly by his pow'rful grace, Nor less their habitation than themselves. 885 Of these most grand and noble works of God, I will not fail to fing with gladfome heart, If my Creator will prolong my life, And give his kind affiftance to a worm, A feeble child of man, who fain would praise His holy name for all his wonders wrought, And all that he hath promis'd to perform; Which here by faith my foul anticipates.

END OF THE TENTH BOOK.

BOOK XI.

THE NEW CREATION;

OR,

The Renovation of the Heavens and Earth after the Conflagration.

THAT shall I render to my gracious God. For all his loving kindnesses to me? And that he ever led my feeble mind, To view his vast unbounded plan of grace, And his intention to restore at last 5 All who have fallen from their first estate. What though on this account I lost my friends, And all my Christian brethren turn'd their backs, And cast my name as evil out to men, And would have glory'd to behold my fall, 10 To see me cover'd with the deepest shame! Yet all that I have parted with for this Is nothing to the glorious treasure gain'd. The joy and fatisfaction that I feel In this great truth, that God himself is Love, 15. Is more than pays me for whate'er I lost For being faithful to the light receiv'd. For could my former friends and brethren know The

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The folid pleasure which my foul has found In this most glorious scheme of love divine, 20 They would not wonder why I still remain As firmly now attach'd as at the first. My heart is still as warm, my tongue prepar'd As much as ever, to proclaim God's love, His universal love to all mankind. 25 O bleffed be his name, that he hath led My thoughts to sketch this comprehensive plan, And thus far hath supported me to trace His Process and his Empire hitherto. But far the grandest part remains to sing; 30 The new creation, and the scenes of bliss Which shall attend and follow that event. But, oh, my God, my raptur'd foul inspire, To fing of this in strains of losti'st found.

Behold the wonders which demand our fong! 35
The Lord returns, and looks upon the globe,
Welt'ring in fire, with its inhabitants:
He comes in mercy to create anew
What fin had ruin'd, and destruction seiz'd.
As when at first the chaos he beheld,
The ruins of the seat of Lucifer,
He saw it shapeless, rude, without a form,
Compos'd of jarring elements; but he
By his own word, both light and order brought:
Beauty, variety, and harmony,
The place of wild disorder occupy'd.

| Book XI.] THE NEW CREATION. | 337 |
|---|-----|
| So in this last creation of the earth, | |
| By which he will restore it to a state | |
| The most compleat and glorious possible, | • |
| No more to be forfaken or destroy'd; | 50 |
| He will come forth in his almighty love, | _ |
| And speak the word, and nature shall obey, | |
| And suddenly, before the wond'ring eyes | |
| Of all his faints, fee the new world appears! | |
| The floods of liquid fire at once subside, | 55 |
| And form a solid pavement, clear as glass, | |
| More beautiful than Paradise at sirst. | |
| In this new earth no sea at all exists, | |
| For none is needed, as this globe renew'd, | |
| 1 1 | 60 |
| Than in its first, or any after state. | |
| How chang'd the globe! and how the atmosphe | re |
| Is purify'd, from noxious vapours free! | |
| The earth is now created to exist | |
| For ever in eternal permanence, | 65 |
| An habitation fitted for the feat | |
| Of all its old inhabitants, restor'd | • |
| To righteousness, and spotless innocence; | |
| And fitted thus for endless happiness. | |
| Of this amazing work the prophet speaks | 70 |
| In language lofty, rapt'rous, and divine. | |
| Behold, fays God, new heav'ns and earth I mak | c, |
| So far superior to those I form'd | • |
| | [n |

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|--|---------|
| In the beginning, ere I formed man, That those shall be remembered no more. Nor come to mind as worthy of a though But let my faints and holy ones rejoice, | |
| Be glad forevermore in what I make, Which never shall decay, nor change its Nor lose its glory, nor be ever marr'd. The earth and heav'ns, which I create an | 80 |
| Shall evermore continue in my fight, The feat of joy and happiness unchang'd. The fashion of that world shall never pass But in its pristine glory shall abide. | |

Oh what a heart-refreshing view is this, To see a world in full perfection rise, A Phœnix from the ashes of the first! This great discovery will reconcile Our minds unto the burning of the world, 90 Which otherwise appears a gloomy scene. This charming prospect made th' aposle glad, When he by faith beheld the earth dissolv'd, The heav'ns on fire, the world itself confum'd, And all the things therein contain'd burnt up: 95 But yet in pleasing chearful words he adds, Nevertheless, according to his word, His gracious promise, we with joy expect New heav'ns and earth, created by his pow'r, Where righteousness, and righteous ones shall dwell. Though finners once, yet they to righteousness 101 Shall

Shall be restor'd, and wholly freed from sin, Shall always then obey God's righteous laws.

Behold, fays John, I faw new heav'n and earth,
The former heav'n and earth were pass'd away, 105
And lo, the ocean now no more appear'd!
What bleffed animating thoughts are these!
The earth itself shall be at last restor'd,
(After the fire its substance hath dissolv'd,)
And will appear more beautiful by far
Than ever Eden's Paradise was seen:
And as the earth itself shall thus be chang'd,
No doubt all men shall in its glory share.

But lo! behold what wonders strike mine eyes! Aftonishing! surpassing miracle! 115 Behold, the New Jerusalem descends, The New Jerusalem, which is above, That city glorious, built by God himself; Behold it cometh down from out of Heav'n, Descending to the new-created earth, 120 For the accomplishment of purposes Most grand and glorious, worthy of a God. This is by far the most amazing sight That ever was by eyes of man beheld. Hark, hear the voice of God aloud proclaims, Behold, God's tabernacle is with men, And he will dwell with them upon the earth. And they shall be his people; He their God.

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O most amazing change! the God of those
Whom he had long rejected and cast off.

Behold, he comes to ransom and restore
Those who have suffer'd in the lake of fire.
And God shall wipe all tears away from them,
And sorrow, crying, pain, and death shall cease;
For all the former things are pass'd away,

The reign of sin and misery is past.
The Lord, our Saviour, seated on his throne,
Proclaims, Behold, I fashion all things new!
These are God's sayings, faithful, true, and just.

Behold, the heav'nly city stands on earth!

Fill'd with the saints and saithful of all times,
Who long immortal glories have posses'd,
And long have dwelt in New Jerusalem.

Not for their sakes this city does come down,
(For they dwelt there while it remain'd in Heav'n)
But that salvation might to all men come,

146
To all without exception who were lost.

O how amazing is the love of God,
Who first did send his darling Son to die,
To lay a sure soundation for our hope,
Gave him to suffer, die, and rise again,
And reascend to Heav'n, from thence return
To reign on earth before his mighty ones,
And at the close to raise and judge the world!
In all these num'rous methods his design

Is still the same; to save the human race. And more and more he ransoms ev'ry time, That his great love another method tries. But this his last and grandest effort gains The whole without exception, none are left. All now shall be recover'd, all restor'd, And not one creature finally remain To mourn and wail in endless black despair. T' accomplish this most grand and glorious work. God and the Lamb in glory now descend, 165 With all the faints who in this city dwell: The holy city, their most blest abode, Gently descending, brings them from above, Here to remain till the great closing scene; Which now my muse hastes quickly to describe. 170

Now let us take a foul-delighting view,
Of this amazing city, rich and large,
As far excelling all that eyes have feen
As Heav'n can be superior to the earth.
For that which God hath built, by his own pow'r,
Must far exceed the noblest works of men.
176
Besides, this city is no common work,
But built by God a palace for himself,
And far superior to the starry sky,

Behold the city, and its wonders view! 180
The glory of Jehovah there appears;
Her light to stones most precious is compar'd,

'Tis

'Tis like a jasper stone, as crystal clear. Its wall is great and high, and none can scale, Or gain admission there but by the gates. 185 Its gates in number twelve, by angels kept, Admit of none but whom the Lord approves, Who keep his laws, and his commands obey. On these twelve gates the names of Israel's tribes Stand written, as the representatives 190 Of Abraham's feed who there admittance gain. On ev'ry fide three pearly gates appear, Towards the east and north, and south and west. The city wall hath twelve foundations strong, And in them are the worthy precious names 195 Of all the twelve apostles of the Lamb.

This glorious city is a perfect cube, Length, breadth, and height, are equal and exact. Oh, fee how vaftly large! and glorious bright, And wonderful beyond description far! One thousand and five hundred miles in length; In breadth and height the same; it lieth square; And might with ease contain upon its ground Vast numbers more than ever have been born. The wall is thick proportion'd to its height, 205 Rais'd by the great almighty architect, Crea ed by his pow'r, for his own use: Keep this in mind, or you can ne'er believe That fuch a city really exists, So grand, fo glorious, and magnificent, 210

But will explain it all away to mean Some fancy'd state, as many more have done. Its grandeur and magnificence are fuch As far surpass description; built by God, As the chief effort of creating pow'r, 215 Worthy to be the chief and Capital Of earth and heav'n renew'd: the bleft abode Of all the faints and holy angels bright: The place of grand refort, where all shall come To see, adore, and reverence their King. The facred city with fuch splendor shines, As might in glory equalize the fun. Its walls are form'd of jasper, precious stones! Ten thousand worlds like ours could not produce Materials enough to build these walls, But nothing is impossible with God; This always shall my fav'rite maxim be. This answers all which difficult would feem.

The heav'nly pavement is of purest gold,
Which yet appears like clearest crystal glass.

Its walls are garnish'd with most precious stones
Of ev'ry kind, as herein shall be nam'd.

Jasper, of which the mighty wall is built,
The first foundation forms, and garnishes.

Sapphire the second; chalcedony third;

The fourth an emerald; fifth sardonyx;

Sardius the sixth; the seventh chrysolite;

Beryl the eighth; a topaz is the ninth;

Z 4

The

The tenth a chrysoprasus; the elev'nth, A jacinth; and the twelfth an amethyst.

The gates, in number twelve, are folid pearls. Each gate is of a fingle pearl compos'd. Scarce all the pearls on earth in one combin'd Could form materials for one fingle gate. But God who form'd our little pearls on earth, 245 Made by his pow'r in Heav'n those spacious gates Each of a sev'ral pearl: Let none dispute What God can do, nor yet his word deny. The streets appear like pure transparent gold. Such is its grandeur and magnificence, 250 That nothing imitating it on earth Was ever feen, nor will be till that time When this great city shall descend from Heav'n, To be the tabernacle of our God. In which he shall reside on the new earth. 255 No temple in the facred city's feen, The Lord Almighty, and the Holy Lamb, Therein reside, and there shall be ador'd; Seen and belov'd, and worshipped by all. This city cannot need the fun nor moon, 26a · Because itself doth shine with purest light. God's glory doth enlighten it, his beams Of light and love with brightness fill the place. The Lamb of God, in whom the Father shines, Who is the brightness of his glory, seen, 265 The image of his person, full, express,

240

Is also call'd The Holy City's Light.

The saved nations of the earth restor'd,

Shall walk within its shining sacred sphere.

Their kings and rulers shall their glories bring, 270.

Their highest honours to the sov'reign Lord;

Their loudest praise within the sacred walls

They utter to the glory of his name.

The city gates shall not be shut by day, And day is always, for no night is there. All nations shall their glory thither bring, And worship their Redeemer and their God, With deepest rev'rence, and divine delight. Nothing impure can ever enter there, There no defilement ever can have place, Nor what would foul abomination work, Nor that which frameth, or that loves a lie; But such whose names are in his book enroll'd, Who is the Lamb of God, who dy'd for all, And tasted death for all the human race, 285 And was the great propitiation made, For all our fins, and those of all the world: And will in his due season all restore, According to the purposes of God, The myst'ry of his will to us made known: 290 That in the dispensation of the times He will in Christ again all things re-head, Both which belong to Heav'n and to the earth. He by his blood upon the Cross made peace,

And

And God by him all things will reconcile,

Reduce to order, and again restore,

Whether their native place was earth, or Heav'n.

And to fulfil a work so great and good,

The Lord removes his Court from Heav'n to earth.

Although in earth renew'd no sea is found, Yet there's no want of water, for behold A glorious river from the throne proceeds, Which flows with living water, pure indeed, As clear as crystal; wat'ring all the globe; Exceeding much fair Eden's garden, where 305 The Great Jehovan our first parents plac'd. In this most glorious city grows the tree Of heav'nly life, which bears twelve kinds of fruit, Which ev'ry month new fruit produces, fair, And pleasant to the eye, and to the mouth 310. Conveys the highest pleasure and delight. The fruit produces evelasting life, And death can never enter where it grows; For those who eat thereof can never die. Its leaves are for the healing of mankind, 315 And all the nations shall at length be heal'd, And evermore remain from torment free, From pain and fickness, forrow, grief, and death.

The curse is now eternally remov'd,

Henceforth it shall be taken clean away,

And never to eternity return.

The

The throne of God shall be upon the earth, Within the holy city's facred walls; There shall the Lamb array'd in glory sit, And there God's servants shall his face behold, 325 His name upon their foreheads shall be seen. No gloomy nights nor darkness shall be there. They need no candles, nor the lamps of Heav'n, Nor yet the beams of the refulgent fun; 329 Because the Lord shall give them heav'nly light; Their God shall be their glory evermore: Ages of ages they with him shall reign, Till all intelligences are subdu'd, And reconcil'd to God, and quite reclaim'd. Behold, the final state of this our earth. This the perfection towards which it tends ! A state superior far to all before, And which with greatest pleasure I can fing; Because this day shall never end in night, Nor this most joyful state succeeded be By foul rebellion, judgment, woe, or pain, Disorder, misery, despair, or death.

This glorious state is worthy to be sung
In highest strains. But ah, my muse how weak!
So joyful are the scenes that stand in sight,
That never more can alter for the worse,
They make us to forget the troubles past,
And cause us to remember them no more.
Though sin and evil long o'er man have reign'd,

Yet

Yet grace hath more abounded towards all. 350 The Saviour now hath conquer'd all his foes. And is prepar'd his kingdom to refign To God the Father, who the kingdom gave To Christ, that he might conquer and subdue. And then restore, re-head, and reconcile **355** · All those who once did go astray through sin. This to accomplish is the grand design For which the holy city comes to earth, And this shall be fulfill'd, until at last There shall not be one foe to Jesus left, 360 In all the wide-extended universe: And this my fong towards its period brings.

But ere I close the scene, I will attempt. To fing the world reftor'd, as perfectly. As I have fung it lost, and doom'd to fire. 36€. The world I fing is nature quite restor'd To its most glorious, perfect, high estate, Surpassing the Millenium far away, For that could but endure a thousand years; But the new world restor'd, shall still remain 379 Before Jehovan, ages without end. In the Millenium fin and death might come, Which in the new creation cannot be. God will preserve his creatures evermore From ev'ry hurtful thing of ev'ry kind. 37**5** · In this concluding scene 'tis perfect day, That day has dawn'd which never more shall close, Nor

Nor ever be succeeded by a night. The highest pleasure waits upon my song. And now the joy is perfect, pure, unmix'd, 380 With greatest pleasure I can sing this state. This is a scene that never can grow dull, Here's ev'ry thing to please and charm the mind; A new created world, more beautiful Than Paradife with all its gayest charms, 385 A world entirely full of righteousness. Of righteous people cleans'd from all their fins. A world in which no violence is found. No crimes committed, and no dangers fear'd. The Great Creator now is known by all, 390 Fear'd, lov'd, ador'd, obey'd, by ev'ry one. There's no exception now, all join to praise, Worship and reverence their Lord and King.

To Jesus now the whole creation bows,
All creatures yield obedience to his name,
And thus his kingdom's come, his will is done
By all on earth, as well as all in Heav'n,
Freely, entirely, and perpetually.
The world no longer dreads its Maker's laws,
Nor fuffers for its crimes, as heretofore.
Oh, what a lovely, charming scene is this!
What raptures strike my mind, and fill my thoughts!
Oh that I could express the joy I feel!
And make my gentle readers sympathize!
No words can utter this extatic bliss.

405

To see the great redemption now compleat,
And all the creatures that were gone aftray
Brought back to God, for ever to abide,
No more their kind Creator to offend,
Nor ever more his just displeasure feel.

The whole creation is deliver'd now
From sin, and all its consequences dire,
The bondage of corruption, pain, and death.
This mighty wonder plainly was foretold,
And though for many ages disbeliev'd,
Yet now we see the sacred promises.
Of God, Jehovah, were not made in vain.

A thousand bright and very glorious scenes Must have their place in this most grand design, In which I have the outlines briefly trac'd. For ev'ry foul that shall restored be, Shall bring fresh joy to all the ransom'd throng. And if such joy is over one that turns From fin to righteousness, what must there be, When all that ever did or shall exist Shall be reclaim'd, and humbled, and restor'd! But in particular, if I should write Of all the wond'rous dealings of my Lord Made known towards his creatures, time would fail; And if I should attempt to sum them up, They would be found in number like the fands. But one amazing scene above the rest Deserves especially attention here,

And

Long had the Prince of Darkness been condemn'd,
And long had welter'd in the burning lake,
And long endur'd such agonizing pains
As cannot be conceiv'd by human hearts.
I pass those dreadful periods, draw a veil
Over those scenes too horrid to disclose.
The rage and blasphemy, and fell despair,
In which he hath continu'd ages long,
I shall not mention here; but pass to speak
Of his humiliation and return.

When he had pass'd sev'n periods in the fire, 460

(As the proud King of Babylon reduc'd,
Brought down to the condition of a brute)
And long had dwelt in mournful folitude,
For all his subjects long had been redeem'd;
At length his rage and blasphemies subside;
His heart, more hard than nether milstone, seems
At last to melt, and soften; he begins
Now to resect, and wishes to repent.
How alter'd much is his dejected tone!
In melancholy language thus he mourns!

Ah me, how low, how mis'rably depress'd Am I, who once did fit above the stars, And was the chief of my Creator's ways! But pride, self-love, and vanity transform'd The angel to a devil, as I am: 475 Made me an enemy and traitor vile To my Creator good, who plac'd me high, That I might glorify his name the more, And be a brighter image of his Son, Against whom I rebell'd, and wag'd a war, 480 Refusing him to own as sov'reign Lord, According to JEHOVAH's high command, That all the angels should him worship pay. But my pride prompted me, and envy rose Within my breast, against the Heir of Heav'n, From whence I was ejected, and cast down 485 To Tartarus, with all my rebel hosts, Whom I, alas, feduced to rebel. Such was my rage against the Prince of Light,

I left no stone unturn'd, but sought revenge, Though at my peril, still I cared not How much I did offend his majesty, Whom I determin'd never more to own, Nor to submit to ask him to forgive. Thinking and faying, 'Twas impossible 495 That I could ask, or he his grace bestow. I thought I would maintain eternal war Against Heav'n's Sov'reign; and I fought and found The way to ruin and destroy mankind. But though I gain'd fuccess, I soon could see, That God could check, and spoil my bold designs. Though I perpetually made war with Heav'n, And gain'd dominion over all the world, Yet I could find no peace and rest within, But carry'd hell within my troubled breast; 505 And being wholly mis'rable myself, I fought to make all other creatures fo. My highest triumph was to see mankind In bold rebellion rife against the Lord. And oftentimes I triumph'd, though in pain, 510 And was ador'd by nations, peoples, tongues. This harden'd me in pride, and made me more Determin'd still to choose evil for good.

Thus I went on till the Messiah's day,
When he appear'd amongst mankind to dwell,
Him I both tempted, and with might oppos'd,
But always found him still an overmatch.

Aa

Αt

| At last I had the pleasure him to see | |
|--|-------------|
| Suspended on the cross; but ah, how vain | |
| Were all my hopes of overcoming him! | 520 |
| He shook my empire more when he expir'd | - |
| Than ever it was shaken ere that time. | |
| He penetrated to my strongest holds, | |
| And took vast numbers of my slaves away, | |
| And fet them free from all my galling chains. | 525 |
| He rose, and re-ascended up on high, | 0 0 |
| And dragg'd me and my hosts, fast bound in ch | ains, |
| Up to the crystal battlements of Heav'n; | |
| Thus making me an open spectacle | |
| Before the hosts of Heav'n assembled there. | 530 |
| Then turn'd me and my hosts, all fill'd with sha | me, |
| Into the void, from whence we roam'd to earth, | , |
| Where still I plotted mischief, and design'd | |
| The new-form'd kingdom wholly to destroy, | |
| The Church of Christ on earth to overthrow. | 535 |
| But though I so prevail'd in my attempt, | |
| That many millions I destroy'd from earth, | |
| And shed their blood like water on the ground, | |
| I never could my purposes effect, | |
| Wholly to ruin the Redeemer's cause; | 540 |
| But notwithstanding all that I could do, | |
| It still existed, and sometimes prevail'd. | |
| And though that maxim I adopted quite, | |
| Divide and rule, and often boafted loud | |
| Of great fuccess, yet I was mortify'd | 54 5 |
| To see the Christian cause did still survive. | : |
| | Aŧ |

But though no more I hop'd to win the day, 575 Long was my heart as hard as northern steel. Hard as the milstone, like the adamant; And still determin'd never to submit, Or bow the knee to Jesus, or to own Him as my fov'reign L'ord; this I disdain'd': 48o Although I knew that God himself had sworn, That ev'ry knee should bow, and tongue confess That JESUS CHRIST was rightful Lord and King; Yet I determin'd always to stand out, And never yield to fuch difgrace and shame. 585 Thousands of years this pain did I endure, Before I once could think of owning him To be my Lord, whom I had hated thus, And fought to render him implacable. All my companions long ago did yield, 590 And all in deep subjection have ador'd Him whom Jehovah hath anointed King. And I have long remain'd shut up alone. My obstinacy and my pride were great, 594 But he that made me, made his fword approach, And pierce my heart; no longer can I stand In my rebellion; here, behold I fall, And own myself subdu'd by Jesu's pow'r: He is my conquer'r, and I must resign Myself unto his pleasure and his will. 600

Now at the last I make my willing pray'r, And him address, an humble penitent,

Whom

| Whom once I would have tempted me t' ador | e. |
|--|------------|
| Him I adore, and homage to him pay; | |
| Unworthy I to see his blessed face! | 605 |
| Seed of the woman, if a drop remains | • |
| Of love or mercy towards one so vile, | • |
| Have pity now on him whom thou hast bruis' | d! · |
| So poor and wretched I do feel myfelf, | <u>:</u> : |
| I cannot lift mine eyes, nor thee behold | 610 |
| Without the utmost shame and self remorfe. | ·i |
| I see what fatal madness push'd me on | 2 |
| To fuch a height of bold impiety, | •••• |
| As feems impossible to be forgiv'n. | |
| But who can bound the love of God, or say | 615 |
| How far his grace and mercy shall extend? | |
| Whatever he may choose to do with me, | |
| I heartily submit, and bow to him. | |
| If Jesus will accept me for his flave, | |
| To be his lowest waiter is my choice. | 620 |
| I never can be humbled half enough | |
| To make due satisfaction for my pride, | |
| My foul contempt of God and of his Christ, | |
| And all the num'rous evils I have done. | |
| Bitter and deep shall my contrition be, | 625 |
| Whether it shall accepted be or not. | |
| And fuch confession shall my lips pronounce, | |
| If ever I'm admitted to his feet, | |
| As none of the restor'd have ever done: | |
| Because my fins have so exceeded theirs. | 630 |
| And if the Saviour can deliver me, | - |
| A a 3 | Twill |

'Twill be an instance of such mercy shewn, As never bath took place since time began.

Thus now the fallen angel humbled, mourn'd, And shew'd the real figns of penitence. 635 So Babel's tyrant king, of madness cur'd, Deliver'd from his pride and cruelty, Lifted his eyes toward th' Almighty's throne: Th' appointed time of punishment was past, It had accomplish'd all that was design'd; 640 His understanding then return'd to him, He bleffed the Most High, and prais'd his name, And honour'd him who liveth evermore; Whose grand dominion doth extend o'er all, Whose kingdom endless ages shall endure. 645 Before whose fight proud monarchs are but dust, Kings of the earth as grashoppers esteem'd. All earth's inhabitants with him compar'd Reputed are as nothing, and as less, Smaller than dust, lighter than vanity. He doth according to his fov'reign will, In Heav'n's bright army, and among the hosts That dwell upon the globe, all these he rules, - And none can stay his hand, or dare to ask, What does thou? or, Why conduct's thou so? 655

This mighty change in Lucifer, foon reach'd The holy city, and great joy it caus'd Among the bleft inhabitants who dwell In presence of their God, and of the Lamb.

Such a completion of their wishes brought

A large addition to their heav'nly bliss.

Mean while th' eternal Father thus address'd

His darling Son, the image of himself.

Se'st thou, my Son, thine enemy subdu'd! At last behold him humbled, fill'd with shame; 665 He that rebell'd-against thee, now submits, Now falls before thy face, and fain would ask, In humble tone, thy pardon, but he feels His heart quite broken with the deepest sense 670 Of his rebellions, and his evil deeds. This is thy noblest conquest; now behold My greatest promises to thee fulfill'd. This is my covenant, which I confirm'd, That if thy foul was made a facrifice, Thou should'st with highest pleasure see the fruit 675 Of all thy labour, and be fatisfy'd. The gracious purpose of Jehovah God. Shall prosper in thy hand, and thy success Shall more than recompense thy bitter pains. I promis'd thee that ev'ry knee should bow, 6**8**a And ev'ry tongue should swear, and thee confess Their fov'reign Lord, to my eternal praise. I gave thee all things, and did promise thee, That all should be submissive to thy will, That all things under thee I would re-head. 685 And through thy blood all creatures reconcile, Aa4 Whether

Whether earth born, or fprung of high descent. Thrones, principalities, dominions, pow'rs, All have become obedient to thy fway, And now their head himself to thee resigns. 690 Soon thou wilt finish and compleat that work, Which I have giv'n thee nobly to perform. Now shall thy triumph to perfection rise; Thou shalt be hail'd as universal King, 695 All things are put beneath Thee, Me except. Thou hast the sceptre sway'd in righteousness, And all thy foes are now at peace with thee. The proclamation grand shall soon be made, Rebellion is no more! nor ever shall Prevail, nor rife throughout the universe. 700

So spake the Father, while his glory beam'd With heav'nly radiance on his blessed Son; Who shone with equal, undiminish'd rays, And all his Father's love to him return'd.

And thus in sweetest accents to him spake.

Father, the day of triumph and of joy
To all the hofts of Heav'n at last is come,
The day I looked for, which thou ordain'd,
In which thy gracious promise is fulfill'd,
That all should bow to me, and own my pow'r. 710
How infinite thy love has been to me!
How vast the trust thou hast in me repos'd!
All things in Heav'n and earth thou gav'st thy Son,
And

And will'd that nothing he at last should lose. Thy will I have perform'd, and have reclaim'd 715 All that have gone aftray, all that rebell'd Against thy government and holy laws. Ev'n Lucifer at last submits himself. This great event was in thy word reveal'd. 719 That ev'ry knee should bow, and tongue should swear, And all thine enemies be reconcil'd: But so astonishing was this display Of love and mercy, goodness, grace, and peace. That men for ages durst not this believe; And fuch who lov'd thee still were much in doubt, Whether thy goodness could so far extend, As finally to reach, reclaim, restore, All fallen creatures, all the human race, And all the host of rebel angels too. Nay, those who ventur'd to proclaim thy love Thus boundless and benign, were disesteem'd, Infulted, treated with contempt and fcorn. But still the counsel of eternal peace Which was between us both, stood fast and sure, 734 Thy thoughts and ways as far transcended man's, As highest Heav'ns above the earth were plac'd. Now thy decrees fulfill'd have made thee known A God of boundless love, a God of truth. From henceforth thou shalt be by all ador'd: And henceforth no rebellion shall appear 740 In thy dominion to eternity.

Thus

Thus spake the Son, while all the saints rejoic'd,
And all the ransom'd throng their anthems sung.
Loud hallelujahs through the city rose
To God Jehovah, and the holy Lamb,
Who by his blood redeem'd their souls from death,
And laid the basis of a gen'ral peace,
Throughout the boundless empire of the Lord,
A peace which never shall be broken more.

Meantime poor Lucifer remained sad, 750

Far in the distant regions of the north,

Where he deploring lay, for none as yet

Had been dispatch'd to him with news of peace;

But Jesu's pow'r and grace had reach'd his heart,

And like a sov'reign susson made it melt, 755

And in proportion as it had been hard

'Tis soften'd now, and doth like water flow.

He from the lake of fire had been releas'd, Which now was quite diminish'd to a pool, And soon shall be destroy'd, and wholly cease, 760 As being henceforth of no farther use.

But now commission'd from the sacred throne,
Gabriel, surrounded with a chosen band,
Compos'd of holy angels, and of saints,
Went to convey to Lucifer the news,
That he was now permitted to approach
The

The city gates, and there submission make, And homage pay at the Redeemer's feet.

Angels were ev'n aftonished to find The furious lion chang'd, now like a lamb 779 Sitting in meekness, and lamenting fore, With deep contrition, all his horrid crimes Against his Maker, and his creatures done. This change effected by the pow'r of Christ, Proves him the great Restorer of the lost. 775 The deeper one is funk in depths of fin, The greater is the pow'r that must restore. The more forlorn and hopeless is the case, The more the pow'r of Jesus is display'd In the recovery of fuch from death. 780 Why then, fince Satan always was allow'd To be the greatest sinner, and the most Degenerate and harden'd rebel known, Why was it thought that CHRIST must be depriv'd Of fuch an opportunity to shew his pow'r, 785 And all his highest charms of love display? When our Redeemer first came down to earth, During his residence with sinful worms, He made his grace, his pow'r, and mercy known, In many bright and glorious instances. 790 But one above the rest, a striking proof That Jesus could redeem and fave the lost, And that no miracle could be too hard For the display of his almighty pow'r,

Was

Was his deliv'rance of the man posses'd.

And this may be consider'd as a type

Of what the heav'nly hosts this day beheld,

The change apparent in proud Lucifer.

This poor and miserable man, posses'd Of many devils, dwelt among the tombs; 800 No man could bind him with the strongest chains, With chains and fetters he had oft been bound. The chains he pluck'd afunder, fetters broke: No man could tame him, nor could fafely pass Near to the doleful place of his abode. 805 And always night and day he fiercely rov'd Among the mountains, and the doleful tombs, Crying, and mad, cutting himself with stones. But Jesus took a voyage to fave his foul, And foon he drave the evil spirits out, And calm'd this mad demoniac with his words; Cloth'd him, and gave him reason, fill'd his mind With true religion, love, joy, peace, truth, grace. Then willingly he fat at the dear feet Of him who had redeem'd him from fuch woe, Such complicated woe, and made him bleft, Fill'd him with happiness and peace of mind. Thus Lucifer was by the angels found. As far from what he was, as heav'n from earth. And they address'd him in such words as these. 820

O Lucifer, thou once a fon of light, Fell from that blest estate, and long didst war.

| Against thy rightful Sov'reign, and didst dare | |
|--|-----|
| To rouze the great Omnipotent to arms. | 824 |
| Whose pow'rful hand hath now thy pride subdu | • |
| And brought thee to acknowledge him thy Lor | d. |
| He hath attended to thy plaintive cry, | , |
| And now by us doth his permission send, | |
| That thou may'st to the city gates repair, | |
| And make thy full submission to his face. | 830 |
| This message we deliver with such joy | |
| As we have never known nor felt before. | |
| Rise therefore, follow us, we lead the way: | |
| Nor doubt his mercy, which is infinite. | |
| To which the humbled tyrant thus reply'd: | 835 |
| O lead me to the feet of Christ the Lord, | |
| That I may humbly first his pardon ask, | |
| And in the dust his worthy name adore: | |
| Then will I make confession of my faults, | |
| Before the num'rous hosts of heav'n and earth, | 840 |
| And ask forgiveness of the universe, | |
| Of God, of angels, and of all mankind. | |
| For such another rebel never liv'd, | |
| Such a blasphemer, haughty, cruel, proud 1 | |
| And therefore such a penitent I'll be, | 845 |
| As never fell at Jesu's feet before. | |
| For if his grace to me extends itself, | |
| 'Twill be the greatest instance ever known. | |
| And more his pow'r and glory will display | |
| Than any other instance ever did. | 850 |
| | |

Now had the guards their willing pris'ner brought Unto the city gate, where fat the Lord Upon a glorious throne, in all his robes, More splendid than the radiant source of day. Ten hundred thousand million saw this scene, 855 The grandest far that ever was beheld. For universal notice had been giv'n To all intelligences, that this day Should be the most triumphant ever known. No wonder then that all should wish to see 860 The triumph of their Lord and King compleat.

Behold the Monarchs met in such a sort,
As once could not have been at all believ'd
Had it been told us; but we see with joy
The sull and free submission of the Prince,
Once call'd fair Lucifer, the son of light,
Then Satan, prince of darkness, so to man;
But now subdu'd and humbled, see him fall
Before the seet of Jesus, and consess
Him to be Lord of All, as 'twas foretold,
By blest Isaiah, and beloved Paul.
Hear his unseign'd consession. Thus he spoke:

Infinite is thy goodness, mighty Lord,
Or thou would'st never suffer me to speak
Before thy presence, after what I've done
Against thy glorious crown and dignity;
And all the num'rous mischiefs I have wrought
Against

And fain would be the greatest penitent.

And if thou canst forgive my num'rous crimes,

905

ľm

I'm fure I never can forgive myself. It shall be my employment still to weep; And humbly ask forgiveness of my God, Of thee, my Lord, of all the heav'nly hofts, 910 Of all that I feduc'd, and led aftray, And of the human race whom I deceiv'd. And can all these forgive me? Can they look With eyes of love, or pity upon me? Can they forget my vile and barb'rous deeds? 915 The foul disorders which I introduc'd Into the universe, though now remov'd, Yet can they ever be forgotten quite? Can men forgive me? Can the angels join In such an act of kindness towards me? 920 But O, above them all canst thou forgive? O canst thou own me for a subject true, Who have so vile and so rebellious been? And can thy Father ever me behold With looks of pity and benevolence? 925 But as I am I now myself resign, To thee I bow that knee so stubborn once. Thee now I own my Conquer'r and my Lord.

Then was the golden sceptre reached forth,
And Lucifer, just rising from the dust,
930
Drew near with shame and blushing, bath'd in tears,
And meekly touch'd the same, and then obtain'd
Permission to receive the sacred oath
Of fealty eternal, which he swore

To God and to his Christ allegiance, due 935
From ev'ry creature through the universe.
His taking of the same hath put an end
To all rebellion, sin, and misery,
No sooner this was done, but boundless joy
Burst forth from all the num'rous hosts of saints;
Angels and men all join'd to hail that day, 941
And gave such glory to the sacred Lamb
As cannot be express'd, and shouted praise,
In such a joyful manner as before
Was never known, nor ever could have place 945
While yet one rebel soe was unsubdu'd.

Now was the period come for which they look'd, The Saviour's triumph was at last compleat, And thus his holy name did they adore: Thou, Lord, hast gain'd the day, the vict'ry's thine, Thy hand and holy arm have wonders wrought, 951 Thy foes have all submitted at thy feet, Thy glorious purpofes are now fulfill'd; The work which thou didst undertake to do Thou hast perform'd, and that without a fault; 955 In nothing hast thou fail'd through want of pow'r, Or want of wisdom, or of boundless love. All is compleat, all things are now brought back That ever went aftray, all reconcil'd To God the Father, and to thee, O Lord, 969 And to each other; wrath is now no more; No more fin, forrow, pain or death are found, Grace hath abounded far above the fall,

The ruin'd are restor'd; the lost are found; The wander'd are reclaim'd; the scatter'd parts 965 Are all reheaded under thee again. The whole creation is deliver'd now From all corruption's bondage, fin and death: And now enjoys the glorious liberty Which was the portion of the fons of God. 970 No more shall evil any more be known, 'Tis now for ever cur'd, and done away. The glory is to thee for ever due, And to the Father who appointed thee To this important work, long deem'd by men 975 Impossible to be performed thus. But now 'tis done, behold 'tis finished! Darkness is past, the day for ever shines. Glory and honour, bleffing, praife, and pow'r, Might, majesty and strength to thee are due; 980 Which with the highest joy we give our Lord. Behold we cast our crowns before thy feet, And hail thee universal Lord of all.

Such was the triumph of that wond'rous day!

Such the important scene that I've describ'd; 985

The grandest far that angels ever saw,

That ever eyes beheld, or thought conceiv'd,

Or tongues or pens attempted to reveal.

But here my soul o'erslows, my heart is full,

Then let expressive silence muse a while.

END OF THE ELEVENTH BOOK.

BOOK XII.

THE CONCLUSION OF THE MEDIATORIAL KINGDOM.

When all things are subdu'd, redeem'd, restor'd,
And sin and sorrow, pain and death no more
Hold their abhorr'd dominion over men.
The second death is totally destroy'd,
The lake of fire has ceas'd, no more shall burn;
The whole creation is compleatly free
From all corruption's bondage, sin, and death;
And in the freedom of the sons of God
Forevermore shall stand in glory bright,

One grand important act doth still remain To be describ'd before I close the scene, The brightest far that ever grac'd the page Of sacred history, or prophecy.

What tongue can speak, or mortal pen can paint
Th'amazing splendor of this glorious day, 16
When Nature, all renew'd, in glory shines,
Presenting a fair picture to the view

Q£

Of God Almighty, pleased to behold The new creation finish'd and compleat? 20 All things without exception are fubdu'd, And willingly are subject to the Son; Rebellion he compleatly hath destroy'd, And brought again to God whate'er was lost; And fully hath perform'd the facred will 25 Of his almighty Father, infinite. For fuch his pleasure was, that what he gave To his dear Son, should so presented be Before his face, that nothing should be lost. This Jesus undertook, and hath fulfill'd: 30 And now is ready to present himself To his great Father, and with joy resign The kingdom to his hands who gave him pow'r Over the whole creation, put all things Beneath his feet, and made him head o'er all. 35

Hark! hear the trumpet found! all heav'n attends,
To fee the Mediator now refign
That kingdom up, which he hath rul'd fo long,
Wherein he hath fuch mighty wonders wrought.
But now no more is needed, all agree
40
To rendér praise and homage to their God.
And never more shall in rebellion rise
Against his just and righteous government.

O with what grandeur, glory, majesty,

Doth Christ the Lord approach the Father's throne,

And

And lay the royal sceptre at his feet,

And yield the peaceable dominion up,

With highest honour to the Father's hands!

First, he presents his glorious Church, his bride, Redeem'd from every nation, kindred, tongue; His called, chosen, faithful, ransom'd flock! The first fruits unto God and to himself: Who reign'd with him as chosen priests and kings. And fang a fong that no one else could learn. These are his joy, his glory, and his crown, 55 These honour'd him in life, his word obey'd, And patiently unto the end endur'd: And were conform'd unto their living head; And to the greatest height of virtue rose, And did the highest dignities obtain. 60 These were not of their glorious Lord asham'd, But own'd his name and words before mankind: And he has never been asham'd of them: But gave them sceptres, crowns, a kingdom, thrones. These are the sealed and peculiar race, 65 Who like the fun shall in God's kingdom shine.

Next follow'd the amazing multitude,
Compos'd of all the nations of the earth,
And all that ever were of women born,
Now fav'd from all their fins and miseries,
Submissive they approach, and lowly bow
Before the throne of God, with humble knees.

Bb3

Behind

Behind them thrones and principalities,
And all that once rebellious spirits were,
But now subdu'd, fall prostrate to the ground.
In token of unseign'd humility.

Now the eternal Father cast a look
Of highest love on his beloved Son,
And on his num'rous subjects, all redeem'd
From sin, rebellion, guilt, despair, and death,
While Christ the Son his Father thus address'd:

My Father and my God, behold thy Son, And all the num'rous throng by him redeem'd! I have at length all enemies fubdu'd, And brought each rebel willingly to bow. 85 And ev'ry tongue allegiance true to fwear, And freely to my sceptre to submit. Long and severe hath the contention been Between my foes and me, and long it feem'd A doubtful point to many of my friends, 90 Whether or not I should at last prevail, To change their hatred dire to ardent love. Yea, once my faithful servants were esteem'd The worst of men, for daring to believe That I should ever thus my foes subdue, 95 And reconcile them all to thee again. But I have now succeeded, and have done All which thou didst appoint me to perform.

Thou

IIO

Thou didst at first create thy handy works

To glorify thy name, and thee enjoy;

To bless and make them happy in thyself.

And when from thee they stray'd, thou didst appoint

Me, thine own Son, thy creatures to reclaim;

This I have done, and lo, I here present

Thy humble willing subjects at thy seet.

My Father, now the joyful time is come, When thy own Son, the image of thyself, Having accomplish'd all thy vast designs, Approaches to thy throne, now to resign His kingdom and his subjects all to thee.

Thou didst deliver all things to his hands,
Gave him all pow'r and might, in heav'n and earth,
Put all things in subjection under him,
Gave him dominion over all thy works,
That he might give eternal life to all
Without exception, since to him were giv'n
All things by Thee, for purposes benign.
Of all thou gavest, I have nothing lost,
But all as thou didst will, I have restor'd.

Behold, I now present them reconciled 120 To me, and to each other, and thyself.

See through this mighty throng, there's not a knee But bows in willing homage to thy name.

There's not a tongue but shouts with joy thy praise,

B b 4 Nor

Nor heart but overflows with love to thee; 125 All are thy willing subjects, now redaim'd From all their evil ways, henceforth confirm'd In purest paths of virtue and of truth. Look through the wide-extended universe, (For all thy works thou fe'st with utmost ease) 130 Not one rebellious creature does remain: Where fin once reign'd, and evil did abound, Grace reigns, and goodness doth abound much more. Confusion and disorder are destroy'd, And every ill is banish'd from the world; 135 The whole creation now prefents to view One scene of order, harmony, and peace. All creatures are deliver'd, wholly freed From fell corruption's bondage, fin, and death, And in the glorious freedom of thy fons 140 They stand, rejoicing with unknown delight. All things in heav'n and earth re-headed are, All gather'd into one, and reconcil'd Unto thy just and equal government: And to thy glorious image are conform'd; 145 And henceforth never more shall go astray. Sin, forrow, crying, mifery, and death, Shall in thine empire never more be known. The kingdom's thine, and thou art all in all. No longer do thy happy subjects need 150 A Mediator, all are reconcil'd, Wrath is no more, and there is no more curse. Thy creatures all are wholly freed from fin, And And able now to fee thy face with joy.

I have beheld the travail of my foul

With highest joy, and now am fatisfy'd.

Thy promises to me thou hast fulfill'd,

Thou who didst promise hast as well perform'd.

I have fulfill'd the covenant with Thee, And all my words of grace which I declar'd 160 To all my fervants, who in me did trust. Mankind, without exception, I've redeem'd, All rebels I have conquer'd, and restor'd. And all thy works shall praise Thee evermore. Thy glory endless ages shall remain; 165 Thou shalt rejoice in all thy handy works. This is the scene which makes my joy compleat, For which the painful cross I did endure. To this most bright, this grand triumphant day, My views were all directed through the scene. 179 All things I saw subdu'd beneath my feet. The darkness and obscurity of fin, I saw should be succeeded by a day, That should arise upon the universe, And never close, but ever brighter grow. 175 'Tis come, 'tis come, the day I looked for, Past is the night, eternal day is ris'n, On all creation now for ever shines. Shout, oh ye heav'ns, with joy behold the work Is now compleated, which the Father will'd. 180 Father, this was thy purpose, glorious, wise.

Thou

Thou didst intrust me with the wond'rous plan,
Which I have executed to the full;
Henceforth the kingdom I to thee resign.
Be Thou thyself the King and Lord of all.

In all my process I have always been
A pattern and example to my flock,
Of which I am the Shepherd and the Head.
Now I will shew before the num'rous hosts
Of Heav'n and earth assembled, such an act
As never shall by them forgotten be,
And which shall thy authority confirm,
Thy right o'er all, beyond the pow'r of words.

Behold, I lay my sceptre and my crown,
And all the ensigns of my royalty

195
Before thy seet, and solemnly profess
In presence of thy creatures, who to me
Have bow'd their knees, and own'd my sov'reign sway;

That great and mighty as I am, I bow
Before thy throne, as subject unto Thee:

200
The head of principalities and pow'rs
I am, and rule o'er all just as I please,
And all have freely bow'd, and own'd my rule.
Yet now I voluntarily resign
My kingdom, pow'r, rule, and authority,
To thee, who didst deliver ev'ry thing,
Without exception, to my hands and pow'r,

And

Book XII.]

THE CONCLUSION.

379

And made me head and ruler over all, That I might all subdue, redeem, restore.

This I have done, and now refign to Thee 210 The num'rous hosts that bow at my command. I and my subjects bow before thy throne. The great important work is finish'd now, Which from the ancient days Thou didst design, And which I undertook to do, behold, 215 'Tis done, all, all, is finish'd and compleat: With me behold thy willing fubjects bow, And own ourselves obedient to thy sway. No more rebellion ever shall exist Throughout thy wide domain, nor evil more. 220 But boundless love, and everlasting joy. Praise to thy name, obedience to thy laws, Shall constitute the happiness of all. The kingdom of eternal love is come. Pure, universal love on all o'erflows. 225 God, who is love, is henceforth ALL IN ALL; The life of all, their endless happiness: Their portion and their fure inheritance. Thus ends at last my mediatorial reign. Father, the kingdom, pow'r, and glory's thine, 230 From this time henceforth, evermore, Amen.

The Father heard, and answer'd, Worthy Son,
Thou bright and glorious image of myself,
Well hast thou all the mighty work perform'd,
Which

Which I committed to thy faithful hands. 235 Thou fully hast my approbation gain'd. Thou hast subdu'd thy foes, and reconcil'd All things to me, whether in earth or heav'n; With highest pleasure I behold my works Redeem'd from fin, and mifery, and death, 240 For ever from corruption's bondage freed: Now all the morning stars together sing, 'And all the fons of God do shout for joy. My works all praise me, ev'ry thing that breathes Sounds and resounds the glories of my name. 245 There's no discordant note, nor jarring string, Sounds in my ears throughout the universe; All is the voice of softest harmony, Such music as delights the heart of God. This order Thou hast from confusion brought, By such a scene of suff'rings, pain, and death, And fuch a process, and fuch labours too, As have to angels been aftonishing.

The wonders which thy mighty arm atchiev'd
Have made thy name through all creation known,
And ev'ry rank of beings pay to Thee

256
Homage and adoration, and thy name
Is in the highest estimation ev'ry where.
This I did promise thee as thy reward,
And this by ev'ry creature has been giv'n.

260
All have thy name ador'd, and bow'd the knee,

And own'd Thee Lord, to my eternal praise.

And now Thou dost the pow'r and kingdom give
Up to my hands; behold, I give command
To all my subjects, still to honour Thee,
265
Not as the Mediator, but my Son.
My Son thou wast in whom I did rejoice,
Long ere thou Mediator didst become;
And though no more thou Mediator art,
Yet Thou shalt still remain my darling Son,
The part'ner of my throne, my soul's delight.

Let heav'n and earth, let men and angels know, That whoso loves and honours thee, my Son, Loves and regards Me, and doth please Me well. And fince rebellion is for ever flain, 275 Throughout our empire, and shall rise no more, But peace, and love, and joy, shall always last, And glory shall to God be ever giv'n By ev'ry tongue, and harmony prevail Among all ranks of creatures, happiness 280 Shall be their portion, never more to end, While God and his own glory shall endure. Now will I bless the labours of my hands, And once for all pronounce my creatures good. I fee my num'rous works that flood, confirm'd 285 In their own native innocence; and those Who though they fell, foon by repentance gain'd The pardon of their God, who promis'd them Remission of their crimes, who did repent;

Behold

Behold the stubbornest have been subdu'd,
And now are all restor'd; I bless them all;
O'er all my vast creation I rejoice.
My works are perfect now, and very good,
And shall continue so while I exist.
A blessing to themselves, a joy to Me.

290

Thus spake the Great Creator, and his voice, More sweet than all the music of the heav'ns, Was heard with rapture through the num'rous throng Of men and angels, who the scene beheld, This scene the most important, glorious, grand! 300 Such as before had never taken place, Nor ought that could therewith compared be.

Now all intelligences join'd at once
In such a chorus, such a song of praise,
As never had been heard in heav'n before:
For such occasion never had been giv'n,
Nor had all creatures ever been prepar'd
In such united harmony to sing.
For evil was no more, nor pain remain'd,
Nor was there missing from the happy crowd,
One single soul that ever God had made;
And ev'ry voice was tun'd to harmony;
And thus express'd their joy, and highest praise:

Glory and honour, praise, might, majesty,
Be giv'n to God, and to the worthy Lamb!

315

Now

| The full completion of the prophecies, The facred promifes of grace and truth. Never shall any falling off be known; All creatures henceforth to their God shall cleave, As dust of steel adheres to adamant. Jehovah, thou shalt rule forevermore, And in thy government we will rejoice: Our joy is now unbounded, and our praise Shall ever flow in most delightful strains. So much our happiness increases now, As makes our pleasures unto us appear As only just beginning to begin. Our wills are subdu'd to that one will Of good to all; and never can we know |
|---|
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| · |
| Of GOOD TO ALL: and never can we know 220 |
| 51 5552 15 1111 joint to 1111 in 115 |
| Ambition, envy, pride, self-will, or wrath. |
| All evil is for ever blotted out |
| Of thy fair book, the glorious universe; |
| And fin and death no longer have a name |
| Among the creatures of thy pow'r; but life, 335 |
| And purest love, and peace and joy shall reign |
| Through all thy works to all eternity. |
| The wisdom, might, and goodness of our God, |
| Are now become the fource of happiness |
| In all thy creatures; and we all o'erflow 340 |
| In boundless love and kindness towards all. |
| Each feels the happiness of ev'ry one, |
| And each communicates to each his own. |
| The universe begins to found aloud, |

Mutual

Mutual congratulation's heav'nly fong.

All voices now break forth in lofty praise!

Eternal songs of praise to thee are due.

Glory transcending glory to thy name!

Loud hallelujahs to the Lord our God,

And to the Lamb, thy Son, with Thee enthron'd,

In glory and in highest dignity.

Jehovah, thou art worthy to receive

Glory and honour, pow'r, and endless praise;

For thou created all things, and they were

For thine own pleasure made, and form'd by Thee,

To glorify thy name, and thee enjoy.

345

Bleffing and honour, glory, pow'r to him That fitteth on the throne, our Sov'reign King, And to the Lamb, forevermore, Amen.

Thus here I close the scene, and put an end 360 To this my labour, which, with humble thanks, To Jesus Christ, my Lord, I dedicate.

And praise his name, who hath enabled me To finish this, so long ago begun.

Which shall remain, I trust, till he appears, 365 As a memorial of my love to him,

And of the glorious things which he reveal'd To me, a seeble, weak, and helpless worm,



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